# STATE OF COLORADO Department of State

1700 Broadway Suite 200 Denver, CO 80290



# Wayne W. Williams Secretary of State

Suzanne Staiert Deputy Secretary of State

# Help Shape Colorado's Campaign and Political Finance Rules

Topic: Rules Concerning Campaign and Political Finance March 25, 2015

#### What is this about?

Secretary Williams is considering recodification of Colorado's Rules Concerning Campaign and Political Finance (8 CCR 1505-6). The amendments are intended to achieve the uniform and proper administration and enforcement of Colorado campaign and political finance laws. We invite you to share your thoughts and recommendations as we develop a preliminary draft of the proposed rules.

Please review the attached working draft. The following highlights the primary goals of the proposed rulemaking:

- Ensure proper administration of legislation recently passed by the Colorado General Assembly;
- Establish uniformity in the administration of current law;
- Eliminate obsolete provisions;
- Remove rules stricken by the courts;
- Remove references to repealed statutory provisions;
- Simplify the language of existing rules; and
- Remove language that is duplicative of statute or constitutional provisions.

## Why does the Secretary need my help?

The Secretary values your feedback and we would very much like to hear your thoughts. We need your help to identify necessary revisions or additional guidance in order to propose a constructive and comprehensive draft rule for consideration during the rulemaking proceedings. Overall, we invite your opinions and recommendations to help shape Colorado's Campaign and Political Finance Rules.

### How do I submit my comments and what is the deadline?

You may email your comments to <u>SOS.Rulemaking@sos.state.co.us</u>. To ensure consideration of your comments before we issue the proposed draft, please submit your comments by 5:00 p.m. on April 8, 2015.

 Main Number
 (303) 894-2200
 TDD
 (303) 869-4867

 Administration
 (303) 860-6900
 Web Site
 www.sos.state.co.us

 Fax
 (303) 869-4860
 E-mail
 administration@sos.state.co.us

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Article XXVIII of the Colorado Constitution and Article 45, Title 1 of the Colorado Revised Statutes.

## Will my comments become part of the official record for the anticipated rulemaking?

Yes, we will incorporate your comments into the official record when we commence with formal rulemaking. Our office will identify your comments as information received in anticipation of rulemaking to support the development of the proposed draft rule. Please note that you will have an additional opportunity to provide testimony and/or written comments regarding the proposed rule during the rulemaking proceeding.

To promote transparency and to help generate discussion, our office will post a copy of your comments on the Secretary of State's website. We appreciate privacy concerns and will redact personal contact information that may appear in your comments prior to posting (including your home address, personal email address, and telephone number). To view the comments that we receive, please visit: <a href="https://www.sos.state.co.us/pubs/rule\_making/CPFRuleComments.html">www.sos.state.co.us/pubs/rule\_making/CPFRuleComments.html</a>.

# **Working Draft of Proposed Rules**

# Office of the Colorado Secretary of State Rules Concerning Campaign and Political Finance 8 CCR 1505-6

### March 25, 2015

#### Disclaimer:

The following is a working draft concerning the recodification of the Rules Concerning Campaign and Political Finance. The Secretary values your input and is seeking feedback about the proposed revisions before a formal notice of rulemaking.

Please send your feedback by April 8, 2015. Please reference the specific page and line number in your comments. We will consider all comments submitted by this date for inclusion in the official rulemaking draft.

Please note the following formatting key:

Font effect	Meaning
Sentence case	Retained/modified current rule language
SMALL CAPS	New language
Strikethrough	Deletions
Italic blue font text	Annotations

#### 1 8 CCR 1505-6 is recodified as follows:

#### 2 Rule 1. Definitions

- 3 1.1 BALLOT MEASURE MEANS BALLOT ISSUE OR BALLOT QUESTION.
- 4 1.1-1.2 "Business Activities". For the FOR purposes of COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII:
- 5 1.1.1 1.2.1 "Business activities" means any provision of PROVIDING goods or services that results RESULT in income or any other revenue-generating activity not expressly for political purposes.
- 8 1.1.2-1.2.2 "Cannot engage in business activities," means that the articles of incorporation and bylaws, either expressly or implicitly, prohibit the corporation from engaging in any business activities.
- 11 [McConnell v. Federal Elections Commission, 540 U.S. 93 (2003)]
- 12 1.3 "Committee". Unless otherwise specified, the term "committee" as used GENERALLY in these rules includes candidate committees, political committees, small donor committees, issue committees, independent expenditure committees, political parties, Federal PACs, and political organizations CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, POLITICAL COMMITTEE, SMALL DONOR

1 2		IITTEE, ISSUE COMMITTEE, INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE, POLITICAL AND POLITICAL ORGANIZATION.
3 4		ribution" has the same meaning as set forth in Colo. Const. article XXVIII, on $2(5)(E)$ , and section 1-45-103(6), C.R.S. A contribution
5 6	1.3.1	"Contribution" does not include an endorsement of a candidate or an issue by any person-, OR
7 8 9 10	1.3.2	"Contribution does not include interest earned in an interest-bearing bank account, dividend income from invested committee funds, earned income from commercially reasonable transactions, or transfers of money within a political party.
11 12	1.3.3	The exception stated in Article XXVIII, Section 2(5)(b) that "Contribution' does not include services
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	1.4.1	SERVICES provided without compensation by individuals volunteering their time." AS OUTLINED IN COLO. CONST. ARTICLE XXVIII, SECTION 2(5)(B), includes time-based services volunteered by an individual as a member of any firm, association, or other business entity, including a corporation, if the individual receives no direct or indirect compensation for the time volunteered. Any unpaid services that create a thing of value are exempted. If volunteer services yield a thing of value, "contribution" only includes the reasonable value of the materials involved, unless the value is de minimis.
21 22 23 24 25	1.3.4	1.4.2 "Contribution in support of the candidacy" AS OUTLINED IN COLO. CONST. ARTICLE XXVIII, SECTION 2(2), includes all contributions given directly to, or coordinated with, a candidate for a specific public office, including those to a person who maintains a candidate committee after an election cycle. [Article XXVIII, Section 2(2)]
26	[Current Rule	e 1.4 is amended and recodified as New Rule 21]
27 28		poration", as used in Article XXVIII, has the same meaning as in section 1-45-), C.R.S.
29 30		gnated filing agent", for purposes of these rules, means any NATURAL person nted by a committee who is responsible for timely filing campaign finance reports.
31 32 33	108(1	ENDITURES MADE, AND OBLIGATIONS ENTERED INTO" AS USED IN SECTION 1-45-)(A)(I), C.R.S., MEANS ALL COMMITTEE-RELATED DISBURSEMENTS, INCLUDING ANY EMENT OR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF A LIABILITY TO PAY A CERTAIN AMOUNT.
34 35 36 37	electio equiv	tioneering communication" is any communication that (1) meets the definition of oneering communication in Article XXVIII, Section 2(7), and (2) is the functional alent of express advocacy. When determining whether a communication is the onal equivalent of express advocacy:

1		1.7.1 A communication is the functional equivalent of express advocacy only if it is
2		subject to no reasonable interpretation other than an appeal to vote for or against a
3		specific candidate.
4		1.7.2 In determining whether a communication is the functional equivalent of express
5		advocacy, it shall be judged by its plain language, not by an "intent and effect"
6		test, or other contextual factors.
7		1.7.3 A communication is not the functional equivalent of express advocacy if it:
0		(a) Door not mention any election condidery political nexty appearing
8 9		(a) Does not mention any election, candidacy, political party, opposing candidate, or voting by the general public,
10		(b) Does not take a position on any candidate's or officeholder's character,
11		qualifications, or fitness for office, and
12		(c) Merely urges a candidate to take a position with respect to an issue or
13		urges the public to adopt a position and contact a candidate with respect to
14		an issue.
14		til issue.
15		[Federal Election Commission v. Wisconsin Right to Life, 551 U.S. 449 (2007)]
16	1.8	"Foreign corporation", as used in Article XXVIII, Section 3(12)(c), means a corporation
17		organized under the laws of another country. The term does not apply to a corporation
18		organized under the laws of another state. "Foreign Corporation," as used in Article 45 of
19		Title 1, C.R.S., has the same meaning as set forth in section 1-45-103(10.5), C.R.S.
20	1.9	"Frequent" and "Infrequent" filing schedules.
21		1.9.1 Unless otherwise specified, the term "frequent" filing schedule
22	1.7	"Frequent filing schedule" as used in these rules means:
23		(a) 1.7.1 For state candidates and committees, the filing schedule outlined in
24		section SECTIONS 1-45-108 (2)(a)(I)(B), (2)(a)(I)(C), (2)(a)(I)(D), and (2)(a)(I)(E),
2 <del>4</del> 25		
25		C.R.S.; and
26		(b) 1.7.2 For A county, and municipal, AND SPECIAL DISTRICT candidates and
27		committees CANDIDATE OR COMMITTEE, the filing schedule outlined in section 1-
28		45-108 (2)(a)(II), C.R.S.
29		1.9.2 Unless otherwise specified, the term "infrequent
30	1.8	"INFREQUENT filing schedule" as used in these rules means:
31		(a) 1.8.1 For A state candidates and committees CANDIDATE OR COMMITTEE, the
32		quarterly filing schedule outlined in section 1-45-108(2)(a)(I)(A), C.R.S.; and

<del>(b)</del>-1.8.2 For A county, and municipal, candidates and committees OR SPECIAL 1 2 DISTRICT CANDIDATE OR COMMITTEE, the annual filing schedule outlined in section 1-45-108(2)(a)(II), C.R.S. 3 4 "Influencing or attempting to influence", for purposes of political organizations as defined in section 1-45-103(14.5), C.R.S., means making expenditures for 5 communications that expressly advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified 6 candidate or candidates. [Buckley v. Valeo, 424 U.S. 1 (1976)] 7 8 1.11 "Infrequent filing schedule". See Rule 1.9. 9 <del>1.12</del> 1.9 "Issue committee" MEANS A PERSON OR A GROUP OF PEOPLE THAT MEETS BOTH OF THE CONDITIONS IN COLO. CONST. ARTICLE XXVIII, SECTION 2(10)(A)(I) AND 10 2(10)(A)(II). An "ISSUE COMMITTEE" DOES NOT INCLUDE A MARRIED COUPLE. 11 1.12.1 "Issue committee" does not include a married couple. 12 1.12.2 A person or group of persons is an issue committee only if it meets both of the 13 conditions in Article XXVIII, Section 2(10)(a)(I) and 2(10)(a)(II). 14 1.12.3 For purposes of determining whether an issue committee has "a major purpose" 15 under Article XXVIII, Section 2(10)(a)(I) and section 1-45-103(12)(b)(II)(A), 16 C.R.S., a demonstrated pattern of conduct is established by: 17 (a) Annual expenditures in support of or opposition to ballot issues or ballot 18 questions that exceed 30% of the organization's total spending during the 19 same period; or 20 Production or funding of written or broadcast communications in support 21 of or opposition to a ballot issue or ballot question, where the production 22 or funding comprises more than 30% of the organization's total spending 23 during a calendar year. 24 25 1.10 "LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY" OR "LLC" INCLUDES A GENERAL PARTNERSHIP, LIMITED 26 COMPANY, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, DOMESTIC LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 27 ASSOCIATION, FOREIGN GENERAL PARTNERSHIP, FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP, FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, FOREIGN LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, FOREIGN LIMITED 28 LIABILITY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, AND FOREIGN LIMITED PARTNERSHIP ASSOCIATION. 29 30 <del>1.13</del> 1.11 "Member", as used in Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Sections 2(5)(b), 2(8)(b)(IV), and 2(14)(a) only, means a person who pays membership dues. 31 "Non-public information" means confidential material in any form that is not 32 <del>1.14</del>1.12 available to the general public, including a non-public campaign plan, communications 33 plan, campaign budget, specification of unmet and potentially unmet campaign needs, 34 proposed or actual media buy, list or description of households or voters who will receive 35 or have received materials under a mailing or other distribution program, polling or focus 36 group results, or other proprietary material. 1.14.1 "Non-public information," however,

1 2		not include communications dealing solely with candidate positions on legislative or issues.
3 4	1.15-1.13 Section	"Person", 1.15.1 For FOR the purpose of COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, on 7, "person" means any natural person.
5	1.15.2	2 1.12.2 A "natural person" is a human being.
6	<del>1.16-</del> 1.14	"Per day" means "per calendar day" unless otherwise indicated.
7	<del>1.17</del> -1.15	"Per year" means "per calendar year" unless otherwise indicated.
8 9 10		"Political committee". HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN COLO. CONST. CLE XXVIII, SECTION 2(12), AND 1.18.1 "Political committee" does not include a ed couple.
11 12 13	1.18.2	2 "Political committee" includes only a person or group of persons that support or oppose the nomination or election of one or more candidates as its major purpose. For purposes of this Rule, major purpose means:
14 15 16		(a) The organization specifically identifies supporting or opposing the nomination of one or more candidates for state or local public office as a primary objective in its organizing documents; or
17 18 19		(b) Annual expenditures made to support or oppose the nomination or election of one or more candidates for state or local public office are a majority of the organization's total spending during the same period.
20 21		[Alliance for Colorado's Families v. Gilbert, 172 P.3d 964, 970 (Colo. App. 2007)]
22 23 24 25	office	"Public office" means any office voted for in this state at any election. "Public" does not include the office of president or vice president of the United States, the of senator or representative in the Congress of the United States, or any office in a political party.
26 27	1.20-1.18 judici	"Publicly announced an intention to seek election to public office or retention of a al office" means:
28	1.18.1	REGISTERING A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE; OR
29 30	1.20.1	-1.18.2 A person has made a statement signifying an interest in, OR EXPLORING THE POSSIBILITY OF SEEKING the office;
31 32 33	1.20.2	2-1.18.3 The statement is made by means of a speech, advertisement, or other communication reported or appearing in public media or in any place accessible to the public; AND

1		1.20.3	-1.18.4 A reasonable person would expect the statement to become public. <del>; and</del>
2 3		1.20.4	The statement includes a stated intention to explore the possibility of seeking an office.
4 5			egistration of a candidate committee also constitutes a public announcement of an on to seek election or retention.
6		[Colc	o. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 2(2)]
7 8 9 10	<del>1.21</del> -1	<del>agent</del> design	"Registered agent" For the purposes of Article 45 of Title 1, C.R.S., a registered or a committee treasurer, is an individual A NATURAL PERSON or candidate ated to receive mailings and to address concerns and questions regarding the A ittee. [Sections 1-45-108(3)(b) and 1-45-109(4)(b), C.R.S.]
11 12 13	1.22	<del>"signa</del>	nture". For purposes of any report filed electronically with the Secretary of State, ture" means the designated representative has electronically submitted the report the the online filing system.
14 15	1.20		IDALONE CANDIDATE" MEANS A CANDIDATE WITHOUT A COMMITTEE WHO DOES NOT CONTRIBUTIONS.
16		[New.	Rule 1.20 includes language from current Rule 2.1.1.]
17	[Rules	s 1.23 ai	nd 1.24 are amended and recodified as New Rule 10.1]
18	Rule	2. Cano	didates and Candidate Committees
19	2.1	Candi	dates without committees STANDALONE CANDIDATES
20 21 22		2.1.1	A STANDALONE candidate who does not accept contributions but who expends money for campaign purposes shall not be required to form NEED NOT REGISTER a candidate committee.
23 24 25		2.1.2	A STANDALONE candidate—without a committee shall MUST file disclosure reports for all reporting periods during IN which expenditures are made HE OR SHE MAKES EXPENDITURES. [Sections 1-45-108 and 1-45-109, C.R.S.]
26	2.2	Candi	date committees
27 28 29 30 31		2.2.1	A candidate may serve as the candidate committee's registered agent or appoint another NATURAL person to be the registered agent. The candidate and the registered agent shall sign the candidate committee registration form. Only the registered agent, the designated filing agent, or the candidate may sign FILE the contribution and expenditure report. [Section 1-45-108(3)(b), C.R.S.]

- 2.2.2 Once ASSIGNED a candidate has been assigned a frequent filing schedule, the candidate shall—COMMITTEE MUST follow the frequent filing schedule for the remainder of the year.
- 2.2.3 If a primary election is cancelled in accordance with UNDER section 1-4-104.5(1), C.R.S., a A candidate committee may accept the contribution limit specified in COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 3(1) for the primary election EVEN IF THE PRIMARY ELECTION IS CANCELED UNDER SECTION 1-4-104.5(1), C.R.S. as long as the candidate was eligible to be on the primary election ballot. In accordance with section 1-45-103.7(3), C.R.S., these contributions may be accepted at any time before or after the primary election was cancelled.
- 2.2.4 Managing unexpended campaign contributions
  - (a) The A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE MUST REPORT ITS unexpended balance shall be reported as the ending balance throughout the election cycle. Unexpended balances— A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE MUST REPORT ITS UNEXPENDED BALANCE from the final report filed 30 days after the applicable MAJOR election shall be reported as the beginning balance in the next election cycle.
  - (b) Candidates seeking re-election to the same office
    - (1) Campaign contributions may be retained by the candidate committee for A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE MAY RETAIN CONTRIBUTIONS TO use in a subsequent election cycle for the same public office, in an amount not to exceed the limit in Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 3(3) (as adjusted by Rule 10.14 10.16).
    - (2) A candidate committee shall MAY not list unexpended campaign contributions retained for use in a subsequent election cycle expressly on disclosure reports as "contributions from a political party" or as contributions from any specific political party. [Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 3(3)(e)]
    - (3) The IF A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE RETAINS CONTRIBUTIONS TO USE IN A SUBSEQUENT ELECTION CYCLE FOR THE SAME OFFICE, THE amount retained by a candidate for use in a subsequent election for the same office counts toward the limit on contributions from a political party. If the amount retained plus any political party contributions to the candidate committee during the subsequent election cycle exceeds the limit on political party contributions, any amount A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE MUST RETURN CONTRIBUTIONS IT RECEIVES in excess of the POLITICAL PARTY limit accepted by the candidate committee shall constitute a violation of Article XXVIII, Section 3(3)(d), unless returned to the contributor within 30 days.

1 2

1		(c)	Candi	dates se	eeking election to a <del>new</del> DIFFERENT office
2 3 4 5			(1)	by the	raign contributions to a A candidate committee may be erred TRANSFER FUNDS to a candidate committee established e same candidate for a different public office, subject to the tions set forth in Article XXVIII, Section 3(3)(e) for political
6					contributions CONTRIBUTION LIMIT, only if the new office to
7					ught has contribution limits that are equal to or greater than
8 9					arrent office, or the new office sought has no contribution [COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 3]
10			(2)		candidate committee transfers money TRANSFERRING FUNDS
11					new candidate committee for a new DIFFERENT office, the
12					ng candidate committee shall be affirmatively closed by the
13					date MUST TERMINATE within ten days of registering the new
14				candio	date committee.
15		(d)	Candio	<del>dates n</del> e	ot NOT seeking re-election or election to a new office
16			(1)	-	aign contributions held by a A candidate committee that
17					s to terminate and will not transfer funds to a new candidate
18				comm	nittee may be GIVE REMAINING CONTRIBUTIONS TO:
19				(A)	Contributed to a A political party, in an amount not to
20 21					exceed the limit in COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII Section 3(3) (as adjusted by Rule 10.14 10.16);
22 23				(B)	Donated to a A charitable organization recognized by the I.R.S.;
24				(C)	Returned to THE ORIGINAL contributors; or
25				(D)	For candidates If elected to office, funds THE CANDIDATE
26					may be used USE THE REMAINING CONTRIBUTIONS for voter
27					registration, political issue education, postsecondary
28					educational scholarships, to communicate COMMUNICATION
29					with constituents, or for expenses directly related to the
30					officeholder's official duties.
31				[Secti	on 1-45-106(1)(a)(I) and (b), C.R.S.]
32	2.2.5	Dispo	sition of	f debt i	n anticipation of committee termination
33		(a)	All co	ontribut	ions received by a A candidate committee in the current
34			electic	<del>n cyc</del> l	le shall be subject to the limits on MUST REPORT ALL
35			contril	outions	$\overline{\text{for the current}}$ RECEIVED DURING THE election cycle and $\overline{\text{shall}}$
36			<del>be re</del>	<del>ported</del>	as THOSE contributions for the current election cycle,
37			regard	less of	any ARE SUBJECT TO THE CONTRIBUTION LIMIT, REGARDLESS

1 2 3			OF debt carried over from a prior election cycle. a candidate committee may not count contributions that are earmarked for debt retirement against contribution limits for the past election cycle.
4 5 6 7 8			(b) Any financial-FINANCIAL obligations incurred by a candidate committee in an election cycle that are not paid within a commercially reasonable period of time, not to exceed six months after the close of that election cycle, shall be treated as ARE "contributions" from the service provider or vendor PERSON extending credit.
9	2.3	Candi	date affidavits
10 11 12 13		2.3.1	An affidavit that must be filed with the Secretary of State shall be filed A CANDIDATE REQUIRED TO FILE WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE MUST FILE A CANDIDATE AFFIDAVIT electronically using the Secretary of State's online campaign finance filing system. [Sections 1-45-110(1) and 24-21-111, C.R.S.]
14 15 16		2.3.2	Candidates A CANDIDATE running for a Junior College Board of Trustees are NEED not required to file a candidate affidavit. [COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 2(2) and section 23-71-110, C.R.S. See also Rule 14.]
17 18	2.4		nal financial disclosures [Article XXVIII, Section 10(2); Sections 1-45-110 and 24- .C.R.S.]
19 20 21 22		2.4.1	A candidate shall NEED not be required to file a NEW PERSONAL FINANCIAL disclosure statement if the candidate filed either a complete FULL or amended disclosure statement less than 90 days before filing a candidate affidavit. [Section 1-45-110(2)(a) and (b), C.R.S.]
23 24 25		2.4.2	Personal financial disclosure update forms (amended statements). An amended OR UPDATED disclosure statement will satisfy SATISFIES the FULL disclosure STATEMENT requirement if:
26			(a) A candidate files an affidavit 90 days or more after filing a disclosure;
27 28 29 30			(b) An individual files a candidate affidavit for a new office sought, if all necessary REQUIRED amended statements have been filed since the filing of the original FULL disclosure statement.; or [SECTIONS 1-45-110 AND 24-6-202, C.R.S.]
31 32			(c) An incumbent has maintained current updates on file since filing an original, complete personal financial disclosure.
33 34 35 36 37		2.4.3	If a candidate withdraws from his or her candidacy by submitting appropriate documentation before filing the disclosure statement required in section 1-45-110(2)(a), C.R.S., the candidate is not required to NEED NOT file a disclosure statement., but any ANY fines that the candidate accrued for failure to file a disclosure statement prior to BEFORE withdrawing shall WILL remain in effect.

#### Rule 3. Political Committees and Small Donor Committees

- 2 3.1 Political committees A POLITICAL COMMITTEE and OR small donor committees
  3 COMMITTEE shall MAY not make contributions to AN issue committees COMMITTEE, except
  4 to the extent that a contribution is for the purchase of ITEMS SUCH AS event tickets,
  5 merchandise, or services. [Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 2(12)(a)]
- A political committee may change status ITS REGISTRATION to a small donor committee without terminating the political committee if it has never accepted contributions of more than \$50 per natural person per year.
- A committee that raises money solely for the purpose of making independent expenditures, and which does not make contributions to candidates for any office, shall be an independent expenditure committee and shall not be considered a political committee. An independent expenditure committee is not subject to the restrictions in Article XXVIII, Section 3(5). [Section 1-45-103.7(2.5)]

#### **Rule 4. Issue Committees**

1

- An issue committee shall not be subject to any of the requirements of Article XXVIII or
  Article 45 of Title 1, C.R.S., until the issue committee has accepted \$5,000 or more in
  contributions or made expenditures of \$5,000 or more during an election cycle. An issue
  committee that accepts \$5,000 or more in contributions or makes expenditures of \$5,000
  or more during an election cycle shall register with the appropriate officer within ten
  calendar days of accepting or making such contributions and expenditures.
- 4.1.1 Contributions received and expenditures made before reaching the \$5,000 threshold are not required to be reported. Contributions received and expenditures made after reaching the \$5,000 threshold shall be reported in accordance with the reporting schedule specified in section 1-45-108(2)(a), C.R.S.
- 25 4.1.2 4.1 An issue committee shall MUST provide the committee's FUND balance on the date of committee registration as a "beginning balance" on the committee's initial Report of Contributions and Expenditures.
- 4.1.3 For purposes of this Rule, an election cycle is the two-year house of representatives election cycle.
- 30 [Sampson v. Buescher, 625 F.3d 1247 (10th Cir. 2010)]
- The Denver District Court declared Rule 4.27, the predecessor to Rule 4.1, invalid in Common Cause et. al v. Gessler, 2011 CV 4164. The Secretary has appealed the decision, and accordingly will not enforce Rule 4.1 unless or until the Colorado appellate courts reverse the District Court's decision. The Secretary will revive Rule 4.1 if the appellate courts reverse the decision.
- An issue committee may support or oppose more than one issue BALLOT MEASURE if the following conditions are met:

1 2 3 4		4.2.1 The specific issues are included on the committee registration form STATES EACH MEASURE, DESCRIBES EACH MEASURE, AND STATES WHETHER THE COMMITTEE SUPPORTS OR OPPOSES THE MEASURE. when each issue meets the requirements of section 1-45-108(7), C.R.S.;
5		4.2.2 Each issue is described on the committee registration form; and
6 7		4.2.3 The registration form states whether the committee will be supporting or opposing those issues.
8		[COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 2(10)(a)(I) and (2)(10)(a)(II)]
9 10 11 12 13	4.3	An issue committee must file on a frequent filing schedule once it has spent money to support or oppose ballot issues or ballot questions, or potential ballot issues or ballot questions on an upcoming ballot. If an issue committee supports or opposes a ballot measure on an upcoming ballot, the issue committee must file on a frequent filing schedule. See Rule 17.2.3.
14	4.4	Disclosure.
15 16 17		4.4.1 An issue committee is only required to report those contributions accepted, expenditures made, and obligations entered into for the purpose of supporting or opposing ballot issues or ballot questions.
18 19 20		4.4.2 Contributions accepted for the purpose of supporting or opposing ballot issues or ballot questions shall be deposited in an account separate from other funds of the issue committee in accordance with Article XXVIII, Section 3(9).
21 22 23	<del>4.5</del> -4.	4 Termination. An issue committee may terminate by filing FILE a termination report with the appropriate filing officer. In accordance with Rule 12.3, a termination report may be filed at any time if the following conditions are met:
24 25 26 27		4.5.1-4.4.1 The committee no longer has a major purpose of supporting or opposing any ballot issue or ballot question A BALLOT MEASURE and no longer intends to accept or make contributions or expenditures to support or oppose a ballot issue or ballot question; and
28 29 30		4.5.2-4.4.2 The committee's separate account maintained in accordance with Article XXVIII, Section 3(9) has TRACER ACCOUNT REFLECTS no cash on hand and no outstanding debts, or obligations, OR PENALTIES.
31	Rule	5. Independent Expenditures and Independent Expenditure Committees
32	5.1	Disclaimer requirement for nonbroadcast independent expenditure communications.
33 34 35		5.1.1 Any UNDER SECTION 1-45-107.5(5), C.R.S., ANY nonbroadcast communication that constitutes an independent expenditure and is subject to the requirements of section 1-45-107.5(5), C.R.S., shall MUST contain a clear and conspicuous

disclaimer including THAT IS CLEARLY READABLE, PRINTED IN TEXT THAT IS NO 1 2 LESS THAN 15 PERCENT OF THE SIZE OF THE LARGEST FONT USED IN THE 3 COMMUNICATION, OR AT LEAST EIGHT-POINT FONT, AND INCLUDES: 4 (a) The name of the person that paid for the communication; and 5 (b) The specific A statement that the communication is not authorized by any candidate. 6 7 The disclaimer shall be clearly readable, and shall be printed in text that is no less than fifteen percent of the size of the largest font used in the communication, or at 8 9 least eight-point font. 10 5.1.2 These requirements do not apply to bumper stickers, pins, buttons, pens, and similar small items upon which the disclaimer cannot be reasonably printed. 11 12 A committee that raises money solely for the purpose of making independent expenditures, and which does not make contributions to candidates, shall be an 13 independent expenditure committee and shall not be considered a political committee. An 14 independent expenditure committee is not subject to the political committee restrictions 15 in Article XXVIII, Section 3(5). [Section 1-45-103.7(2.5), C.R.S.] 16 5.2 17 AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE MUST REPORT DONATIONS OVER TWENTY DOLLARS GIVEN FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE. 18 19 5.2.1 AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE MUST ITEMIZE DONATIONS OF \$250 OR 20 MORE PER YEAR GIVEN FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING AN INDEPENDENT 21 EXPENDITURE AND INCLUDE THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE DONOR. 22 5.2.2 IF THE COMMITTEE IS UNABLE TO GATHER THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY 23 SECTION 1-45-107.5(4)(B)(II), OR (III), C.R.S., WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THE DONATION, THE COMMITTEE MUST RETURN THE DONATION TO THE DONOR NO 24 Later than the  $31^{\text{ST}}$  day after receipt. 25 26 5.2.3 An independent expenditure committee must itemize independent 27 EXPENDITURES MADE IN AN AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF \$1,000 IN ANY ONE CALENDAR YEAR AND INCLUDE THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SECTION 1-45-107.5, C.R.S. 28 29 Rule 6. Political Parties 30 6.1 The appropriate filing officer for a state or county political party is the Secretary of State. Therefore, state and county political parties are subject to the requirements of section 1-31 45-109(1)(c), C.R.S., and must file reports with the Secretary of State. [Article XXVIII 32 33 Section 2(1); section 1-45-109(1)(c), C.R.S. [SECTION 1-45-108(1)(A)(I), C.R.S.] 34 6.1.1 Repealed. 6.2 Transfers of money within a party 35

- 1 6.2.1 A party may transfer money from one level of the organization to another WITHIN THE PARTY without limit.
- Transfers of money within a party must be disclosed THE PARTY MUST DISCLOSE TRANSFERS as "other income" in accordance with Rule 10.12 10.14.
- 5 6.3 Home rule jurisdictions
- 6.3.1 A political party in a home rule jurisdiction that maintains a separate account in accordance with Rule 14.4 14.3 may not include contributions to, or expenditures, from that separate account in reports filed with the Secretary of State.
- 9 6.3.2 If a political party receives contributions into a separate account in accordance with Rule 14.4 14.3, the party may not transfer funds from that account to other county parties or to a state party.

## Rule 7. Federal PACs and 527 Political Organizations

#### 7.1 Federal PACs

- 7.1.1 A FEDERAL PAC THAT QUALIFIES AS A political committee UNDER COLO. CONST. ARTICLE XXVIII, SECTION 2(12), that is subject to reporting under both section 1-45-108, C.R.S., and the "Federal Election Commission Act of 1971" (a "Federal PAC") shall MUST register with the Secretary of State's office as a "Federal PAC." SEPARATE STATE POLITICAL COMMITTEE AND FOLLOW ALL REQUIREMENTS FOR STATE POLITICAL COMMITTEES. A Federal PAC shall file disclosure reports electronically with the Secretary of State. In accordance with the requirement of section 1-45-108 (3.5), C.R.S., that Federal PACs are subject to "all other legal requirements", a Federal PAC must:
  - (a) Identify the contributions the Federal PAC received that were used to support or oppose candidates in Colorado and disclose all such contributions on reports filed with the Secretary of State.
  - (b) Itemize on the Colorado report all contributions of \$20 or more identified by the Federal PAC as making up the funds used to support or oppose candidates in Colorado, and list the occupation and employer of any person who has made a contribution of \$100 or more.
  - (c) Use only contributions received by the Federal PAC that are within source and contribution limits established by Colorado law to support or oppose state or local candidates. Contributions received by the PAC that the organization has not designated for use to support or oppose candidates in Colorado do not have to be disclosed on reports filed in Colorado and are not subject to the Colorado source and amount limits and prohibitions.

1		(a) Itemize all expenditures in the state of \$20 or more, and list any
2		expenditures of less than \$20 made in Colorado as non-itemized
3		expenditures.
4		(e) Deposit Federal PAC funds into a separate account that is used for the
5		Federal PAC exclusively, in accordance with Article XXVIII, Section 3(9)
6		and Rule 10.11. The Federal PAC may, but is not required to, segregate
7		funds intended to support or oppose state or local candidates in Colorado.
8		7.1.2 Federal PACs shall file reports in every reporting period as long as the Federal
9		PAC remains in "active" status with the Secretary of State's office. Reports filed
10		by a Federal PAC are filed on the schedule outlined for political committees in
11		section 1-45-108(2)(a)(I), C.R.S.
12		7.1.3 If the Federal PAC is registered as a Colorado political committee rather than as a
13		Federal PAC, the committee must follow the requirements applicable to state
14		political committees, and not those outlined in this Rule.
15		7.1.4 Any Federal PAC registered with the Secretary of State may terminate its active
16		status by filing a termination report.
17	7.2	Political organizations. In the case of political organizations as defined in section 1-45-
18		<del>103(14.5), C.R.S.:</del>
19		7.2.1 For purposes of section 1-45-108.5, C.R.S., an entity is considered a political
20		organization only if:
21		(a) Has as its major purpose influencing or attempting to influence elections
22		as defined in Rule 1.10; and
23		(b) Is exempt, or intends to seek exemption, from taxation by the Internal
24		Revenue Service.
25		[I.R.C. § 527(i)(5)(B) (2010)]
26		7.2.2 7.2.1 Political organizations shall A POLITICAL ORGANIZATION MUST file on the
27		frequent filing schedule for a political committee in an even-numbered year, and
28		on the infrequent filing schedule in an odd-numbered year, according to the filing
29		schedules set forth in section 1-45-108(2), C.R.S.
30		(a) For the purposes of this Rule, "off-election year" for a political
31		organization shall mean MEANS every odd-numbered year.
32		(b) For the purposes of this Rule, "major election" shall mean an election held
33		in November of an even numbered year.
34		7.2.3-7.2.2 Political organizations are A POLITICAL ORGANIZATION THAT RECEIVES NO
35		CONTRIBUTIONS AND SPENDS LESS THAN \$20 DURING A REPORTING PERIOD IS not

- required to file A disclosure reports REPORT for THAT reporting periods PERIOD when no contributions were received and spending was less than \$20. [Section 1-45-108.5(1)(b), C.R.S.]
- 7.2.4-7.2.3 Political organizations shall A POLITICAL ORGANIZATION MUST file all applicable disclosure reports required by section 1-45-108.5, C.R.S., with the appropriate filing officer. For the purposes of this rule, the appropriate filing officer shall be IS the same for political organizations as for political committees. as outlined in section 1-45-109, C.R.S.

## Rule 8. Registering a Committee

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- The COMMITTEE REGISTRATION MUST INCLUDE THE purpose or nature of interest of the committee or party shall be included in the committee registration.
- 8.1.1 A candidate committee shall MUST identify the name of the candidate and the specific PUBLIC office sought.
- 8.1.2 A political committee, independent expenditure committee, small donor committee, Federal PAC, or political organization shall MUST identify the types of candidates being supported IT SUPPORTS or opposed OPPOSES, including party affiliation and, AS APPLICABLE, office(s) sought or public policy position(s).
- An issue committee must identify the ballot measures to be supported or opposed
  MEASURE IT WILL SUPPORT OR OPPOSE, if known. If particular ballot measures are
  not known, an THE issue committee must identify THE policy—positions to be
  supported or opposed POSITION IT WILL SUPPORT OR OPPOSE.
- When a committee registration form is received and deemed complete by the appropriate filing officer, an identification number will be assigned and a letter or email of acknowledgement will be sent by the appropriate filing officer to the registered agent on file.

#### Rule 9. Registered Agents

- The registered agent or a designated filing agent for any committee shall sign the committee's registration form and all disclosure reports. For registration forms and reports filed by a candidate or candidate committee, the candidate may sign. THE CANDIDATE, REGISTERED AGENT, AND DESIGNATED FILING AGENT MUST SIGN THE INITIAL REGISTRATION FORM. THE CANDIDATE, REGISTERED AGENT, OR DESIGNATED FILING AGENT MAY SIGN ANY SUBSEQUENT AMENDED REGISTRATION FORM OR DISCLOSURE REPORT. [Sections 1-45-108(3), (5), and (6), C.R.S.]
- 9.2 For a candidate committee, the candidate may serve as the registered agent, or the candidate may appoint another person.
- 36 9.3-9.2 Resignation of THE registered agent

<del>9.3.1</del> 9.2.1 A committee may assign a new registered agent by filing an amended 1 committee registration. using the online campaign finance filing system. The 2 Secretary of State's office will maintain a A registered agent's name REMAINS on 3 4 file until the committee assigns a new registered agent. 5 <del>9.3.2</del> 9.2.2 In accordance with Rule 12.1, the A committee or party shall MUST file an amended committee registration form within five-TEN days after the resignation of 6 a registered agent or the appointment of a new registered agent. The A committee 7 8 or party must have an active registered agent at all times. [Section 1-45-108(3)(b), C.R.S.; RULE 12.1] 9 10 **Rule 10. Managing Contributions and Expenditures** [Current Rules 1.23 and 1.24 are amended are recodified as New Rule 10.1 as follows:] 11 <del>1.23</del> 10.1 "Unexpended campaign contributions". UNEXPENDED CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS. 12 10.1.1 For purposes of section 1-45-106(1), C.R.S., contributions to a candidate 13 committee become unexpended campaign contributions at the earliest of the 14 following: 15 1.23.1 (A) 16 The end of the election cycle; or When the candidate withdraws from the political race and intends 17 1.23.2 (B) to terminate his or her candidate committee. 18 19 <del>1.24</del> 10.1.2 "Unexpended contributions". 1.24.1—For purposes of section 1-45-106(3), C.R.S., contributions to an issue committee become unexpended contributions at 20 the end of the election cycle in which the committee supported or opposed an 21 issue on the ballot A BALLOT MEASURE, or one that attempted access to the ballot. 22 Funds do not become unexpended contributions if the issue committee supports or 23 opposes, or intends to support or oppose, another issue or issues BALLOT MEASURE 24 25 OR MEASURES. 26 <del>10.1</del>-10.2 Contributions how reported—EXCEPT FOR INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE 27 COMMITTEES, COMMITTEES MUST REPORT CONTRIBUTIONS AS FOLLOWS: 28 10.1.1-10.2.1 All COMMITTEES MUST INDIVIDUALLY LIST ALL contributions received of 29 \$20 or more RECEIVED during a reporting period shall MUST be listed individually on the contribution and expenditure report, including names and addresses of the 30 contributors. If a contributor gives \$20 or more in the aggregate during the 31 32 reporting period, the COMMITTEE MUST INDIVIDUALLY LIST THE contributor must be listed individually on the report, regardless of the amount of each contribution. 33 34 [Section 1-45-108(1), C.R.S.] 35 10.1.2-10.2.2 All A COMMITTEE MAY REPORT ALL other receipts and contributions less than \$20 may be reported in total as non-itemized contributions for the reporting 36 period, except for contributions from an LLC. 37

1 2		ributions A COMMITTEE MUST ITEMIZE ALL CONTRIBUTIONS from an LLC, be itemized regardless of amount. [Section 1-45-103.7(5)(d), C.R.S.]
3	<del>10.1.4</del> 10.2.3	B Disclosure of occupation and employer
4	(a)	The requirement to disclose the occupation and employer of a contributor
5		in Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 7 and section 1-45-108, C.R.S.,
6		applies to any one-time contribution of \$100 or more, and not to aggregate
7		contributions totaling \$100 or more.
8	(b)	If A COMMITTEE DOES NOT REPORT occupation and employer information is
9		not provided for contributions A CONTRIBUTION of \$100 or more, and the
10		committee is unable to gather the information within 30 days after receipt
11		from OF the contribution, the COMMITTEE MUST RETURN THE contribution
		shall be returned to the contributor no later than the 31st day after receipt.
12 13		[Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 7]
13		[Colo. Const. Article AXVIII, Section 7]
14	<del>10.2</del> -10.3 Expe	nditures how reported Except for independent expenditure
15	COMMITTEES	, COMMITTEES MUST REPORT EXPENDITURES AS FOLLOWS:
16	<del>10.2.1</del> -10.3.1	All-A COMMITTEE MUST LIST ALL expenditures made AND OBLIGATIONS
17	ENTE	RED INTO by a committee of \$20 or more during a reporting period shall be
18	listed	I individually on the contribution and expenditure report, including THE
19	name	es NAME and addresses ADDRESS of payees.
20	<del>10.2.2</del> -10.3.2	2 Individual—A COMMITTEE MUST LIST INDIVIDUAL expenditures MADE AND
21	OBLIG	GATIONS ENTERED INTO in amounts less than \$20 that aggregate to total \$20
22	or me	ore to the same payee during the reporting period shall be listed individually
23		e contribution and expenditure report.
24	<del>10.2.3</del> -10.3.3	3 All—A COMMITTEE MAY REPORT ALL other expenditures MADE AND
25	OBLIG	GATIONS ENTERED INTO less than \$20 during a reporting period may be
26	repor	ted in total as non-itemized expenditures.
27	[Section 1-4.	5-108(1), C.R.S.]
28	<del>10.3</del> -10.4 Cont	ributions and donations—when counted. 10.3.1—A contribution or donation is
29		nade or received as of ON the date that it is accepted by the committee or
30	<del>party</del> .	
31	<del>(a)-</del> 10.4.1	A contribution or donation by check is <del>considered</del> accepted, at the latest,
32	` '	the date that the contribution or donation is deposited by the committee into
33		COMMITTEE account. Any contribution or donation in the form of a IF A
34		MITTEE RECEIVES A DONATION BY check received by a committee at least five
35		less days before the end of a reporting period, THE COMMITTEE must be
36		sited or returned DEPOSIT THE CHECK OR RETURN to the contributor by the
37	<u>-</u>	-of-BEFORE that reporting period CLOSES.
) [	CIOSE	<del>-of</del> deroke mai tepothing pendu Cluses.

(b) 10.4.2 A cash contribution or donation is received as of ACCEPTED the date the 1 2 cash is transferred to IN the committee's possession. A contribution or donation made by credit card, PayPal, or other payment 3  $\frac{\text{(c)}}{10.4.3}$ intermediary service is received as of ACCEPTED ON the date the contributor or 4 5 donor authorizes the payment to be made. A non-monetary (in-kind) A NON-MONETARY OR IN-KIND contribution or 6 <del>(d)</del> 10.4.4 donation is received as of ACCEPTED ON the date on which the committee takes 7 8 possession of the item, or has the right to possess or use the item. 9 10.3.2-10.4.5 For purposes of section 1-45-105.5, C.R.S., concerning contributions by lobbyists to certain state officers and candidates when legislation is under 10 consideration, a contribution is considered made or promised ACCEPTED when the 11 pledge is made or possession of the check is transferred to any person not under 12 the control of the issuer, whichever is sooner. 13 <del>10.4</del>10.5 14 All committees shall A COMMITTEE MUST maintain all financial records for 180 days after any general election CYCLE in which the committee received contributions. If a 15 complaint is filed against the committee, the committee shall MUST maintain financial 16 records until final disposition of the complaint and any consequent litigation. THE 17 COMMITTEE MUST MAINTAIN LLC affirmations must be maintained for one year after the 18 19 end of the election cycle. [COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 3(9)] 20 <del>10.5</del>-10.6 For any contribution received in excess of contribution limits, neither the contributor nor the receiving committee shall be IS liable for exceeding the contribution 21 limit if the excess amount is returned to the contributor. IF A COMMITTEE RECEIVES A 22 23 DONATION IN EXCESS OF THE CONTRIBUTION LIMIT, THE COMMITTEE MUST RETURN THE EXCESS TO THE DONOR within ten days of receipt or within three days after receiving 24 notification from the Secretary of State that the contribution violates the limits, 25 26 whichever is sooner. 27 <del>10.6</del> 10.7 Contributions where the identity of the BY ANONYMOUS contributor is unknown 28 (anonymous contributions or donations) 29 10.6.1-10.7.1 Committees cannot A COMMITTEE MAY NOT keep anonymous contributions or donations of \$20 or more. 30 31 10.7.2 An anonymous contribution or donation is one Anonymous contributions are CONTRIBUTIONS where the identity of the contributor or donor is unknown. 32 10.7.3 Anonymous A COMMITTEE MUST DONATE AN ANONYMOUS CONTRIBUTION 33 34 contributions or donations of \$20 or more must be donated to any A charitable organization recognized by the Internal Revenue Service, or transmitted 35

after receipt. [Section 1-45-108(1)(a), C.R.S.]

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TRANSMIT THE CONTRIBUTION to the State Treasurer for deposit into the unclaimed

property fund or such other fund as the State Treasurer may direct, within 30 days

1 2	10.7-10.8 CONT	Contributions by candidate – voluntary spending limits – loans. REPORTING RIBUTIONS AND LOANS:
3 4 5	<del>10.7.</del> 1	⊢10.8.1 If a candidate does not accept voluntary spending limits, the candidate may make unlimited contributions from his or her personal funds to his or her candidate committee. Such contributions
6 7 8 9	10.7.2	Contributions to a candidate's own committee by a candidate who does accept voluntary spending limits shall be counted COUNT toward the limit on political party contributions in COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 3(3)(d), and Section 4(2).
10 11 12 13	<del>10.7.3</del>	3-10.8.2 A candidate who accepts voluntary spending limits may make a loan to his or her candidate committee in any amount, so long as the unpaid balance of any loan does not exceed the contribution limit in COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Sections 3 and 4(2) at any time.
14 15 16 17	FROM VOLU	L CANDIDATES WHO DECLINED VOLUNTARY SPENDING LIMITS HAVE WITHDRAWN THE RACE OR LOST IN THE PRIMARY ELECTION, A CANDIDATE WHO ACCEPTED NTARY SPENDING LIMITS MAY NOT CONTINUE TO ACCEPT CONTRIBUTIONS DOUBLE TANDARD LIMITS.
18	<del>10.8</del> -10.10	Cost-sharing by candidates
19 20 21	10.8.1	Candidate committees may share the cost of brochures, offices, office equipment, etc. that are produced or used jointly if each candidate committee pays for its proportionate share of the expense.
222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 331 332 333	10.8.2	2 Any reimbursement by one candidate committee to another for shared costs must be made within 30 days of the original expenditure. Reimbursement is not a "contribution" from one committee to the other; it shall be reported as an expenditure by the reimbursing committee and as a returned expenditure by the reimbursed committee. If sharing expenditures results in a price discount based on volume or quantity, the discount is not considered a "contribution" from the vendor. Each candidate committee that shares the cost of brochures, office space, or other overhead must pay its proportionate share of the cost within 30 days of the expenditure. The reimbursing committee must report the payment as an expenditure and the reimbursed committee must report it as a returned expenditure. A committee need not report discounts resulting from shared expenses as contributions.
34 35	10.9-10.11 intern	Reimbursement of expenditures – payments by credit card or payment nediary service
36 37 38	<del>10.9.1</del>	-10.11.1 When reporting a reimbursement to a candidate or to any other person, the A committee or party shall separately disclose each expenditure MUST REPORT A REIMBURSEMENT of \$20 or more, including AND INCLUDE the purpose, payee, and

2	date of the reimbursement.	ess of the
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	10.9.2 10.11.2 For the purpose of reporting an expenditure, simply disclos payment was made to a credit card company or a payment intermediate such as PayPal is not adequate. The COMMITTEE MUST ITEMIZE ALL PAY expenditures of \$20 or more made by WITH A credit card or THROUGH intermediary service must be itemized, including the name and addroriginal payee, amount, original date of expenditure, and purpo expenditure.	MENTS All A payment ess of the
10 11	10.9.3 Nothing in this Rule permits contributions or reimbursements of conprohibited by Article XXVIII, Section 3(11).	ntributions
12 13	10.9.4 A reimbursement not considered a contribution to the person being reimpurposes of Article XXVIII, Section 2(5).	<del>bursed for</del>
14 15	10.11.3 An Immediate reimbursement for committee expenses contribution.	IS NOT A
16	[Section 1-45-108(1)(e), C.R.S.]	
17	10.10-10.12 Loans received by TO a candidate committee	
18 19	10.10.1 All loans received by a candidate committee must be continuously until repaid. [Article XXVIII, Section 3(8)]	<del>reported</del>
20 21 22	10.10.2-10.12.1 Loans made from a financial FINANCIAL institution L candidate committee under Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 3(8) not be forgiven.	
23 24	10.10.3-10.12.2 Loans made by a candidate CANDIDATE LOANS to 1 committee	is or her
25 26	(a) A candidate may make an interest-free loan to his or her committee. Any foregone interest is not a contribution to the con-	
27 28 29 30	(b) Any repayment of a loan shall be considered a loan payment, of A COMMITTEE MUST REPORT THE interest repaid for a loan material Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 3(8) shall be report expenditure by the committee.	ade under
31 32 33 34	(c) A CANDIDATE MAY FORGIVE A loan made by a candidate to the of the OR SHE LOANED TO HIS OR HER own committee may be forgivened candidate. The amount of unpaid debt forgiven by the candidate contribution and is not considered a returned contribution.	ven by the

The requirement that committee funds be deposited into "a financial institution" 1 does not require that all committee funds must be deposited A COMMITTEE MAY DEPOSIT 2 COMMITTEE MONEY in MORE THAN one single bank, credit union, or other commercial 3 4 financial institution. [COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 3(9)] 5 <del>10.12</del> 10.14 Other income <del>10.12.1</del> 10.14.1 6 A committee's COMMITTEE MAY INVEST ITS funds may be invested in any type of account or instrument of a government regulated financial 7 8 institution. 9 <del>10.12.2</del> 10.14.2 Any A COMMITTEE MUST DISCLOSE ALL interest or dividends earned on a committee's ITS BANK account, earned income from a commercially 10 reasonable transaction, or transfers of money within a political party shall 11 be disclosed as other income on the committee's reports. This "other 12 income" is not subject to contribution limits. 13 14 10.13 10.15 Disclosure of contributions by limited liability companies (LLCs) [Section 1-45-103.7(5), (6), (7), and (8), C.R.S.] 15 The written affirmation provided by an LLC in accordance with 16 <del>10.13.1</del> 10.15.1 section 1-45-103.7, C.R.S., shall MUST include the names and addresses of 17 all LLC members and describe how the contribution is to be attributed to 18 the LLC members. 19 20 <del>10.13.2</del> 10.15.2 The affirmation shall MUST include the occupation and employer of any member ATTRIBUTED WITH CONTRIBUTING to whom a contribution of 21 \$100 or more is attributed. 22 <del>10.13.3</del> 10.15.3 A committee that receives a contribution from an THE 23 24 AFFIRMATION PROVIDED BY AN LLC UNDER SECTION 1-45-103.7, C.R.S., 25 shall report the contribution as having been received from contributor type "LLC," and shall then list MUST INCLUDE THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF each 26 27 LLC member, and the amount attributed to each member, (as determined by the pro-rata ownership held by each). Disclosure shall include the name 28 and address of the LLC and the name and address of each member. 29 30 [Section 1-45-108(1)(a)(IV), C.R.S.] AND, IF MORE THAN \$100 IS ATTRIBUTED TO A MEMBER, THE OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYER OF THAT 31 MEMBER. WHEN REPORTING THE CONTRIBUTION, THE COMMITTEE MUST 32 33 SELECT THE "LLC" CONTRIBUTOR TYPE AND INCLUDE THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE LLC, THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF EACH MEMBER, AND THE 34 35 AMOUNT ATTRIBUTED TO EACH MEMBER. ATTRIBUTION IS DETERMINED BY THE PRO-RATA SHARE OF OWNERSHIP. 36 37 <del>10.13.4</del> 10.15.4 Any A COMMITTEE MUST RETURN ANY contribution received by a committee from an LLC that does not comply with the affirmation 38 requirements in section 1-45-103.7, C.R.S., and this Rule shall be returned 39 RULE to the contributor within 30 days. 40

1	<del>10.13.5</del> -10.15	.5	<del>Each</del>	A COMMITTEE MUST ITEMIZE EACH contribution received from
2		an L	LC <del>shal</del>	l be itemized on disclosure reports, regardless of the dollar
3		amou	ınt.	
4	<del>10.13.6</del> -10.15		-	contribution from an LLC is counted COUNTS against
5				limits for both the individual member(s) MEMBERS to whom
6				ion is attributed and the LLC itself. [Colo. Const. Article
7		XXV	III, Sect	tion 3(9)]
8	<del>(a)</del>	No A	AN LLC	shall be permitted to MAY NOT make a contribution that
9				limit for a "person" established in Colo. Const. Article
10				etion 3, as adjusted by Rule 10, regardless of the amount
11				each individual member.
12		•	<del>adjustm</del>	ents to contribution and voluntary spending limits CURRENT
13	ADJUSTED LIM	IITS		
14	10.14.1	-Calcı	ılation o	of adjustments
			_	
15	<del>(a)</del>			the with Article XXVIII, Sections 3(13) and 4(7), limits on
16				in Section 2(14) and Section 3, subsections (1), (2), (3), and
17		` /		voluntary limits on spending in Section 4(1), are adjusted
18		_	_	ears based on the percentage change in the consumer price
19				e Denver Boulder Greeley area, over the four year period
20		imme	diately	preceding the adjustment.
21	<del>(b)</del>	In d	etermini	ing the adjusted amount, the percentage change in the
22	(0)			ce index is rounded to the nearest whole percentage point. In
23				with Article XXVIII, Sections 3(13) and 4(7), the adjusted
24				anded to the nearest, lowest \$25.
25	<del>10.14.2</del> 10.16	5.1	Adins	sted limits made in the first quarter of <del>2011</del> 2015 and
26			5	xt adjustment is made in 2015 2019:
				3
27	(a)	There	e is no a	adjustment to the contribution limits on individual donations
28		to sm	all done	or committees outlined in Article XXVIII, Section 2(14).
29	(b)	The s	ogregat	e limits on contributions from any person for a primary or a
30	(0)			ion, described in Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 3(1),
31		_		as follows:
32		(1)	\$550	\$575 to any one:
) _		(1)	ᠳᠫᠫᡫ	\$575 to any one:
33			(A)	Governor candidate committee for the primary election,
34 35				and Governor and Lieutenant Governor
35				candidate committee, as joint candidates under section 1-1-
36				104, C.R.S., or any successor section, for the general
37				election;

1 2			(B) Secretary of State, State Treasurer, or Attorney General candidate committee.
3 4 5 6		(2)	There is no adjustment to the limits on contributions to any one State Senate, State House of Representatives, State Board of Education, Regent of the University of Colorado, or any District Attorney candidate committee.
7 8 9	(c)	prima	ggregate limits on contributions from a small donor committee for a ry or a general election, described in Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, on 3(2), are adjusted as follows:
10		(1)	\$5,675-\$6,125 to any one:
11 12 13 14			(A) Governor candidate committee for the primary election, and Governor and Lieutenant Governor candidate committee, as joint candidates under section 1-1-104, C.R.S., or any successor section, for the general election;
15 16			(B) Secretary of State, State Treasurer, or Attorney General candidate committee; and
17 18 19 20		(2)	\$2,250—\$2,425 to any one State Senate, State House of Representatives, State Board of Education, Regent of the University of Colorado, or any District Attorney candidate committee.
21 22 23	(d)		ggregate limits on contributions from any person to a political party, bed in Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 3(3)(a), are adjusted lows:
24 25		(1)	\$3,400-\$3,650 per year at the state, county, district, and local level combined; and
26		(2)	Of such, no more than $$2,825$ -\$3,050 at the state level.
27 28 29	(e)	politic	ggregate limits on contributions from a small donor committee to a cal party, described in Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section b), are adjusted as follows:
30 31		(1)	\$17,075 \$18,425 per year at the state, county, district, and local level combined; and
32		(2)	Of such, no more than \$14,225 \$15,350 at the state level.
33 34 35	(f)	comm	ggregate limits on pro-rata contributions or dues made to political nittees, described in COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 3(5), are red to \$550-\$575 per house of representatives election cycle.

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## 2 Contributor:

Recipient	Natural Person	Person, other than a natural person	Political committee	Small donor committee	Political party
Political committee	\$550 \$575 per election cycle	\$550 \$575 per election cycle	\$550 \$575 per election cycle	\$550 \$575 per election cycle	\$550 \$575 per election cycle
Small donor committee	\$50 per year	Prohibited	Prohibited	Prohibited	Prohibited
Governor (governor & lt. governor)	\$550 \$575 per election cycle*	\$550 \$575 per election cycle*	\$550 \$575 per election cycle*	\$5,675 \$6,125 per election cycle*	\$569,530 \$615,075 per election cycle
Secretary of state, state treasurer, attorney general	\$550 \$575 per election cycle*	\$550 \$575 per election cycle*	\$550 \$575 per election cycle*	\$5,675 \$6,125 per election cycle*	\$113,905 \$123,000 per election cycle
State senate	\$200 per election cycle*	\$200 per election cycle*	\$200 per election cycle*	\$2,250 \$2,425 per election cycle*	\$20,500 \$22,125 per election cycle
State house of representatives, state board of education, regent of the University of Colorado, district attorney	\$200 per election cycle*	\$200 per election cycle*	\$200 per election cycle*	\$2,250 \$2,425 per election cycle*	\$14,805 \$15,975 per election cycle
Political party	\$3,400 \$3,650 (\$2,825 \$3,050-at the state level) per year	\$3,400 \$3,650 (\$2,825 \$3,050 at the state level) per year	\$3,400 \$3,650 (\$2,825 \$3,050 at the state level) per year	\$17,075 \$18,425 (\$14,225 \$15,350 at the state level) per year	Transfers within a party may be made without limitation.

<sup>\*</sup> All major party candidates A CANDIDATE may accept the contribution limit for BOTH the primary election and the general election. Minor party candidates who appear on a primary election ballot may accept contributions for the primary and general elections. Unaffiliated and minor party candidates who do not appear on a primary election ballot may accept contributions only for the general election.

1 2	(h) The voluntary spending limits for a candidate described in Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 4(1), are adjusted as follows:			
3 4 5	(1)	The spending limit for Governor Governor as joint candidates unde successor section shall be IS adjust	r section 1-1-104, C.R.S., or any	
6 7	(2)	The spending limit for a candidate General, or Treasurer shall be is ac	•	
8 9	(3)	The spending limit for a candida adjusted to \$102,500-\$110,700.	ate for State Senate shall be IS	
10 11 12 13	(4)	The spending limit for a care Representatives, State Board of University of Colorado, or any adjusted to \$74,025-\$79,925.	of Education, Regent of the	
14	Candidate		Voluntary Spending	
			Limit	
	Governor, and Gove joint candidates	rnor and Lieutenant Governor as	<del>\$2,847,650</del> -\$3,075,450	
	Secretary of State, A	ttorney General, or State	<del>\$569,525</del> \$615,075	
	State Senate		<del>\$102,500</del> -\$110,700	
	-	esentatives, State Board of f the University of Colorado, or	<del>\$74,025</del> -\$79,925	
15 16	10.14.3 Adjust first quarter of	sted limits made in the first quarter of 2011:	of 2007 and effective through the	
17 18	(a) There is no adjustment to the contribution limit on individual donations to small donor committees outlined in Article XXVIII, Section 2(14).			
19 20 21	(b) The aggregate limits on contributions from any person for a primary or a general election, described in Article XXVIII, Section 3(1), are adjusted as follows:			
22	(1)	\$525 to any one:		
23 24 25 26		and Governor and Li committee, as joint cand	nittee for the primary election, eutenant Governor candidate lidates under section 1-1-104, etion, for the general election;	

1 2		(B) Secretary of State, State Treasurer, or Attorney General, candidate committee.
3 4 5 6		(2) There is no adjustment to the limits on contributions to any one State Senate, State House of Representatives, State Board of Education, Regent of the University of Colorado, or any District Attorney candidate committee.
7 8 9	<del>(c)</del>	The aggregate limits on contributions from a small donor committee for a primary or a general election, described in Article XXVIII, Section 3(2), are adjusted as follows:
10		(1) \$5,300 to any one:
11 12 13 14		(A) Governor candidate committee for the primary election, and Governor and Lieutenant Governor candidate committee, as joint candidates under section 1 1 104, C.R.S., or any successor section, for the general election;
15 16		(B) Secretary of State, State Treasurer, or Attorney General, candidate committee; and
17 18 19		(2) \$2,125 to any one State Senate, State House of Representatives, State Board of Education, Regent of the University of Colorado, or any District Attorney candidate committee.
20 21	<del>(d)</del>	The aggregate limits on contributions from any person to a political party, described in Article XXVIII, Section 3(3)(a), are adjusted as follows:
22 23		(1) \$3,175 per year at the state, county, district, and local level combined; and
24		(2) Of such, no more than \$2,650 at the state level.
25 26 27	<del>(e)</del>	The aggregate limits on contributions from a small donor committee to a political party, described in Article XXVIII, Section 3(3)(b), are adjusted as follows:
28 29		(1) \$15,900 per year at the state, county, district, and local level combined; and
30		(2) Of such, no more than \$13,250 at the state level.
31 32	<del>(f)</del>	The aggregate limits on pro-rata contributions or dues made to political committees, described in Section 3(5), Article XXVIII of the Colorado
33		Constitution, are adjusted to \$525 per house of representatives election
34		<del>cycle.</del>

1 2	(g) The voluntary spending limits for a candidate described in Article XXVIII, Section 4(1), are adjusted as follows:
3 4 5	(1) The spending limit for Governor, and Governor and Lieutenant Governor as joint candidates under section 1–1-104, C.R.S., or any successor section shall be adjusted to \$2,650,000.
6 7	(2) The spending limit for a candidate for Secretary of State, Attorney General, or Treasurer shall be adjusted to \$530,000.
8 9	(3) The spending limit for a candidate for State Senate shall be adjusted to \$95,400.
10 11 12 13	(4) The spending limit for a candidate for State House of Representatives, State Board of Education, Regent of the University of Colorado, or any District Attorney shall be adjusted to \$68,900.
14	Current Rule 18.1.8 is amended and recodified as New Rule 10.17 as follows:
15	18.1.8-10.17 Major Contributor Reports
16	(a) Penalties assessed for failure to timely file a Major Contributor Report
17	under section 1-45-108(2.5), C.R.S., stop accruing on the date that the
18	contribution is first disclosed, either on the Major Contributor Report or
19	the regularly-scheduled Report of Contributions and Expenditures.
20 21	Penalties will not accrue beyond the date of the general election. [Section 1-45-108(2.5) C.R.S.]
22 23	(b) The date of deposit is considered the "received" date for contributions that require a major contributor report. [Section 1-45-108(2.5), C.R.S.]
24 25 26 27	(c) For purposes of determining contributions and expenditures received during the reporting period, the contribution that was required to be disclosed on the major contributor report shall be IS the amount considered.
28 29 30 31	10.17.1 A POLITICAL COMMITTEE OR SMALL DONOR COMMITTEE MAY NOT RECEIVE CONTRIBUTIONS IN EXCESS OF THE APPLICABLE CONTRIBUTION LIMIT, AND ARE THEREFORE EXEMPT FROM FILING MAJOR CONTRIBUTION REPORTS UNDER SECTION 1-45-108(2.5), C.R.S.
32 33	$10.17.2$ An issue committee need not file major contribution reports within $30\mathrm{days}$ preceding the date of the primary election.
34 35	10.17.3 Municipal committees required to file major contributor reports under section 1-45-108(2.5) must file with the municipal clerk.

### **Rule 11. Electioneering Communications**

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- 11.1 If a person spending money for electioneering communications is a corporation or labor organization, disclosure of the names and addresses of persons contributing \$250 or more used to make electioneering communications shall only be required if the money is specifically earmarked for electioneering communications. [Section 1-45-108(1)(a)(III), C.R.S.]
- 7 11.2 All contributions of \$250 or more received for electioneering communications during a reporting period, including non-monetary contributions, shall MUST be listed individually on the electioneering report. [Article XXVIII, Section 6(1)]
- 11.3-11.1 All spending of \$1,000 or more per calendar year shall be listed individually on the electioneering report, including name, address, and method of communication.

  [Article XXVIII, Section 6(1)] ANY PERSON WHO EXPENDS \$1,000 OR MORE PER CALENDAR YEAR ON ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATION MUST INCLUDE THE METHOD OF COMMUNICATION ON THE ELECTIONEERING REPORT.
- 15 11.4-11.2 Entities PERSONS making electioneering communications shall MUST maintain all financial records for 180 days after any THE general election in which the entity received contributions. If a complaint is filed against the entity PERSON making electioneering communications, the entity shall PERSON MUST maintain financial records until final disposition of the complaint and any consequent RESULTING litigation.
- 20 11.5-11.3 The ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATION REPORTS MUST INCLUDE THE name of the candidate(s) unambiguously referred to in the electioneering communication shall be included in the electioneering report. [Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 2(7)(I) 2(7)(A)(I)]
- 24 <del>11.6</del>-11.4 Submission of electioneering communication disclosure reports. 11.6.1 Committees are not required to A COMMITTEE NEED NOT file electioneering 25 26 communication reports separate from regularly filed independent expenditure disclosure reports so long as any IF THE expenditure or spending subject to COLO. CONST. Article 27 XXVIII, Section 6 and Rule <del>11.5</del>-11.3 is identified as an electioneering communication. 28 The disclosure of electioneering COMMUNICATION expenditures or spending on a 29 regularly filed report shall MUST include the name of the candidate CANDIDATE(S) referred 30 to in the electioneering communication. 31

#### Rule 12. Changing or Closing a Committee

- 12.1 Changes—A COMMITTEE MUST REPORT ANY CHANGE to any information disclosed on the ITS committee registration statement must be reported to the appropriate filing officer within ten days. [Section 1-45-108(3), C.R.S.]
- A candidate that changes SEEKING A DIFFERENT PUBLIC office sought shall MUST terminate his or her existing candidate committee and register a new candidate committee within ten days of the change. See Rule 2.2.

1 2	12.3		mittee may terminate FILE A TERMINATION REPORT TERMINATING THE COMMITTEE ollowing conditions are met:
3 4		12.3.1	The committee no longer intends to receive contributions or make expenditures; AND
5 6 7		12.3.2	The committee COMMITTEE'S TRACER ACCOUNT has a zero balance because, INDICATING it has no cash or assets on hand and THERE ARE no outstanding debts, PENALTIES, or obligations.; and
8 9		12.3.3	The candidate or committee files a termination report of contributions and expenditures.
10 11 12 13		12.3.3	A committee may dispose of assets remaining in its possession before termination in the same manner as allowed for unexpended contributions. A termination report may be filed at any time. [Article XXVIII, Section 2(3) and section 1-45-106, C.R.S.]
14	12.4	Unexp	ended contributions
15 16		12.4.1	Unexpended campaign contributions held by a candidate committee. See Rule 2.2.
17 18 19		12.4.2	An issue committee may donate unexpended contributions to a charitable organization recognized by the I.R.S. or return unexpended contributions to the contributor. [Section 1-45-106(3), C.R.S.]
20 21 22		12.4.3	Political committees, small donor committees, independent expenditure committees, political parties, Federal PACs, and political organizations are not covered by statute. [Section 1-45-106, C.R.S.]
23	<del>12.5</del> 12	2.4	Administrative committee terminations.
24 25 26 27		12.5.1	In accordance with the procedures set out in the "State Administrative Procedure Act" (Article 4 of Title 24, C.R.S.), the Secretary of State may close an inactive committee after six missed reports or 18 months of non-reporting, whichever happens first.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34		12.5.2	A committee shall be deemed inactive for the purpose of this rule after failing THE APPROPRIATE OFFICER MAY TERMINATE A STANDALONE CANDIDATE OR COMMITTEE IF THE STANDALONE CANDIDATE OR COMMITTEE FAILS to file any REQUIRED reports with the appropriate filing officer for six consecutive reporting periods or 18 months, whichever is shorter, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURES SET OUT IN THE STATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT. [COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 2(3), and section 24-4-105, C.R.S.]

# Rule 13. Corporations and Membership Organizations

- 1 3.1 A corporation or labor organization may establish a political committee, an independent expenditure committee, and a small donor committee. Each committee is subject to the applicable individual contribution and expenditure limits for that committee. A corporation or labor organization may pay for the costs of establishing, administering, and soliciting funds from its own employees or members for a political committee, a small donor committee, or an independent expenditure committee. [Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Sections 2(5)(b) and 2(14)(b)]
- 8 13.2 Membership Transferring membership dues transferred to a small donor committees
  9 COMMITTEE, independent expenditure committees—COMMITTEE, and political committees
  10 COMMITTEE.
  - 13.2.1 Membership organizations A MEMBERSHIP ORGANIZATION transferring a portion of a member's dues to a small donor committee, independent expenditure committee, or political committee shall MUST provide the respective committee with the member's name, address, amount of dues transferred, and the date of the dues transfer.
    - 13.2.2 Each small donor committee, independent expenditure committee, and political committee shall MUST keep records of all contributions or donations received in the form of membership dues transferred by a membership organization to the committee. The records shall include each contributing or donating member's INCLUDING THE name, address, and amount of the dues transferred. [Section 1-45-108(1)(a)(I), C.R.S.]
  - 13.2.3 Each small donor committee and political committee shall MUST itemize and report the name and address of each person who has contributed CONTRIBUTING \$20 or more in a reporting period, including but not limited to contributions received in the form of membership dues transferred by a membership organization to the committee. [Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 2(14)(a); section 1-45-108(1)(a), C.R.S.]
  - 13.2.4 On each disclosure report, the candidate or registered agent of a committee shall MUST certify and declare, under penalty of perjury, that to the best of his or her knowledge or belief all contributions or donations received in a reporting period, including contributions or donations received in the form of membership dues transferred by a membership organization, are from permissible sources. [Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 3]

#### Rule 14. Local Offices and Home Rule

- The requirements of Colo. Const. Article XXVIII and of Article 45 of Title 1, C.R.S., do not apply to home rule counties or home rule municipalities that have adopted charters, ordinances, or resolutions that address any of the matters covered by Colo. Const. Article XXVIII or Article 45 of Title 1.
- The provisions of Article XXVIII, Section 3(4) relating to contributions of corporations and labor unions apply to elections to every state and local public office, except local

- public offices in home rule counties or home rule municipalities that have adopted 1 2 charters, ordinances, or resolutions that address any of the matters covered by Article 3 XXVIII or Title 1, Article 45.
- 4 The provisions of section 1-45-105.5, C.R.S., relating to a prohibition on lobbyist <del>14.3</del> 14.2 contributions to members of the General Assembly during legislative sessions, apply to 5 members During the Legislative session, a lobbyist may not contribute to a 6 MEMBER of the General Assembly who are candidates WHO IS A CANDIDATE for any state 7 8 or local office, including any office in A home rule municipalities MUNICIPALITY that have HAS adopted charters, ordinances, or resolutions that address any of the matters covered 9 by COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII or Article 45 of Title 1. 10
- 11 <del>14.4</del> 14.3 A political party, as defined in Article XXVIII, Section 2(13) at the level of a home rule county or home rule municipality that has adopted a charter, ordinance, or 12 resolution that addresses ADDRESSING any of the matters covered by Article XXVIII or 13 Article 45 of Title 1, may establish a separate account that is used solely for contributions 14 made to the party, and FOR CONTRIBUTIONS AND expenditures made by the party, for the 15 purpose of supporting the party's county or municipal candidates for offices within the 16 county or municipality. Contributions to and expenditures from such account shall not be 17 DO NOT COUNT AGAINST included for purposes of any limitations PARTY LIMITS or 18 reporting contained in REPORTED UNDER COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII or Article 45 of 19 Title 1, C.R.S. 20
- <del>14.5</del> 14.4 The provisions of section Section 1-45-117, C.R.S., relating to the use of public 21 funds for political purposes, apply APPLIES to home rule counties or home rule 22 municipalities. that have adopted charters, ordinances, or resolutions that address any of 23 the matters covered by Article XXVIII or Title 1, Article 45. 24
- 25 14.6 Junior College Boards of Trustees, A person seeking election to a junior college board of trustees is not subject to the provisions of Article XXVIII or Article 45 of Title 1, C.R.S. 26 [Article XXVIII, Section 2(2); section 23-71-110, C.R.S.] 27

#### **Rule 15. Recall Elections**

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- 29 15.1 The RECALL election cycle for a recall election shall be from BEGINS ON the date the recall petition is approved for circulation by the designated election official through 30 days 30 AND ENDS ON THE LAST DAY OF THE FINAL REPORTING PERIOD following the date of the 31 32 recall election AS DEFINED IN RULE 15.2.2.
- 15.1.1 In the event that no IF A recall election is held because the petition is determined to be insufficient, the recall election cycle ends 30 days after the final 35 determination of insufficiency, including passage of the time for protest and final disposition of any protest or appeal of such determination.
  - 15.2.2-15.1.2 In the event that no-IF A recall election is held CANCELED for any other reason, the recall election cycle ends 30 days after the deadline for filing the recall election petition, OR 30 DAYS AFTER THE EVENT THAT CAUSED THE DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL TO CANCEL THE ELECTION, WHICHEVER IS LATER.

1 15.1.3 If a recall election is canceled, a committee that was participating in 2 THE RECALL ELECTION MUST FILE A REPORT FIVE DAYS AFTER THE END OF THE 3 RECALL ELECTION CYCLE. THE END OF CYCLE BEGINS ON THE FIRST DAY OF THE 4 MONTH IN WHICH THE ELECTION CYCLE ENDS AND ENDS ON THE LAST DAY OF THE 5 ELECTION CYCLE. Committees participating in a recall election shall MUST file reports on the fifth day of 6 15.2 every month until disclosure as set forth in UNDER section 1-45-108(2.7), C.R.S., begins. 7 8 15.2.1 The initial reporting period for committees participating in FORMED FOR THE 9 PURPOSE OF the recall election shall begin BEGINS on the date the committee registers with the appropriate filing office. 10 11 15.2.2-Subsequent reporting periods shall FOR A COMMITTEE PARTICIPATING IN THE RECALL ELECTION begin on the first day of each month, and end on the last day of 12 that month, except that the final reporting period ends 25 days following 13 14 THE DATE THE RECALL ELECTION WAS HELD. 15 15.2.3 ALL OTHER COMMITTEES PARTICIPATING IN THE RECALL ELECTION MUST NOTIFY 16 THE APPROPRIATE OFFICER WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER DECIDING THEY WILL SUPPORT 17 OR OPPOSE THE RECALL OR SUPPORT OR OPPOSE A SUCCESSOR CANDIDATE. ONCE 18 NOTIFIED, THE APPROPRIATE OFFICER WILL PLACE THE COMMITTEE ON THE RECALL 19 FILING CALENDAR UNTIL THE END OF THE RECALL ELECTION CYCLE. 20 15.3 The incumbent in a recall election is not a candidate for the successor election-according 21 to section 1-12-117, C.R.S.; therefore, the incumbent AND may open an issue committee to oppose the recall. 22 15.4 The aggregate contribution limits specified for a general election in Colo. Const. Article 23 XXVIII, Section 3, shall apply to the recall election with respect to each successor 24 25 candidate. Any political A committee supporting or opposing any A candidate in a recall election 26 15.5 27 shall MUST file disclosure reports: 28 15.5.1 14 days before the recall election; 29 15.5.2 Seven days before the recall election; and 30 15.5.3 30 days after the recall election. [Section 1-45-108 (2.7), C.R.S.] 31 32 15.6 An issue committee supporting or opposing a recall election is not required to register with the appropriate officer until the committee has accepted \$5,000 or more in 33 contributions or made expenditures of \$5,000 or more in support of or opposition to the 34 35 recall.

1 2 3 4 5	15.6	TERMINEW C	NATE AI CANDIDA SFER OF	CONST. ARTICLE XXVIII, SECTION 2(3), A SUCCESSOR CANDIDATE MUST NY OTHER ACTIVE CANDIDATE COMMITTEE FOR THE CANDIDATE AND OPEN A ATE COMMITTEE FOR THE PURPOSE OF RUNNING IN THE RECALL ELECTION. FUNDS FROM A PREVIOUSLY ACTIVE CANDIDATE COMMITTEE ARE SUBJECT TO
6 7	15.7 An issue committee remaining open at the end of the recall election cycle must file reports according to the infrequent filing schedule in Rule 17.2.3(b).			
8	Rule 1	l6. Spe	cial Dis	stricts
9	16.1	See Ru	ule 17.4	for reporting periods and report due dates for special district elections.
10 11 12 13	<del>16.2</del> 1	a copy Secret	of the ary of S	cial district designated election official or director candidate shall MUST file self-nomination and acceptance form described in Rule 16.3 16.2 with the state no later than 60 days before the special district election. This rule does e special district cancels the election.
14 15	<del>16.3</del> -1	6.2 candid		omination and acceptance forms and affidavits of intent to be a write-in
16 17 18		16.3.1		The self-nomination and acceptance forms FORM and letters LETTER, and vits of intent to be a write-in candidate must include the following nation:
19			(a)	The candidate's full name;
20 21			(b)	The name of the special district in which the candidate is seeking to be elected to the board AND THE SPECIAL DISTRICT DIRECTOR OFFICE SOUGHT;
22			(c)	The year in which the election will occur DATE OF THE ELECTION;
23 24			(d)	The county in which the district court that authorized the creation of the special district is located;
25			(e)	The candidate's physical RESIDENCE and mailing addresses;
26			(f)	A THE CANDIDATE'S telephone number for the candidate;
27			(g)	The candidate's email address;
28			(h)	The date on which the form, letter, or affidavit was filed by the candidate;
29			(i)	The candidate's signature; and
30			(j)	The signature of a registered elector acting as a witness.
31			[Section	ons 1-45-110, <del>32-1-804.3(1)-</del> 1-13.5-303, C.R.S.]

If a candidate for a special district office fails to file a candidate affidavit, or the <del>16.4</del> 16.3 1 2 filed self-nomination and acceptance form or letter, or the affidavit of intent to be a writein candidate does not contain the statement required by section 1-45-110(1), C.R.S., the 3 4 Secretary of State will mail the special district a copy of the notification to the candidate 5 regarding pending disqualification sent according to UNDER section 1-45-110(3), C.R.S. 6 16.5 A document filed according to Rule 16.3 is considered to be filed when received by the 7 Secretary of State. This Rule does not relieve any candidate of any obligation to file any 8 document required by the fair campaign practices act, article XXVIII, or other law, nor does it impose a requirement on a designated election official, presiding officer, or the 9 Secretary to file any document on behalf of any candidate. 10 11 <del>16.6</del> 16.4 A special district candidate is not required to file disclosure reports if: 16.6.1-16.4.1 The special district candidate affidavit, the filed self-nomination and 12 acceptance form or letter, or the affidavit of intent to be a write-in candidate 13 contains a statement substantially stating, "I will not, in my campaign for this 14 15 office, receive contributions or make expenditures exceeding \$200 in the aggregate during the election cycle, however, if I do so, I will thereafter REGISTER 16 AND file all disclosure reports required under the fair campaign practices act FAIR 17 CAMPAIGN PRACTICES ACT;" and 18 19 16.6.2 16.4.2 The candidate does not accept contributions or make expenditures exceeding \$200 in the aggregate during the election cycle. 20 21 [Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 2(2) and section 1-45-108(1), C.R.S.] 22 Rule 17. Filing Calendars and Reporting periods Until terminated in accordance with these rules, a A committee other than a political 23 17.1 organization shall MUST file a disclosure report for every reporting period, even if the 24 committee has no activity (contributions, donations, SPENDING, or expenditures) to report 25 during the reporting period. 26 27 17.2 Filing schedules. 28 17.2.1 A candidate committee shall file FILES on: 29 (a) A frequent filing schedule during the year in which the office to which candidate seeks to be elected is up for election. 30 An infrequent filing schedule during any year in which the office to which 31 (b) candidate seeks to be elected is not up for election. 32 For purposes of this rule, the office to which the candidate seeks to be 33 (C) elected is the office named in the candidate's most recent candidate 34 35 affidavit.

17.2.2 A political committee, small donor committee, political party, independent 1 expenditure committee, Federal PAC, or political organization shall file-FILES on: 2 3 A frequent filing schedule during any year in which a general election (a) 4 occurs. 5 An infrequent filing schedule during any year in which no general election (b) occurs., notwithstanding any activity by the committee to support or 6 oppose candidates. 7 17.2.3 An issue committee shall file FILES on: 8 9 A frequent filing schedule during any year in which an issue that the (a) 10 committee supports or opposes appears on, or seeks access to, the ballot. 11 (b) An infrequent filing schedule during any year in which the committee does not support or oppose any issues appearing on, or which seek access 12 to, any ballot. 13 14 17.2.4 An issue committee must notify the Secretary of State within ten days after deciding that it will support or oppose ballot issues or ballot questions, or 15 potential ballot issues or ballot questions A BALLOT MEASURE on an upcoming 16 ballot. 17 18 (a) Once an issue committee notifies the Secretary of State of its active status under this Rule, the Secretary will place the committee on a frequent filing 19 20 calendar SCHEDULE. Once an issue committee has declared its committee filing status as 21 (b) frequent or infrequent in a particular year, the committee must follow the 22 appropriate filing schedule for the remainder of that election cycle, except 23 that an inactive committee may change its status to active at any time. 24 25 17.3 Report periods 26 17.3.1 The reporting period for any report begins on the first day following the last day of the reporting period for the previous report filed with the appropriate officer. 27 28 The reporting period for any report that is required to be filed under section 1-45-109(1)(a)(II) and (1)(c), C.R.S., ANY REPORT, EXCEPT A QUARTERLY REPORT OR 29 POST-ELECTION REPORT, closes five calendar days before the date that the report is 30 due. [Section 1-45-108(2)(c), C.R.S.] 31 32 17.3.2 Quarterly reporting periods close on the last day of the month. The report is due on or before April 15th, July 15th, October 15th, and January 15th following each 33 calendar quarter. If the filing deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal 34 holiday, the filing deadline is the next business day. [Section 1-45-108(2)(a), 35 36 C.R.S.1

1 2 3 4		month. Monthly reporting periods close five calendar days before the last day of the month. Monthly reports are due on or before the first calendar day of the following month. If the filing deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the filing deadline is the next business day. When the filing deadline for a			
5 6 7		monthly report approximates the filing deadline for a biweekly report, no separate monthly report shall MUST be filed, and the biweekly report shall serve SERVES as the monthly report. [Section 1-45-108(2)(a) and (c), C.R.S.]			
8 9 10 11		17.3.4 The reporting period for biweekly reports required by section 1-45-108(2)(a)(I)(B) and (D) closes on the Wednesday before the due date. If the filing deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the filing deadline is the next business day. [Section 1-45-108(2)(a) C.R.S.]			
12 13 14 15 16		17.3.5-17.3.4 The EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF A RECALL ELECTION, THE post-election reporting period closes on the last day of the calendar month in which the election was held. The report is due on or before the 30th day following the election. If the filing deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the filing deadline is the next business day. [Section 1-45-108(2)(a), C.R.S.]			
17 18		17.3.6 Each year, the Secretary of State will publish a filing calendar for each committee type, and will make the calendars available on the Secretary of State website.			
19	17.4	Special district reporting.			
20		17.4.1 Reports relating to special district elections are due:			
21		(a) On the 21st day before;			
22		(b) On the Friday before; and			
23		(c) On the 30th day after the date of the regular election.			
24		[Section 1-45-109(1)(a)(II) and (1)(c), C.R.S.]			
25	17.5	Reports for former officeholders or persons not elected to office			
26		17.5.1 Annual reporting			
27 28 29		(a) A candidate committee for a candidate not elected to office, or who was formerly in office, may elect SUBMIT A WRITTEN REQUEST to file only an annual report for each calendar year.			
30 31		(1) State STATEWIDE candidate committees shall MUST file an annual report not later than January 15th of the following year.			
32 33		(2) All other candidate committees shall MUST file an annual report on the first day of the month in which the anniversary of the major			

1 2			election occurs, in accordance with section 1-45-108(2)(a)(II), C.R.S.
3 4 5 6 7 8		(b)	A change in the balance of funds resulting solely from the accrual of interest or dividends to the account and/or the automatic deduction of periodic service fees does not subject a candidate committee to the reporting requirements of section 1-45-108, C.R.S. At a minimum, a candidate committee must file AN annual report as set forth in subsection (a) of this Rule.
9			[Sections 1-45-108(2)(c) and (2)(d), C.R.S.]
10 11 12		<del>for '</del>	reporting exemption in section 1-45-108(2)(d), C.R.S., applies only to reports which WHERE the entire reporting period occurs after the election in which the didate's name appeared on the ballot.
13 14 15 16 17	17.6	ELECTION, A MUNICIPA BALLOT IS SUPPORTING	WING MUST FILE WITH THE MUNICIPAL CLERK: A CANDIDATE IN A MUNICIPAL A CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, A POLITICAL COMMITTEE SUPPORTING OR OPPOSING AL CANDIDATE, AN ISSUE COMMITTEE SUPPORTING OR OPPOSING A MUNICIPAL SUE OR BALLOT QUESTION, AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE OR OPPOSING A MUNICIPAL CANDIDATE, AND A SMALL DONOR COMMITTEE NTRIBUTIONS TO A MUNICIPAL CANDIDATE. [SECTION 1-45-109(1)(B), C.R.S.]
	Rula	18 Penaltie	s, Violations, and Complaints
19	Kuic	10. I chartic	y violations, and complaints
19 20	18.1		or waiver or reduction of campaign finance penalties
		Requests for 18.1.1 A re	,
20 21 22		Requests for 18.1.1 A re	or waiver or reduction of campaign finance penalties equest for waiver or reduction of campaign finance penalties imposed under to. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 10(2) must state the reason for the
20 21 22 23 24 25		Requests for 18.1.1 A re Cor deli	or waiver or reduction of campaign finance penalties equest for waiver or reduction of campaign finance penalties imposed under 1.0. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 10(2) must state the reason for the inquency.  The filer should provide an explanation that includes all relevant factors relating to the delinquency and any mitigating circumstances, including
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28		Requests for COI deli (A)  (B)  18.1.2 Req COI Sec.	request for waiver or reduction of campaign finance penalties imposed under to. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 10(2) must state the reason for the inquency.  The filer should provide an explanation that includes all relevant factors relating to the delinquency and any mitigating circumstances, including measures taken to avoid future delinquencies.  Before the Secretary of State APPROPRIATE OFFICER will consider a request, the report must be filed, and a request including the REQUIRED

	nario - applied in numerical order (i.e. if #1 sn't apply, move to #2)	Result
#1	A waiver is requested and establishes good	Waive penalty in full. A waiver will be

cause that made timely filing impracticable (For example, was in the hospital, got in a car accident, was stranded by a blizzard, etc.). The event or events that made timely filing impracticable must occur within a reasonable time of the date on which the report was filed.	granted without consideration of previous delinquencies.
#2 A waiver is requested but does not present circumstances that made timely filing impracticable (For example, forgot, was out of town, electronic calendar crashed), and:	
(a) Filer had contributions and/or expenditures during the reporting period. The penalty imposed is \$100 or more.	First delinquency in 24 months: The penalty will be reduced to \$50.  Second delinquency in 24 months: The penalty will be reduced by 50%.  Third (or subsequent) delinquency in 24 months: A reduction in penalty will not be granted.  Penalties imposed under this Section are capped at the higher of the contributions or expenditures made during the reporting period. If a delinquency is found to be willful, the penalty cap may be increased to two to five times the higher of the contributions or expenditures made during the reporting period.  For purposes of this analysis, previous delinquencies exclude those for which a
(b) Filer has no activity (contributions OR expenditures) during the reporting period and the committee balance is zero. The penalty imposed is \$100 or more.	waiver under scenario #1 was granted.  The penalty will be reduced to \$50.

	(c) Filer has a fund balance greater than zero and filer has no activity (contributions OR expenditures) during the reporting period. The penalty imposed is \$100 or more.	First delinquency in 24 months: The penalty will be reduced to \$50.  Second delinquency in 24 months: The penalty will be reduced by 50%, subject to a cap of 10% of the fund balance (but not less than \$100).  Third (or subsequent) delinquency in 24 months: The penalty is capped at 10% of the fund balance, and a minimum penalty of \$100 will be imposed.  If a delinquency is found to be willful, the penalty cap may be increased to 20% to 50% of the fund balance.
#3	(d) Filer seeks to terminate active status, has a fund balance of \$1,000 or less, and has no activity (contributions OR expenditures) during the reporting period(s) in question.  A waiver is requested, but submitted more than 30 days after the date of penalty imposition. For purposes of this analysis, a filer has 30 days after the date on which the final notice of penalty imposition is issued following the filing of the delinquent report. Until an outstanding report is filed, penalties shall continue to accrue at a rate of \$50 per day and no request for waiver will be considered.	For purposes of this analysis, previous delinquencies exclude those for which a waiver under scenario #1 was granted.  Penalties are subject to a cap equal to the total amount of the filer's fund balance as of the date on which the delinquent report was filed, if the committee is promptly terminated.  A request will not be considered unless good cause has been shown for failure to meet the 30-day waiver filing requirement.

- 18.1.3 The Secretary of State APPROPRIATE OFFICER or Administrative Law Judge may consider any additional factors that establish good cause or may otherwise be relevant to the request for waiver or reduction of campaign finance penalties. In considering a request, The Secretary of State APPROPRIATE OFFICER or Administrative Law Judge may request additional information, including but not limited to financial or other records maintained by the filer.
- 18.1.4 For waiver requests that apply to more than one penalty, the guidelines will be applied separately to each penalty in chronological order using the single request as the basis for each.

18.1.5 Filers may request that the Secretary of State APPROPRIATE OFFICER reconsider a 1 request for waiver or reduction of campaign finance penalties. A FILER MUST 2 SUBMIT, IN WRITING ANY Any request for reconsideration WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE 3 4 DATE ON WHICH THE WAIVER DECISION WAS MAILED. THE FILER must present 5 additional material facts that are significantly different than those alleged in the original request for reduction or waiver, and must be submitted to the Secretary of 6 7 State, in writing, within 30 days of the date on which the waiver decision was 8 mailed. 9 18.1.6 The Secretary of State APPROPRIATE OFFICER will respond to requests for waiver or reduction of campaign finance penalties within 60 days. Failure to respond 10 within 60 days, however, will not constitute an approval of the request. 11 18.1.7 When reduced, penalties are rounded to the highest \$25. THE APPROPRIATE 12 OFFICER WILL NOT REDUCE A PENALTY No penalty will be reduced to an amount 13 less than \$25, unless a full waiver has been granted. 14 15 18.1.8 When applying Rule 18.1.2(2)(d), all outstanding penalties must be 16 CONSIDERED. 17 [Current Rule 18.1.8 is amended and recodified as New Rule 10.17.] 18 18.2 Cure period for violations discovered by the appropriate officer 19 18.2.1 If the appropriate officer, as defined in Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 2(1), discovers in the ordinary course of his or her duties in maintaining a 20 campaign finance filing system a possible violation of Colo. Const. Article 21 XXVIII or Article 45 of Title 1, C.R.S., and no complaint alleging such violation 22 has been filed with the Secretary of State under COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, 23 Section 9(2)(a), then the appropriate officer shall MAY: 24 25 (a) Provide the person believed to have committed the violation with written notice of the facts or conduct that constitute the possible violation, and 26 Allow 15 business days to correct the violation or to submit written 27 (b) 28 statements explaining the reasons that support a conclusion that a violation was not committed. 29 18.2.2 No cure period under this rule applies to late filings of campaign finance reports 30 subject to penalties under Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 10(2)(a). 31 32 18.3 If, within the time allotted under Rule 18.2, the person fails to correct the violation or to offer a satisfactory explanation, then the appropriate officer may file a complaint under 33 34 COLO. CONST. Article XXVIII, Section 9(2)(a). 18.4 35 Written complaints.

- 1 18.4.1 A written complaint filed with the Secretary of State under COLO. CONST. Article
  2 XXVIII, Section 9(2)(a) shall MUST include the Secretary of State's complaint
  3 cover sheet, which AND must include the following information:
  - (a) The name, address, and signature of the complainant (if the complainant is represented by counsel, include the counsel's name, address, and signature along with the name, address, and signature of the complainant);
  - (b) The name and address of each person alleged to have committed a violation; and
  - (c) The particulars of the violation.
  - 18.4.2 If an incomplete complaint is received, the date on which the originally filed complaint was received is considered the filed date for purposes of Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 9(2)(a), if a complete copy is received within ten days of notification from the Secretary of State that the complaint was incomplete.
  - 18.4.3 A-ANY PERSON MAY SUBMIT A complaint may be submitted by fax or electronic mail if a signed original is received by the Secretary of State no later than five calendar days thereafter. If the complaint is complete, the Secretary of State will promptly transmit the complaint to the Office of Administrative Courts in the Department of Personnel and Administration for consideration by an administrative law judge ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE, which will notify the respondents of the filing of the complaint and which will issue all other appropriate notices to the parties. [Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 9(2)(a)]
- 22 18.5 No report shall be subject to penalties of more than \$50 per day for any late filing or incomplete report violation(s).
- 24 18.6 Payments for penalties imposed by an Administrative Law Judge shall be remitted to the Secretary of State's office, to the attention of Campaign Finance.
- THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY ENFORCE THE DECISION OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW
  JUDGE. THE SECRETARY OF STATE WILL NOT ENFORCE THE DECISION OF THE
  ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DURING THE PENDENCY OF ANY APPEAL OF THE DECISION,
  UNLESS OR UNTIL THE APPEAL IS EXHAUSTED OR THE DECISION IS UPHELD BY THE COURT OF
  APPEALS. [COLO. CONST. ARTICLE XXVIII, SECTION 9(2)(A).]

## Rule 19. Electronic Filing

32 19.1 All disclosure reports filed with the Secretary of State under Colo. Const. Article
33 XXVIII and Article 45 of Title 1 Statutes, C.R.S., shall MUST be filed electronically ON
34 THE SECRETARY OF STATE'S TRACER SYSTEM, except as provided below-IN RULE 19.2.
35 Reports required to be filed electronically with the Secretary of State under this rule that
36 are presented for manual filing shall PAPER REPORTS WILL not be accepted. This Rule
37 RULE does not apply to personal financial disclosure reports required by section 1-45-110,
38 C.R.S.

- 1 19.2 In accordance with section 24-21-111, C.R.S., reports are not required to be filed electronically in either of the following circumstances:
  - 19.2.1 The Secretary of State has granted an exception to the electronic filing requirement after written application based on hardship or other good cause shown.
    - (a) All applications for an exception shall MUST include a brief statement of the hardship or good cause. Applications must be received by the Secretary of State THE SECRETARY OF STATE MUST RECEIVE THE APPLICATION at least 15 calendar days before the applicable filing deadline, unless the exception is based on emergency circumstance. For applications made under emergency circumstances after the deadline, the nature of the emergency shall MUST be described in the application.
    - (b) The filing of an application for exception based on emergency circumstances does not delay any reporting deadlines. If a penalty is imposed for failure to file a report on the date due, the penalty may be set aside or reduced in accordance with Colo. Const. Article XXVIII, Section 10(2).
    - (c) The Secretary of State shall WILL review and respond in writing to all applications for an exception within three business days.
- 20 19.2.2 The report is filed using the Secretary of State's Electronic Data Interface (EDI) upon approval of the Secretary of State.
- 22 19.3 For the purposes of this Rule 19, "electronic filing" is defined as the filing of reports 23 required by Article XXVIII and Article 45 of Title 1, C.R.S., using the TRACER internet 24 filing system created by the Secretary of State under section 1 45 109(6), C.R.S.
- The Secretary of State's online campaign finance filing system will attempt to identify potential violations by displaying warning messages when contributions or expenditures appear to violate Article XXVIII or Article 45 of Title 1, C.R.S. Filers remain responsible for compliance with the law and these rules regardless of whether the system identifies or fails to identify a potential violation.
- 30 19.5-19.3 For the purpose of section 1-45-109(2)(a), C.R.S., "close of business" for electronic filing means 11:59 p.m. MT.
- 19.6-19.4 If the electronic filing system is unavailable for a total of more than one hour on the due date for filing a report, the Secretary of State may extend the due date for an additional day for electronically filed reports. [Sections 1-45-108(2.3) and 1-45-109(6), C.R.S.]

# **Rule 20. Redaction of Sensitive Information**

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1 20.1 Any person who believes their safety or the safety of an immediate family member may be in jeopardy as a result of information disclosed on any campaign finance 2 REGISTRATION OR report filed with the Secretary of State under Article 45 of Title 1, 3 4 C.R.S., may apply to the Secretary of State to redact sensitive personal information from the online versions of such report(s). 5 20.1.1 The Secretary of State, upon a finding of good cause, may redact the minimum 6 amount of sensitive information necessary to protect the safety of such person or 7 his or her immediate family. 8 9 20.1.2 If the Secretary of State redacts sensitive information disclosed on a campaign finance report, the original unredacted report shall remain REMAINS a public 10 record under Article 72 of Title 24 C.R.S. 11 Applications for redaction of sensitive information shall MUST be submitted in writing 12 and shall include the requestor's name, the identified entry(s) of concern, a justification 13 for the application, and the committee to whom the contribution(s) was made or 14 15 expenditure(s) received. 20.3 Applications for redaction of sensitive personal information are not subject to disclosure 16 under the Colorado Open Records Act. [Section 24-72-201 et. seq., C.R.S.] 17 18 [Current rule 1.4 is amended and recodified as New Rule 21 as follows:] 19 **RULE 21. COORDINATION** "Coordination". Expenditures or spending are coordinated with a candidate 20 <del>1.4</del>21.1 21 committee or political party if: 22 <del>1.4.1</del> 21.1.1 A person makes an expenditure or engages in spending at the request, suggestion, or direction of, in consultation with, or under the control of that 23 candidate committee or political party; or 24 25 <del>1.4.2</del> 21.1.2 An independent expenditure or electioneering communication is created, produced, or distributed: 26 27 After one or more substantial discussion(s) between the candidate or (a) 28 political committee and the person making the expenditure or engaging in 29 the spending, In which the person making the expenditure or engaging in the 30 (1) spending received non-public information about the candidate or 31 political party's plans, projects, activities, or needs; and 32 The information is material to the creation, production, or 33 (2) dissemination of an independent expenditure or electioneering 34 35 communication; or

(b) By a common consultant who provides, or has provided during the 1 election cycle, professional services to the candidate committee or 2 political party as well as to the person making the expenditure or engaging 3 4 in the spending; and 5 (1) In which the person making the expenditure or engaging in the spending received non-public information about the candidate or 6 political party's plans, projects, activities, or needs; and 7 8 (2) The information is material to the creation, production, or 9 dissemination of an independent expenditure or electioneering communication. 10 This rule does not apply to an attorney, accountant, bookkeeper, or 11 <del>1.4.3</del> 21.1.3 12 registered agent who provides services within the scope of his or her profession. 13 If A candidate committee or political party and the person making the expenditure or engaging in spending use a common consultant, an independent 14 expenditure or electioneering communication is not coordinated if the consultant 15 places effective barriers (i.e., "firewalls") to the transmission of non-public 16 information between: 17 18 (a) The candidate committee or political party; and 19 (b) The person making an independent expenditure or engaging in spending. 20 Such firewalls shall be physical PHYSICAL or technological BARRIERS, or both, 21 include appropriate security measures, and MUST be set forth in a written policy that is distributed to all affected agents, employees, board members, directors, 22 officers, and consultants. A firewall is not effective if non-public material 23 information is nonetheless directly or indirectly transmitted to the person making 24 an expenditure or engaging in spending. 25 <del>1.4.5</del> 21.1.5 For the purposes of this Rule: 26 Candidate committee or political party includes any agent, employee, 27 (a) board member, director, or officer of that candidate committee or political 28 29 party. 30 (b) The person making the expenditure or engaging in the spending includes any agent, employee, board member, director, or officer of the person 31 32 making the expenditure or engaging in the spending.