

PARENTAL RESPONSIBILITIES ACT**SECTION 1. Declaration.**

This initiative shall be called the Parental Responsibilities Act. Parents have the fundamental and inalienable right to direct and control the upbringing of their children.

SECTION 2. Definitions.

The following definitions apply to the Parental Responsibilities Act:

- (1) Child. A person less than 18 years of age who has not been emancipated.
- (2) Parent. A person who has legal custody of a child, including a natural parent, adoptive parent, or legal guardian.
- (3) State. The State, any of its political subdivisions, or any public-school unit.

SECTION 3. Parental bill of rights.

Notwithstanding any previous enacted laws in the state of Colorado a parent has the right:

- (1) To direct the education and care of his or her child.
- (2) To direct the upbringing and moral or religious training of his or her child.
- (3) To enroll his or her child in a public or nonpublic school or home-based education program and in any school choice options available to the parent for which the child is otherwise eligible by law in order to comply with compulsory attendance laws.
- (4) To access and review all education records relating to his or her child.
- (5) To make mental and medical health care decisions for his or her child.
- (6) To access and review all mental and medical health records of his or her child unless limited by a court order.
- (7) To be promptly notified if an employee of the State suspects that a criminal offense has been committed against his or her child, unless limited by a court order.

SECTION 4. Parent legal rights for their child's education.

Parents have legal rights with regards to their child's education, including the following:

- (1) The right to consent or withhold consent for participation in reproductive health and safety education programs.
- (2) The right to seek a personal, medical or religious exemption from immunization requirements.
- (3) The right to opt out of data collection for their child.
- (4) The right to opt out of student information surveys.
- (5) The right to review all records of materials their child has borrowed from a school library or accessed in the classroom.
- (6) The right to access their child's educational records and health records and to be promptly notified of changes in their child's services or monitoring.
- (7) The right to be notified if their child is experiencing "gender incongruence," meaning a difference between a student's biological sex and the student's perceived or desired gender.

SECTION 5. Parental consent for mental and medical health treatment.

Except as directed by a court order, a mental or medical health care provider, practitioner or facility shall not provide, solicit, or arrange treatment for a minor child without first obtaining written or documented consent from that minor child's parent.

SECTION 6. Severability.

If any provision of this initiative or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, that invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this initiative that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this initiative are declared to be severable.

SECTION 7. Effective date - applicability.

This measure shall be effective on and after the date it is declared by proclamation of the governor to have been adopted by the registered electors of the state and shall apply to instances occurring on or after the effective date.