

To: Members of the State Board of Health

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Management Division

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Division

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Date: March 18, 2020

Subject: Request for a Rulemaking Hearing concerning 6 CCR 1007-1 Part 3, Licensing of

radioactive materials, and 6 CCR 1007-1 Part 7, Use of radionuclides in the

healing arts

The radiation program is proposing changes to Part 7 and Part 3 of the radiation regulations primarily for conformance to final regulations of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) in 10 CFR Part 35, Part 32, and Part 30. Changes to these federal rules were published July 16, 2018 and became effective January 14, 2019 for NRC licensees. Consistent with its agreement with the NRC, Colorado must maintain its radiation regulations compatible with those of NRC and therefore is proposing rule changes to Colorado rules.

Part 7 of the regulations pertains to the use of radioactive materials in medicine on humans. Part 7 does not apply to veterinary uses of radioactive materials nor does it apply to x-ray machines used in the healing arts. While Part 3 contains the licensing requirements for all types of facilities using radioactive materials (industrial, research, and medical), the proposed changes are limited to those needed for conformance and consistency with the Part 7 changes for medical use and to address minor technical corrections, phrasing and formatting for consistency with federal and Colorado rules. Amendment of these regulations will help ensure consistency with the national framework for regulation of radioactive materials in the healing arts.

The more significant changes to the proposed rules include amending the notification requirements for medical events and written directives specific to permanent implant brachytherapy, removing the requirement for submitting written attestations for most board certified physicians to become an authorized user on a license, and allow for grandfathering of experienced board certified individuals in practice prior to 2005. The proposed rule also amends the requirements for reporting of radionuclide generator contamination, moving from an immediate notification to a 7 day notification allowing time for data verification by licensees. The rule also allows licensees to name one or more associate radiation safety officers which will replace Colorado's currently termed "alternate" radiation safety officers. The radiation program is also proposing a non-federally driven change to better align supervision provisions with the requirements for those in training or have a special need to administer radiopharmaceuticals while under the supervision of an authorized user.

The proposed Part 3 changes are for conformance and consistency with the Part 7 changes and to address minor formatting changes and corrections.

At the March 18, 2020 request for rulemaking, the Radiation Program requests that the Board of Health set a rulemaking hearing for June 17, 2020.

DRAFT STATEMENT OF BASIS AND PURPOSE AND SPECIFIC STATUTORY AUTHORITY for Amendments to

6 CCR 1007-1 Part 3, Licensing of radioactive materials 6 CCR 1007-1 Part 7, Use of radionuclides in the healing arts

Basis and Purpose.

The proposed amendments make technical and formatting changes to multiple sections in the Part 7 and Part 3 rules based on 2018 changes in federal regulation applicable to use of radioactive materials in medicine and in consideration of stakeholder feedback. The proposed changes are outlined below for each section.

Changes throughout the Part 3 and Part 7 rules

 Rephrases provisions and adds section headers to follow the flow and format of federal regulation, and corrects typographical errors and omissions.

Changes to Section 7.1 (Purpose and scope)

• Adds standardized language pertaining to documents incorporated by reference.

Changes to Section 7.2 (Definitions)

- Adds several new definitions, consistent with federal rule, including "Associate Radiation Safety Officer", and "Ophthalmic physicist".
- Deletes the term "misadministration" and replaces with the term "medical event" for consistency with federal rule and which is reflected throughout the body of the rule.
- Revises "Preceptor" definition to incorporate the newly added associate radiation safety officer and ophthalmic physicist definitions.
- Definitions related to radiation therapy technology are deleted due to these terms not being used in the body of the rule.

Changes to Section 7.3 (License required)

 Adds clarifying language and updates for consistency with the format and flow of federal regulation.

Changes to Section 7.4 (License amendments)

- Adds an exception which provides regulatory relief by allowing most board certified individuals or those already named on another license to work under the license prior to receiving a license amendment and provided that documentation is provided to the Department within 30 days (consistent with 7.5).
- Incorporates new ophthalmic physicist and associate radiation safety office definitions in body of rule.
- Clarifies and adds requirements that a licensee must receive a license amendment
 prior making certain changes to the radiation safety program, procedures, locations of
 use, and use of sealed sources different than those authorized on the license.

Changes to Section 7.5 (Notifications and maintenance of records)

 Clarifies that licensees must provide specific documentation for authorized "individuals" within 30 days. Per 7.4, licensees may need to receive a license amendment prior to allowing certain individual(s) to work under the license.

- The rule clarifies that licensees must (also) notify the Department within 30 days upon discontinuation of work by the newly defined associate radiation safety officer or ophthalmic physicist, or when a person when a different brachytherapy source is obtained.
- Clarifies that manual brachytherapy sources different than those listed on the license

Changes to Section 7.6 (License issuance)

No substantive changes.

Changes to Section 7.7 (Authority for radiation protection program)

 Specify requirements for appointing associate radiation safety officers, and update current requirements for temporary radiation safety officers and recordkeeping.

Changes to Sections 7.8 - 7.9 (Rad safety committee / Rad protection program changes)

No substantive changes

Changes to Section 7.10 (Supervision)

- Add requirement to strengthen tie to requirements for nuclear medicine technologists (App 7N) and other individuals administering radioactive materials to patients. This change is Colorado specific and is not driven by federal rule.
- Adds language to permit, the administration of radioactive materials by certain individuals in training while under the supervision of an authorized user physician.
- Adds language to permit, with written authorization, the administration of radioactive
 materials by certain individuals who may not qualify under the other provisions in 7.10
 due to their specific medical qualification and while under the supervision of an
 authorized user physician.

Changes to Sections 7.11 - 7.12 (Written directives / Procedures for written directives)

- Adds written directive and procedural requirements specific to permanent implant brachytherapy.
- Adds requirements to incorporate evaluation for medical events as part of the written directive procedures.

Changes to Sections 7.13 - 7.16

No substantive changes.

Changes to Section 7.17 (Calibration)

Updates/reduces specificity of requirements for calibration of survey instruments.

Changes to Section 7.18 (Determination of dosages)

No substantive changes.

Changes to Section 7.19 (Authorization for calib., transmission and reference sources)

- Clarifies that requirements also apply to transmission sources.
- Clarifies requirements related to redistribution of sources.
- Adds requirements to clarify that sources may not be bundled or aggregated beyond specified limits and that use of such sources on patients must be in accordance with 7.40.

Changes to Section 7.20 (Requirements for sealed sources and brachytherapy sources)

Clarifies requirements for leak testing of sealed sources and related recordkeeping.

Changes to Section 7.21 (Report and notification of medical event)

- Modifies the term "misadministration" to "medical event" consistent with federal
 rule.
- Adds medical event criteria specific to permanent implant brachytherapy, consistent with federal rule.

Changes to Sections 7.22 -7.29

No substantive changes.

Changes to Sections 7.30 - 7.32 (Use of unsealed radioactive material...)

• Rephrasing of section to follow flow and content of federal rule.

Changes to Section 7.33 (Permissible concentrations)

- Rephrasing of section to follow flow and content of federal rule.
- Changes notification period from immediate to 7 days per federal rule.
- Specifies additional detail on what must be included in the telephone and written reports.

Changes to Section 7.34 (Aerosols and gases)

• No substantive changes.

Changes to Section 7.35 (Radiation detection capability)

 Deletes section as it is not driven by federal rule and the current general requirements of Part 4 are deemed adequate.

Changes to Section 7.36 (Use of unsealed radioactive material...written directive required)

 Adds specificity by referring to provision 7F2.1(2)(f) of Appendix F for the types of material addressed by this section.

Changes to Section 7.37 (Safety instruction)

• Clarifies visitation requirements.

Changes to Sections 7.38 - 7.39 (Safety precautions / Reserved)

• Rephrases sections to follow flow and content of federal rule - no substantive changes.

Changes to Section 7.40 (Use of sealed sources and medical devices for diagnosis)

- Clarifies language to distinguish between sources that are used in conjunction as part
 of a medical device and those that may be used separately from a device.
- Adds clarification that sources used with or separate from a device must be used in
 accordance with the radiation safety conditions and limitations provisions found in the
 Sealed Source and Device Registry (SSDR), but may be used for purposes not explicitly
 listed in the SSDR.

Changes to Section 7.41 (Calibration measurements of brachytherapy sources)

- Adds specificity to the recordkeeping requirements.
- Clarifies which activities involving sources for ophthalmic treatments must be performed and who may perform them - an authorized medical physicist or the newly added ophthalmic physicist.

Changes to Section 7.42 (Use of sealed sources for manual brachytherapy)

Similar to the amended phrasing in 7.40, adds clarification that sources must be used
in accordance with the radiation safety conditions and limitations provisions found in
the Sealed Source and Device Registry (SSDR), but may be used for purposes not
explicitly listed in the SSDR.

Changes to Sections 7.43 - 7.47

• Rephrases section to follow flow and content of federal rule - no substantial changes.

Changes to Section 7.48 (Use of a sealed source in a remote afterloader...)

Similar to the proposed language in 7.42, adds clarification that sources in therapeutic
devices must be used in accordance with the radiation safety conditions and
limitations provisions found in the Sealed Source and Device Registry (SSDR), but may
be used for purposes not explicitly listed in the SSDR and for approved research
purposes.

Changes to Section 7.49 - 7.50

• Rephrases section to follow flow and content of federal rule - no substantial changes.

Changes to Section 7.51 (Safety procedures...)

- Adds requirement that specifies only the manufacturer of the therapy unit (or someone certified by the manufacturer) must provide operational and safety training for a new unit or for upgrades affecting operation and safety, prior to initial use for patient treatment.
- Clarifies retention requirements for required procedures and records.

Changes to Section 7.52 - 7.62

Clarifies recordkeeping duration in 7.62.

Changes to Section 7.63 (Full-inspection servicing...)

 Reduces regulatory burden by extending the full-inspection servicing of gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units from the current 5 years to 7 years, based on the expense of source exchanges and feedback from stakeholders (nationally).

Changes to Section 7.64 (Therapy-related computer systems)

 Adds (duplicates) language of the current 7.47 in this section to clarify the acceptance testing requirements for computer based therapy systems, and require that the accuracy of electronic transfer of treatment delivery parameters must also be verified.

Changes to Section 7.65 (Recentness of training)

 Relocates the recentness of training found in multiple appendices of Part 7 to a single section in the rule, consistent with the format and approach in 10 CFR Part 35.

Changes to Appendices 7A through 7M

- Provisions are rephrased to follow flow and content of federal rule.
- Replaces the current specific NRC website (URL) with a more generic reference to NRC's medical use toolbox website.

- Relocates the recentness of training requirements found in each appendix and consolidates them in new provision 7.65.
- Reduces the regulatory burden by removing preceptor statement requirements for most board certified individuals.
- Rewords attestation requirement and allows for residency program directors to provide attestations when needed.
- Clarifies and consolidates the parenteral administration requirements of Appendix 7F to more clearly address new and emerging radionuclides.

Changes to Appendix 7N

- Removes "alternate pathway" for nuclear medicine technologists and instead defers to national registration/certification, while allowing for grandfathering of those currently working in the field.
- Continues to allow for case-by-case evaluation of alternative certifications.

Changes to Appendix 70

 Removes appendix pertaining to radiation therapy technologists as it is not used or referenced anywhere in the body of the rule nor are there equivalent federal regulations.

Addition of Appendix 7P

reimbursed;

- Adds appendix 7P to effectively replace the limited requirements for an experienced "individual" found in each appendix (7A through 7M), consistent with the structure and approach in federal rule.
- Adds (reinstates) grandfathering requirements for experienced authorized individuals who were in practice prior to the specified 2005 date.

Specific Statutory Authority.			
Statutes that require or authorize rulemaking:			
25-1.5-101(1)(k), 25-1.5-101(1)(l), 25-11-103, 25-11-104, and 25-1-108, C.R.S.			
Is this rulemaking due to a change in state statute?			
Yes, the bill number is Rules are authorized requiredX No			
Does this rulemaking include proposed rule language that incorporate materials by reference? XYesURLNo			
Does this rulemaking include proposed rule language to create or modify fines or fees? YesX No			
Does the proposed rule language create (or increase) a state mandate on local government? _X_ No.			
 The proposed rule does not require a local government to perform or increase a specific activity for which the local government will not be 			

- The proposed rule requires a local government to perform or increase a specific activity because the local government has opted to perform an activity, or;
- The proposed rule reduces or eliminates a state mandate on local government.

___ Yes.

This rule includes a new state mandate or increases the level of service required to comply with an existing state mandate, and local government will not be reimbursed for the costs associated with the new mandate or increase in service. The state mandate is categorized as:

- ____ Necessitated by federal law, state law, or a court order
- ___ Caused by the State's participation in an optional federal program
- ____ Imposed by the sole discretion of a Department

Has an elected official or other representatives of local governments disagreed with this categorization of the mandate? ___Yes _X_No. If "yes," please explain why there is disagreement in the categorization.

Please elaborate as to why a rule that contains a state mandate on local government is necessary.

While most licensee facilities in Colorado are privately owned, some medical facilities may be wholly or partially owned or operated by a local government, town, county or special district. However, for consistency with the national framework for regulation of radioactive materials and consistent with Colorado's agreement with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, all facilities regardless or ownership, must adhere to the same public health and safety requirements and regulations for use of radioactive materials in Colorado. The proposed rule changes provide both regulatory relief and an increase in some requirements and will therefore equally impact all types of medical facilities using radioactive materials whether privately or governmentally owned or operated.

DRAFT REGULATORY ANALYSIS 6 CCR 1007-1 Part 3, Licensing of radioactive materials 6 CCR 1007-1 Part 7, Use of radionuclides in the healing arts

1. A description of the classes of persons affected by the proposed rule, including the classes that will bear the costs and the classes that will benefit from the proposed rule.

Group of persons/entities Affected by the Proposed Rule	Size of the Group	Relationship to the Proposed Rule Select category: C/CLG/S/B
Healing arts (medical) facilities holding a Department license to use or prepare radioactive materials for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes on humans. This includes hospitals, clinics, and private medical practices.	89	C / CLG
Licensed nuclear pharmacy facilities that prepare radioactive materials for end use at medical facilities.	6	C*
Private companies providing services to medical licensees.	3	С
Other stakeholders who requested notification of proposed medical related radiation rule changes including private organizations and companies that may collectively represent medical facilities and/or specific practitioners that use radioactive materials in the practice of medicine. This includes individuals associated with professional associations, societies and organizations that may represent hospitals, physicians, medical physicists, radiologic technologists, and allied health professions.	400+	S
Human patients undergoing medical procedures involving use of radioactive materials and their families (per yr) in Colorado.	350k+	В

^{*} With a few limited exceptions, nuclear pharmacy licensees fall within the requirements of Part 3 but are not required to implement most requirements of Part 7 since they prepare but do not administer radioactive materials to patients. Certain provisions of Part 3 defer to Part 7 for specific requirements applicable to nuclear pharmacies.

While all are stakeholders, groups of persons/entities connect to the rule and the problem being solved by the rule in different ways. To better understand those different relationships, the following relationship categorization key is used:

C = individuals/entities that implement or apply the rule.

CLG = local governments that must implement the rule in order to remain in compliance with the law.

S = individuals/entities that do not implement or apply the rule but are interested in others applying the rule.

B = the individuals that are ultimately served, including the customers of our customers. These individuals may benefit, be harmed by or be atrisk because of the standard communicated in the rule or the manner in which the rule is implemented.

More than one category may be appropriate for some stakeholders.

To the extent practicable, a description of the probable quantitative and qualitative impact of the proposed rule, economic or otherwise, upon affected classes of persons.

Economic outcomes

Summarize the financial costs and benefits, include a description of costs that must be incurred, costs that may be incurred, any Department measures taken to reduce or eliminate these costs, any financial benefits.

Financial/economic costs:

C and CLG: Licensees - including those that are governmental owned, operated, or otherwise affiliated - who use radioactive materials at medical facilities will be required to modify some aspects of their radiation safety program to meet the proposed requirements. Licensees will need to expend some resources to:

- Update the written approval and authorizations for associate radiation safety officers (ARSO's), with the primary radiation safety officer assigning tasks and duties to those ARSO's in writing;
- Amend written procedures and forms for written directives to address changes in permanent implant brachytherapy procedures;
- Minor updates to written procedures to address notification requirements for generator breakthrough.

Financial/economic benefits:

Licensees are expected to benefit through cost savings due to the elimination or easing of certain requirements that should require less resources. Cost savings are expected as a result of:

- Removal of the requirement to obtain and submit a written attestation statement for most board certified physicians when requesting an amendment to add them to a license;
- Allowing the grandfathering of certain experienced authorized user physicians when adding them to a license;
- Easing the requirement for reporting of breakthrough of generator contaminants, allowing licensees additional time to determine if an actual breakthrough has occurred;
- Providing allowances for Ophthalmic physicists who are not necessarily fully
 qualified as Authorized Medical Physicists (AMP) to perform certain activities
 with these sources. This may benefit some rural facilities as certain activities
 typically reserved to the AMP could be performed by another individual
 specifically training and qualified on these sources;
- Requiring the use of activity based (versus the current dose-based) reporting
 criteria for medical events for permanent implant brachytherapy. Activity
 based reporting is expected to be easier for licensees to implement due to the
 technical limitations of dose-based determinations and reporting.

Expense/cost	Description	Cost per
type	·	licensee
Initial (one	Cost to implement the proposed requirements	<\$1,100**
time)	per licensee	
Annual	Cost to maintain ongoing compliance with the	\$100
	proposed requirements	

**The estimated initial cost per licensee is based on estimates of similar rule changes evaluated by NRC as part of the 2018 amendment to 10 CFR Part 35. The initial cost per licensee is likely to be less for Colorado licensees due to:

- The higher labor rates assumed by NRC for some calculations. For example, NRC assumed that revisions to procedures for written directives would be developed by individuals in the physician category. In reality, this activity is likely to be performed by the medical physicist/RSO at a lower labor rate than a physician.
- Up until the 2018 federal rule change, only the primary RSO could be named on an NRC license. However, Colorado and other agreement states have for many years, allowed both a primary RSO and Alternate RSO to be named on the license, holding both to the same training and experience requirements. Since that documentation has been previously submitted to the division, Colorado licensees will not have to expend efforts to make this transition. Colorado will administratively amend licenses to convert from the current Alternate RSO terminology to Associate RSO terminology without effort or expenditure from Colorado licensees.

Please describe any anticipated financial costs or benefits to these individuals/entities.

- S: There are no anticipated financial costs or benefits to these entities as a result of the proposed changes.
- B: There are no anticipated financial costs or benefits to these entities as a result of the proposed changes. The rule changes are not expected to increase or change the cost of imaging or treatment services.

Non-economic outcomes

Summarize the anticipated favorable and non-favorable non-economic outcomes (short-term and long-term), and, if known, the likelihood of the outcomes for each affected class of persons by the relationship category.

C/CLG: The favorable outcomes for licensees (regulated entities) and the personnel that work for them, is that licenses and the radiation safety programs they conduct will be consistent and align with the national framework for regulating radioactive materials. Individuals named as Associate RSOs on licenses will be able to work in other states where similar requirements have been implemented.

B: Overall, the proposed requirements are expected to benefit patient safety. The enhanced requirements for reporting of actual or potential medical events resulting from permanent implant brachytherapy helps ensure that problems are identified promptly in order to detect failures in process, procedure, and training and limit unneeded exposure to future patients. Similarly, requiring manufacturer training prior to the first patient use of a therapy system will help ensure staff are appropriately trained on any new updates or therapy treatment systems prior to first patient use. The proposed rule updates,

clarifies and strengthens the existing regulatory requirements, and, thereby, promotes public health and safety.

- S: Organizations such as medical societies or associations (formally or informally) will not be directly impacted by the proposed changes and will not have favorable or non-favorable outcomes. Only the facilities/entities they represent will be impacted.
- 3. The probable costs to the agency and to any other agency of the implementation and enforcement of the proposed rule and any anticipated effect on state revenues.
 - A. Anticipated CDPHE personal services, operating costs or other expenditures:

The initial 1st year costs (outline below) primarily involve the administrative amendments to licenses to convert to the new associate radiation safety officer terminology. The ongoing regulatory program costs beyond the first year are expected to be "net neutral" as these will be absorbed into the routine licensing and inspection activities costs.

Type of Expenditure	Year 1	Year 2
Cost to administratively amend ~83 licenses to convert to the Associate RSO term.	\$4,565	N/A*
Licensing and compliance activities associated other amended requirements in the rules are expected to be absorbed into routine activities with no additional expenditures by the division.	N/A	N/A
Total	\$4,565	N/A

^{*}Beyond the initial conversion to the Associate RSO terminology, no additional expenses are anticipated, as routine license changes and updates are part of and absorbed into the normal licensing business processes.

Anticipated CDPHE Revenues: NA

B. Anticipated personal services, operating costs or other expenditures by another state agency: NA

Anticipated Revenues for another state agency: NA

4. A comparison of the probable costs and benefits of the proposed rule to the probable costs and benefits of inaction.

Along with the costs and benefits discussed above, the proposed revisions:

- _X_ Comply with a statutory mandate to promulgate rules.
- _X_ Comply with federal or state statutory mandates, federal or state regulations, and Department funding obligations.
- _X_ Maintain alignment with other states or national standards.
- _X_ Implement a Regulatory Efficiency Review (rule review) result
- _X_ Improve public and environmental health practice.
- _X_ Implement stakeholder feedback.

Advance the following CDPHE Strategic Plan priorities (select all that apply):

1.	Reduce Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions economy-wide from 125.716 million metric tons of CO2e (carbon dioxide equivalent) per year to 119.430 million metric tons of CO2e per year by June 30, 2020 and to 113.144 million metric tons of CO2e by June 30, 2023.
	Contributes to the blueprint for pollution reduction Reduces carbon dioxide from transportation
	Reduces methane emissions from oil and gas industry Reduces carbon dioxide emissions from electricity sector
2.	Reduce ozone from 83 parts per billion (ppb) to 80 ppb by June 30, 2020 and 75 ppb by June 30, 2023.
	Reduces volatile organic compounds (VOC) and oxides of nitrogen (NOx) from the oil and gas industry.
	Supports local agencies and COGCC in oil and gas regulations. Reduces VOC and NOx emissions from non-oil and gas contributors
3.	Decrease the number of Colorado adults who have obesity by 2,838 by June 30, 2020 and by 12,207 by June 30, 2023.
	Increases the consumption of healthy food and beverages through education, policy, practice and environmental changes. Increases physical activity by promoting local and state policies to improve active
	transportation and access to recreation. Increases the reach of the National Diabetes Prevention Program and Diabetes Self-Management Education and Support by collaborating with the Department of Health Care Policy and Financing.
4.	Decrease the number of Colorado children (age 2-4 years) who participate in the WIC Program and have obesity from 2120 to 2115 by June 30, 2020 and to 2100 by June 30, 2023.
	Ensures access to breastfeeding-friendly environments.
5.	Reverse the downward trend and increase the percent of kindergartners protected against measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) from 87.4% to 90% (1,669 more kids) by June 30, 2020 and increase to 95% by June 30, 2023.
	Reverses the downward trend and increase the percent of kindergartners protected against measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) from 87.4% to 90% (1,669 more kids) by June 30, 2020 and increase to 95% by June 30, 2023.
	Performs targeted programming to increase immunization rates. Supports legislation and policies that promote complete immunization and exemption data in the Colorado Immunization Information System (CIIS).
6.	Colorado will reduce the suicide death rate by 5% by June 30, 2020 and 15% by June 30, 2023.

 Creates a roadmap to address suicide in Colorado. Improves youth connections to school, positive peers and caring adults, and promotes healthy behaviors and positive school climate. Decreases stigma associated with mental health and suicide, and increases help-seeking behaviors among working-age males, particularly within high-risk industries. Saves health care costs by reducing reliance on emergency departments and connects to responsive community-based resources.
7. The Office of Emergency Preparedness and Response (OEPR) will identify 100% of jurisdictional gaps to inform the required work of the Operational Readiness Review by June 30, 2020.
Conducts a gap assessment. Updates existing plans to address identified gaps. Develops and conducts various exercises to close gaps.
8. For each identified threat, increase the competency rating from 0% to 54% for outbreak/incident investigation steps by June 30, 2020 and increase to 92% competency rating by June 30, 2023.
 Uses an assessment tool to measure competency for CDPHE's response to an outbreak or environmental incident. Works cross-departmentally to update and draft plans to address identified gaps noted in the assessment. Conducts exercises to measure and increase performance related to identified gaps in the outbreak or incident response plan.
9. 100% of new technology applications will be virtually available to customers, anytime and anywhere, by June 20, 2020 and 90 of the existing applications by June 30, 2023.
 Implements the CDPHE Digital Transformation Plan. Optimizes processes prior to digitizing them. Improves data dissemination and interoperability methods and timeliness.
10. Reduce CDPHE's Scope 1 & 2 Greenhouse Gas emissions (GHG) from 6,561 metric tons (in FY2015) to 5,249 metric tons (20% reduction) by June 30, 2020 and 4,593 tons (30% reduction) by June 30, 2023.
Reduces emissions from employee commuting Reduces emissions from CDPHE operations
11. Fully implement the roadmap to create and pilot using a budget equity assessment by June 30, 2020 and increase the percent of selected budgets using the equity assessment from 0% to 50% by June 30, 2023.
Used a budget equity assessment
Advance CDPHE Division-level strategic priorities.

The costs and benefits of the proposed rule will not be incurred if inaction was chosen. Costs and benefits of inaction not previously discussed include:

The cost of inaction will result in Colorado regulations being inconsistent with the national framework and federal regulations pertaining to use of radioactive materials at medical facilities. Failing to have final regulations that are compatible with those of the NRC could result in enhanced regulatory oversight of the radiation program and potential revocation of authorization as an agreement state.

5. A determination of whether there are less costly methods or less intrusive methods for achieving the purpose of the proposed rule.

Rulemaking is proposed when it is the least costly method or the only statutorily allowable method for achieving the purpose of the statute or state agreement. The specific revisions proposed in this rulemaking were developed in conjunction with stakeholders on a national level. Local stakeholders also provided feedback regarding certain proposed provisions. The benefits, risks and costs of these proposed revisions were compared to the costs and benefits of other options. The proposed revisions provide the most benefit for the least amount of cost, are the minimum necessary or are the most feasible manner to achieve compliance with statute and federal regulations.

6. Alternative Rules or Alternatives to Rulemaking Considered and Why Rejected.

Other than the modifications described for 7.10.5 based on stakeholder feedback, no alternative rules or alternative rulemaking was considered. To varying degrees, Colorado's rules pertaining to radiation control must be maintained consistent with the regulations of the U.S. NRC in order to maintain its status as an Agreement State. Also see response #4 and 5.

7. To the extent practicable, a quantification of the data used in the analysis; the analysis must take into account both short-term and long-term consequences.

With the exception of the proposed change pertaining to individuals specifically authorized for administration of radioactive materials to patients, the proposed changes to the requirements in Part 7 and Part 3 are based upon changes to the overarching federal regulations which establish a national and consistent framework for regulation of radioactive materials in medicine. The last major revision to the federal regulation took place in 2002. Since that time, the medical community and other stakeholders have identified issues and concerns on a national level regarding the implementation of certain requirements. A number of medical events occurring on a national level have also affected change in federal regulations. These were taken into consideration in the development of final federal regulations on a national basis. The discussion, considerations, and evaluation of the federal rule changes may be found in the following federal register document:

Federal Register Volume 83, Issue 136 (July 16, 2018)

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

for Amendments to 6 CCR 1007-1 Part 3, Licensing of radioactive materials 6 CCR 1007-1 Part 7, Use of radionuclides in the healing arts

State law requires agencies to establish a representative group of participants when considering to adopt or modify new and existing rules. This is commonly referred to as a stakeholder group.

Early Stakeholder Engagement:

The following individuals and/or entities were invited to provide input and included in the development of these proposed rules:

Organization	Representative Name and Title
	(if known)
Medical licensees in Colorado.	Radiation Safety Officer(s)
Nuclear pharmacy licensees in Colorado.	Radiation Safety Officer(s)
Medical related service provider licensees in Colorado.	Radiation Safety Officer(s)
Medical related associations, societies and organizations.	NA
Other stakeholders with interest in changes to rules and	NA
regulations pertaining to radiation control.	

Approximately 500+ stakeholders (identified above) were notified by email of the opportunity to provide comment on the proposed draft rules which were posted on the department website. Two stakeholder meetings were held in January and February to provide stakeholders the opportunity to hear a presentation on the proposed regulations and to provide feedback and ask questions. A total of three individuals attended the two meetings - two by phone and one in person. The department received comment letters from two of the attendees.

Stakeholder Group Notification

The stakeholder group was provided notice of the rulemaking hearing and provided a copy of the proposed rules or the internet location where the rules may be viewed. Notice was provided prior to the date the notice of rulemaking was published in the Colorado Register (typically, the 10th of the month following the Request for Rulemaking).

X	Not applicable. This is a Request for Rulemaking Packet. Notification will occur
	if the Board of Health sets this matter for rulemaking.
	Yes.

Summarize Major Factual and Policy Issues Encountered and the Stakeholder Feedback Received. If there is a lack of consensus regarding the proposed rule, please also identify the Department's efforts to address stakeholder feedback or why the Department was unable to accommodate the request.

The primary feedback received in two comment letters from stakeholders was in regard to the potential limitations of 7.10.5 as originally proposed and the removal of an alternate pathway for nuclear medicine technologists (NMTs) in Appendix 7N. These proposed changes are not associated with the other federal rule changes but are based on the division's desire

to remove ambiguity from the current rule, to enhance the tie between the definition for a nuclear medicine technologist (7.2), the supervision requirements of 7.10, and Appendix 7N, and to allow flexibility in applying training requirements for non-technologists. While some states require licensure of NMTs in a manner similar to that for physicians, nurses and other allied health professionals, Colorado does not have such a requirement and therefore the division defers to national certification requirements.

Stakeholders commented that the rule as proposed in 7.10.5 did not address students in nuclear medicine technology or others who may handle, assay and inject radioactive material under supervision as part of their initial or ongoing training. Similarly, stakeholders also noted that some specific procedures involving radioactive materials may involve administration of radionuclides by non-nuclear medicine personnel due to the unique qualifications of those individuals in order to optimize patient imaging or treatment.

As a result of these comments the division has revised the language in 7.10.5 to include an allowance for individuals in-training for nuclear medicine or medical physics. Also included in the revised proposed rule is the option for a case-by-case evaluation and authorization process (by the division) that would allow individual(s) to use materials under the supervision of an AU named on the license and who do not fit any of the other user categories in 7.10.5. We believe the revised proposed language provides flexibility and would allow for a variety of situations where radioactive materials may be handled or administered by persons not falling within the other more common categories addressed in 7.10.5.

A stakeholder commented that the proposal to remove the alternate pathway for training of nuclear medicine technologists in Appendix 7N is inconsistent with the other radiation professional positions defined in the rule, such as the Radiation Safety Officer, Authorized Users, etc. all of which have alternate pathways that would allow them to be named on a license. The commenter stated that the alternate pathway is needed to provide flexibility to facilities to ensure qualified persons are available for facilities to provide essential care in nuclear medicine.

While the division recognizes the need to have qualified personnel to perform nuclear medicine procedures we disagree that the alternate pathway is the best approach for achieving this for NMTs. It should be noted that the alternate pathway training requirements for all other authorized individuals (non-NMTs) named on the license are driven by federal regulation. The current federal structure does not mention or recognize NMTs in regulation or in the licensing process. Other than national certification requirements for NMTs, we are unaware of a nationally recognized or consistent approach for training of individuals to serve as NMTs or carry out certain functions normally performed by NMTs. While the elimination of the alternate pathway might present challenges for a very limited number of facilities, the division feels that the alternate pathway criteria for nuclear medicine technologists is generally inadequate to qualify an individual as an NMT. The criteria in current rule gives the wrong impression that it requires only a limited number hours for an individual to achieve status as an NMT to perform all types of nuclear medicine related activities. Conversely, the criteria found in the alternate pathway may be an excessive amount of training for some limited administration of radioactive material by non-NMTs.

Unlike other authorized individuals named on the license whose qualifications are reviewed up front during licensing activities, the training and experience of NMTs present a challenge to the division as this information is normally only evaluated during routine inspections. We believe the updated proposed language of 7.10.5 affords facilities the opportunity to provide

additional information on how individuals might be trained for their specific application and needs. At least two licensees in Colorado have license conditions in place to address specific and limited handling, use, or administration of radioactive materials by non-NMTs.

Stakeholders had a few questions regarding implementation of the proposed changes driven by federal rule but did not suggest specific changes to those proposed requirements and changes.

Please identify the determinants of health or other health equity and environmental justice considerations, values or outcomes related to this rulemaking: None.

Overall, after considering the benefits, risks and costs, the proposed rule:

Select all that apply.

Improves behavioral health and mental health; or, reduces substance abuse or suicide risk.		Reduces or eliminates health care costs, improves access to health care or the system of care; stabilizes individual participation; or, improves the quality of care for unserved or underserved populations.
Improves housing, land use, neighborhoods, local infrastructure, community services, built environment, safe physical spaces or transportation.		Reduces occupational hazards; improves an individual's ability to secure or maintain employment; or, increases stability in an employer's workforce.
Improves access to food and healthy food options.	Х	Reduces exposure to toxins, pollutants, contaminants or hazardous substances; or ensures the safe application of radioactive material or chemicals.
Improves access to public and environmental health information; improves the readability of the rule; or, increases the shared understanding of roles and responsibilities, or what occurs under a rule.		Supports community partnerships; community planning efforts; community needs for data to inform decisions; community needs to evaluate the effectiveness of its efforts and outcomes.
Increases a child's ability to participate in early education and educational opportunities through prevention efforts that increase protective factors and decrease risk factors, or stabilizes individual participation in the opportunity.		Considers the value of different lived experiences and the increased opportunity to be effective when services are culturally responsive.
Monitors, diagnoses and investigates health problems, and health or environmental hazards in the community.	Х	Ensures a competent public and environmental health workforce or health care workforce.
Other:		Other:

Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Division			
RADIATION CONTROL - LICENSING OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL			
6 CC	CR 1007-1 PART <mark>03</mark>		
Edito	r's Notes follow the text of the rules at the end of this CCR Document.]		
Ado 2020	pted by the Board of Health on May 17, 2017 June 17, 2020; effective June 30, 2017 August 14,		
	[* * * = Unaffected sections]		
	* * *		
	3.1.4.4 The materials incorporated by reference in this Part include only those versions		
	that were in effect at the time of the most recent adoption of this Part, and not later amendments to the incorporated material, unless a prior version of the		
	incorporated material is otherwise specifically noted, and in such case that prior version shall apply.		
	verзіон знан арріу.		
	* * *		
	2.6.4.2. Any person who owns, receives, acquires, personnes, uses, owns, or transfers		
	3.6.4.3 Any person who owns, receives, acquires, possesses, uses, owns, or transfers radioactive material in a device pursuant to the general license in 3.6.4.1:		
	(1) * * *		
	(2) * * *		
	(3) * * *		
	(4) * * *		
	(5) * * *		
	(6) * * *		
	(7) * * *		
	(8) * * *		

DRAFT 1 03/09/2020

Commented [JJ1]: EDITORIAL NOTE 1:

These side margin comments as shown here are not part of the rule and are for information only with the intent to aid the reader in understanding the proposed changes in the draft regulations. All side margin comments will be removed prior to publication as a final rule.

EDITORIAL NOTE 2: Except where otherwise indicated, proposed changes herein are derived from NRC Regulatory Action Tracking System (RATS) 2018-1 to address changes made to 10 CFR Part 30, 32 and 35 which were amended in 2018.

NRC regulations may be found at: $\underline{https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-collections/cfr/}$

Commented [JSJ2]: Adoption and effective dates are tentative and subject to change, pending Board of Health meeting schedule, final adoption of the rule, and the Colorado Register publication

Commented [JSJ3]: This new provision is added for consistency with the Colorado Administrative Procedure Act (24-4-103(12.5)(a)(2), CRS), and for consistency with other recent regulatory amendments.

[NON-RATS ITEM]

32		(9)	Shall transfer the device to another general licensee only:
33			(a) Where the device remains in use at a particular location.
34			In such case the transferor shall give the transferee a copy of this
35			regulation and any safety documents identified in the label on the device
36			and within 30 days of the transfer, report to the Department the
37			manufacturer's (or initial transferor's) name and model number and seria
38			number of device transferred, the identity of the radionuclide(s) present
39			and assayed or calculated activity present, the transferee's name and
40			
			mailing address for the location of use, and the name, title, and phone
41			number of the responsible individual identified by the transferee in
42			accordance with 3.6.4.3(12) to have knowledge of and authority to take
43			actions to ensure compliance with the appropriate regulations and
44			requirements; or
45			
46			* * *
47			
47			
48	DECOMMISSIO	ONING V	VARRANTY
49	3.9.5.2	The De	epartment may require any licensee to furnish a decommissioning warranty in a
50	[amount determined by the agency Department as necessary to protect public
51			and safety, to ensure corrective action during operation, to ensure
52			amination and decommissioning of a facility and disposal of radioactive materials
53			event of abandonment, default or inability of the licensee to meet the requirements
54			Act, these regulations, or the license.
υ.		00 /	to, those regulations, or the hostics.
55	3.9.5.3	The fol	lowing specific licensees are required to furnish decommissioning warranties:
56		(1)	Each licensee authorized to possess and use greater than 370 MBg (10 mCi) of
57		(1)	source material in a readily dispersible form; and
37			Source material in a readily dispersible form, and
58		(2)	Each licensee authorized to possess and use radioactive material with a half-life
59		(2)	greater than 120 days, in quantities:
39			greater than 120 days, in quantities.
60			(a) Greater than 10 ³ times the applicable quantity of Schedule 3B in
61			unsealed form. For a combination of isotopes if R divided by 10³ is
62			greater than 1 (unity rule), where R is defined here as the sum of the
63			ratios of the quantity of each isotope to the applicable value in Schedule
64			3B.

Commented [JSJ4]: Correction of typographical error by adding a comma between "name" and "title".

Commented [JSJ5]: Here, and in subsequent sections - where applicable – the more generic "agency" is replaced with "Department" for clarity and specificity.

The model regulations of the Conference of Radiation Control Program Directors (CRCPD) Inc., on which this rule is partly based, typically use the term "agency" in its model rules since the actual regulatory agency regulating sources of radiation varies from state to state. The intent is that each regulatory agency will modify the language and specify its specific name or title.

(b)

(c)

(3)

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72 73 Greater than 1010 times the applicable quantity of Schedule 3B in sealed

sources or plated foils. For a combination of isotopes if R divided by 1010

370 Bq (0.01 μ Ci) shall be used as the Schedule 3B value for any alpha

emitting radionuclide not listed in Schedule 3B, or mixtures of alpha

emitters of unknown composition, for the purpose of determining if the

quantity of licensed radioactive material requires a decommissioning warranty or a decommissioning funding plan as defined in 3.9.6.

Former U.S. Atomic Energy Commission or NRC licensed facilities;

is greater than 1 (unity rule), where R is defined in 3.9.5.3(2)(a).

74	(4)	Radioactive waste collection and/or processing licensees;	
75	(5)	Radioactive waste disposal licensees;	
76	(6)	Source material milling licensees;	
77	(7)	Ore refineries; and	
78 79	(8)	Other persons with, or applicants for, a specific license as determined by the agency Department.	
80			
81		* * *	
82			
83 84 85	an ag	e collectors and waste processors, as defined in Part 4, Appendix D, shall establish encyDepartment-approved decommissioning funding plan to assure the availability ds for decommissioning activities conducted over the life of the licensed facility.	
86			
87		* * *	
88			
89	3.11.5 Specific licens	es of broad scope are subject to the following conditions:	
90	3.11.5.1	Unless specifically authorized, persons licensed pursuant to 3.11 shall not:	
91 92	(1)	Conduct tracer studies in the environment involving direct release of radioactive material;	
93 94 95	(2)	Receive, acquire, own, possess, use; or transfer devices containing 3.7 PBq (100 kCi) or more of radioactive material in sealed sources used for irradiation of materials;	
96 97	(3)	Conduct activities for which a specific license issued by the Department under 3.10, 3.12, or Parts 7, 14, and 18Part 3, 5, or 7 is required; or	Commented [JSJ6]: Provision is modified to correct a past error in cross references, consistent with similar requirements in 10 CFR
98		o. 10, 0.12, or ratto r, 14, and for all 3, 3, or r is required, or	33.17.
99		* * *	
100			
101	3.12.10 Manufacture.	Preparation, or Transfer for Commercial Distribution of Radioactive Drugs for	Commented [JSJ7]: A sentence is added to this provision,
102	Medical Use.		consistent with 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 32.72.
103 104 105 106	3.12.10.1	An application for a specific license to manufacture, prepare, or transfer for commercial distribution radioactive drugs containing radioactive material for use by persons authorized underfor medical use pursuant to Part 7 will be approved if:	NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility B
107	(1)	The applicant satisfies the general requirements specified in 3.9;	
		3	

108	(2)	The ap	pplicant submits evidence that the applicant is at least one of the following:
109 110 111 112		(a)	Registered or licensed with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as the owner or operator of a drug establishment that engages in the manufacture, preparation, propagation, compounding, or processing of a drug under 21 CFR 207.20(a);
113 114		(b)	Registered or licensed with the State Board of Pharmacy as a drug manufacturer;
115		(c)	Licensed as a pharmacy by the State Board of Pharmacy;
116		(d)	Operating as a nuclear pharmacy within a Federal medical institution; or
117 118		(e)	A Positron Emission Tomography (PET) drug production facility registered with the State Board of Pharmacy.
119 120 121 122 123	(3)	physica contain the rac	pplicant submits information on the radionuclide;; the chemical and cal form; the maximum activity per vial, syringe, generator, or other ner of the radioactive drug;; and the shielding provided by the packaging of dioactive material to show it is appropriate for safe handling and storage of dioactive drugs by medical use licensees; and
124	(4)	The ap	oplicant has procedures to assure which commit to the following labeling
125		require	ements:
126 127 128		(a)	A label shall beis affixed to each transport radiation shield, (whether it is constructed of lead, glass, plastic, or other material) of a radioactive drug to be transferred for commercial distribution.
129 130 131 132 133			(i) The label shallmust include the radiation symbol prescribed in 4.27 and the words "CAUTION, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL" or "DANGER, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL"; the name of the radioactive drug or its abbreviation; and the quantity of radioactivity at a specified date and time.
134 135			(ii) For radioactive drugs with a half-life greater than 100 days, the time may be omitted.
136 137 138		(b)	A label shall beis affixed to each syringe, vial, or other container used to hold a radioactive drug to be transferred for commercial distributionand shall include: The label must include:
139 140 141			(i) The radiation symbol prescribed in 4.27 and the words "CAUTION, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL" or "DANGER, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL"; and
142 143 144			(ii) An identifier that ensures that the syringe, vial or other container can be correlated with the information on the transport radiation shield label.
145 146	3.12.10.2		pactive materials licensee who is also licensed by the State Board of hacy: A licensee described by 3.12.10.1(2)(c) or 3.12.10.1(2)(d):
147 148	(1)		repare radioactive drugs for medical use, as defined in Part 1 , Section 1 .2 art 7, provided that the radioactive drug is prepared by either:

Commented [JSJ8]: This provision parallels the requirements in 10 CFR 32.72(a)(4)) to clarify that the applicant has procedures to address the specified labeling requirements. The radiation program wants to retain the ability to review procedures applicable to labeling.

NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility B

149 150		(a)	An authorized nuclear pharmacist, as specified in 3.12.10.2(2) or 3.12.10.2(4), or	
151 152		(b)	An individual under the direct supervision of an authorized nuclear pharmacist as specified in Part 7, Section 7.10;	
153	(2)	May al	low a pharmacist to work as an authorized nuclear pharmacist if:	
154 155		(a)	This individual qualifies as an Authorized Nuclear Pharmacist as defined in Part 7, Section 7.2;	
156 157 158 159		(b)	This individual meets the requirements specified in Part 7_7 Appendix 7C2 and Section 7.65, and the licensee has received a Department an approved license amendment identifying this individual as an authorized nuclear pharmacist; or	
160 161		(c) This	s individual is designated as an authorized nuclear pharmacist in accordance with 3.12.10.2(4).	
162 163	(3)		tions authorized in 3.12.10.2(1) and 3.12.10.2(2) are permitted in spite of estrictive language in license conditions.	
164 165	(4)	•	esignate a pharmacist (as defined in Part 7, Section 7.2) as an authorized r pharmacist if:	
166 167		(a)	The individual was a nuclear pharmacist preparing only radioactive drugs containing accelerator-produced radioactive material, and	
168 169 170 171		(b)	The individual practiced at a pharmacy at a Government agency or Federally recognized Indian Tribe before November 30, 2007 or at all other pharmacies before August 8, 2009, or an earlier date as noticed by the NRC.	
172	(5)	Shall p	rovide to the Department: a copy of each individual's:	
173 174 175 176 177		(a)	A copy of each individual's Ccertification by a specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State as specified in Part 7, Appendix 7C1-with the written attestation signed by a preceptor as required by Part 7, Appendix 7C, Section 7C2.2; or	Commented [JSJ9]: The proposed changes are being made for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 32.72(b)(5)(i). Consistent with other changes related to training and experience requirements in Part 7, the proposed rule removes the written attestation requirement for individuals wanting to be listed as an Authorized Nuclear Pharmacist whose board certification has been
178 179		(b)	The Department, NRC or Agreement State license that allows such work, or	recognized by NRC or an Agreement State. The proposed rule provides some regulatory relief for licensees since
180		(c)	NRC master materials licensee permit, or	the current rule requires both the written attestation and board certification.
181 182 183		(d)	The permit issued by a licensee or NRC master materials permittee of broad scope or the authorization from a commercial nuclear pharmacy authorized to list its own authorized nuclear pharmacist, or	NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility B
184 185 186 187 188		(e)	Documentation that only accelerator-produced radioactive materials were used in the practice of nuclear pharmacy at a Government agency or Federally recognized Indian Tribe before November 30, 2007 or at all other locations of use before August 8, 2009, or an earlier date as noticed by the NRC; and	

189 190 191		(f) A copy of the State pharmacy licensure or registration, no later than 30 days after the date that the licensee allows, under 3.12.10.2(2)(a) and 3.12.10.2(2)(c), the individual to work as an authorized nuclear
192		pharmacist.
193 194	3.12.10.3	A licensee shall possess and use instrumentation to measure the radioactivity of radioactive drugs.
195	(1)	The licensee shall have procedures for use of the instrumentation.
196	(2)	The licensee shall measure, by direct measurement or by combination of
197 198 199		measurements and calculations, the amount of radioactivity in dosages of alpha-, beta- or photon-emitting radioactive drugs prior to transfer for commercial distribution.
200	(3)	In addition, the licensee shall:
201 202 203 204		(a) Perform tests before initial use, periodically, and following repair, on each instrument for accuracy, linearity and geometry dependence, as appropriate for the use of the instrument; and make adjustments when necessary; and
205 206		(b) Check each instrument for constancy and proper operation at the beginning of each day of use.
207	3.12.10.4	A licensee shall satisfy the labeling requirements in 3.12.10.1(4).
208 209	3.12.10. <mark>45</mark>	Nothing in this section relieves the licensee from complying with applicable FDA, Federal, and state requirements governing radioactive drugs.
210	3.12.11 Reserved.	
211 212	3.12.12 Manufacture a Use.	nd Distribution of Sources or Devices Containing Radioactive Material for Medical
213 214 215 216	3.12.12.1	An application for a specific license to manufacture and distribute sources and devices containing radioactive material to persons licensed pursuant to Part 7 for use as a calibration, transmission, or reference source or for the uses listed in Part 7, Sections 7.19, 7.40, 7.42, 7.48 and 7.62 will be approved if:
217	(1)	The applicant satisfies the general requirements in 3.9 of this part;
218 219	(2)	The applicant submits sufficient information regarding each type of source or device pertinent to an evaluation of its radiation safety, including:
220 221		(a) The radioactive material contained, its chemical and physical form, and amount,
222		(b) Details of design and construction of the source or device,
223 224 225		(c) Procedures for, and results of, prototype tests to demonstrate that the source or device will maintain its integrity under stresses likely to be encountered in normal use and accidents,
226 227		(d) For devices containing radioactive material, the radiation profile of a prototype device,
		6

Commented [JSJ10]: This provision formatted for alignment.

Commented [JSJ11]: This is a new provision, added for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 32.72(d).

The provision is added to clarify that the labeling requirements that applicants commit to are also applicable to current licensees. The language of the current rule lacks clarity in this regard.

NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility B

228 229		(e)	Details of quality control procedures to assure that production sources and devices meet the standards of the design and prototype tests,
230		(f)	Procedures and standards for calibrating sources and devices,
231 232		(g)	Legend and methods for labeling sources and devices as to their radioactive content, and
233 234 235 236 237 238 239		(h)	Instructions for handling and storing the source or device from the radiation safety standpoint; these instructions are to be included on a durable label attached to the source or device or attached to a permanent storage container for the source or device; provided, that instructions which are too lengthy for such label may be summarized on the label and printed in detail on a brochure which is referenced on the label;
240 241 242 243 244 245 246	(3)	for the date of Depart and 7.4 that su	bel affixed to the source or device, or to the permanent storage container source or device, contains information on the radionuclide, quantity, and assay, and a statement that the source or device is licensed by the ment for distribution to persons licensed pursuant to Part 7, Sections 7.40 or under equivalent licenses of NRC or an Agreement State, provided the labeling for sources which do not require long term storage may be on the or brochure which accompanies the source;
247 248	(4)	The so Registr	urce or device has been registered in the Sealed Source and Device y.
249			
250			* * *
251	3.12.13.4 Each	person	licensed pursuant to 3.12.13.1 shall:
252	(1)	* * *	
253	(2)	* * *	
254	(3)	* * *	
255	(4)	* * *	
256	(5)	* * *	
257 258 259	(6)		to NRC all transfers of industrial products or devices to persons for use NRC general license in Section 40.25 of 10 CFR Part 40 (January 1,
260			
261			* * *
262 263 264 265 266	99m generator eluates for mol respectively, in	s or rubio ybdenun accorda	g technetium-99m radiopharmaceuticals from molybdenum-99/technetium dium-82 from strontium-82/rubidium-82 generators shall test the generatorn-99 breakthrough or strontium-82 and strontium-85 contamination, unce with Part 7. The licensee shall record the results of each test and years after the record is made. The licensee shall report the results of

Commented [JSJ12]: A sentence is added to this provision, consistent with 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 30.34.

The language adds a reporting requirement for when a generator eluate exceeds specified values.

NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility B

267 268 any test that exceeds the permissible concentration listed in Part 7, Section 7.33.1 at the time of generator elution, in accordance with Part 7, Section 7.33.5. 269 270 271 3.16.2.7 272 Each licensee or person responsible for a facility or site which includes a nonexempt source of radiation or which may be contaminated by residual radioactivity shall, no less than 30 days before vacating or relinquishing possession or control of the facility or site, notify the agencyDepartment, in 273 274 275 276 writing, of the intent to vacate. 277 278 279 Agency Department Action on Applications to Renew and Amend. 280 281

Commented [JSJ13]: Language updated in this provision for consistency with other wording in Section 3.16.2.

282	PART 3, SCHEDULE 3B: EXEMPT QUANTITIES (3.3.2)
283	
284	* * *
285	[EDITORIAL NOTE - NO CHANGES TO MAIN BODY/TABLE OF SCHEDULE 3B]
286	
287 288	Note 1: For purposes of 3.9.5.3(5)(a)(2)(a) and 3.9.5.3(5)(b)(2)(b) where there is involved a combination of radionuclides, the limit for the combination should be derived as follows:
289 290 291	Determine the amount of each radionuclide possessed and divide by 1,000 times the amount in Schedule 3B for each of those radionuclides when not in combination. The sum of the ratios of those quantities may not exceed 1.
292	Example:
	<u>Amount of Radionuclide A possessed</u> + <u>Amount of Radionuclide B possessed</u> ≤ 1
	1000 x Schedule 3B quantity for adionuclide B Radionuclide A.
293	$\underline{\text{Note 2}}\text{: To convert microcuries (μCi) to SI units of kilobecquerels (kBq), multiply the above values by 37.}$
294	Example: Zirconium-97 (10 μCi multiplied by 37 is equivalent to 370 kBq).
295 296	
	* * *
297	• • •
298	
299 300	[EDITORIAL NOTE - NO CHANGES TO REMAINDER OF RULE FOLLOWING FOOTNOTES OF SCHEDULE 3B]

Commented [JSJ14]: Correction of cross-reference errors in footnotes of Schedule 3B as item "(5)" does not exist.

1	DRAFT 1 03/09/202
2	DEPARTMENT OF

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

- 3 **Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Division**
- 4 **RADIATION CONTROL - USE OF RADIONUCLIDES IN THE HEALING ARTS**
- 6 CCR 1007-1 Part 07
- [Editor's Notes follow the text of the rules at the end of this CCR Document.] 6

7

- Adopted by the Board of Health June 17, 2020, effective date August 14, 2020
- 9 PART 7: USE OF RADIONUCLIDES IN THE HEALING ARTS
- 10 **USE OF RADIONUCLIDES IN THE HEALING ARTS**
- 11 Section A - General Information
- 12 7.1 Purpose and Scope. Purpose and scope.
- 13 7.1.1 Authority

8

- Rules and regulations set forth herein are adopted pursuant to the provisions of sections 25-1-14 15 108, 25-1.5-101(1)(I), and 25-11-104, CRS.
- Basis and Purpose. 7.1.2 16
- 17 A statement of basis and purpose accompanies this part and changes to this part. A copy may be obtained from the Department. 18
- 19 7.1.3 Scope.

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2.7

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- This part establishes requirements and provisions for the production, preparation, compounding and use of radionuclides in the healing arts and for issuance of licenses authorizing the medical use of this material. These requirements and provisions provide for the protection of the public health and radiation safety of workers, the general public, patients, and human research subjects. The requirements and provisions of this part are in addition to, and not in substitution for, others in these regulations.
- 26 Applicability. 7.1.4
- The requirements and provisions of these regulations apply to applicants and licensees subject to 28 this part unless specifically exempted.
 - Published Material Incorporated by Reference.
- 7.1.5.1 Published material incorporated in Part 7 by reference is available in accord with 1.4.In 30 accordance with Section 24-4-103(12.5)(c), CRS, 31 https://www.colorado.gov/cdphe/radregs identifies where incorporated material is 32 33 available to the public on the internet at no cost. If the incorporated material is not 34 available on the internet at no cost to the public, copies of the incorporated 35 material has been provided to the State Publications Depository and Distribution 36 Center, also known as the State Publications Library. The State Librarian at the

Commented [JJ15]:

EDITORIAL NOTE 1:

These side margin comments as shown here are not part of the rule and are for information only, with the intent to aid the reader in understanding the proposed changes in the draft regulations. All side margin comments will be removed prior to publication as a final rule and are not part of the rule.

EDITORIAL NOTE 2:

Most of the proposed changes in this draft rule are based on the 2018 changes to U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) federal rules in 10 CFR Part 30, 32 and 35. Final NRC regulations may be found at: https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-collections/cfr/. Links to specific CFR sections are also provided in the side margin comments for the draft rule. Additionally, the changes to federal rule are summarized/consolidated in NRC Regulatory Action Tracking System (RATS) 2018-1 which is referenced in the side margin comments when applicable.

EDITORIAL NOTE 3:

Throughout the side margin comments for select provisions, the NRC compatibility category may be listed. Information on NRC compatibility may be found on page 6 of NRC procedure SA-200 at: https://scp.nrc.gov/impeptoolbox/impepcompatibility.html.

EDITORIAL NOTE 4:

The NRC has issued implementation guidance on the federal regulations. These may be found at: https://www.nrc.gov/docs/ML1817/ML18176A377.pdf

Commented [JSJ16]: Note that adoption and effective dates are tentative and subject to change, pending Board of Health meeting schedule, final adoption of the rule, and the Colorado Register publication dates.

Commented [JSJ17]: Here and throughout the rule, a new section headers are added for consistency with the format of 10 CFR 35. For example, 10 CFR 35 has "Subpart A". In Part 7, this is referred to as "Section A'

Commented [JJ18]: For consistency with other recent rule revisions, the following standard language is added.

37 38				tion Library retains a copy of the material and will make the copy ne public.
39		7 1 5 2 Tho m	atoriale	incorporated by reference in this Part include only those versions
40				ffect at the time of the most recent adoption of this Part, and not later
41				to the incorporated material, unless a prior version of the
		aiileii	umems	estable attended material, unless a prior version of the
42				material is otherwise specifically noted, and in such case that prior
43			on shall	арріу.
44	7.2	Definitions.	41-	
45			•	ese terms have the definitions set forth as follows:
46 47				s the building(s) identified on the license where radioactive material may , received, used or stored.
48 49				portion of an address of use that has been set aside for the purpose of eceiving, using, or storing radioactive material.
50		"Associate R	adiation	Safety Officer" means, for the purposes of Part 7, an individual who:
51		(1)	Meets	the requirements in Appendix 7A and 7.65; and
52		(2)	Is curi	rently identified as an Associate Radiation Safety Officer for the types
53		. ,		of radioactive material for which the individual has been assigned
54			duties	and tasks by the Radiation Safety Officer on:
55 56			a.	A specific medical use license issued by the Department, NRC or an Agreement State;
57			b.	A medical use permit issued by an NRC master material licensee.
58 59		"Authorized m Appendix 7B;		sysicist" (AMP) means an individual who meets the requirements of
60		(1)	Is iden	tified as an authorized medical physicist or teletherapy physicist on:
61 62			a.	A specific medical license issued by the Department, NRC, or Agreement State:
				· ·
63			b.	A medical use permit issued by an NRC master material license;
64			C.	A permit issued by an NRC or Agreement State broad scope medical
65			0.	use licensee; or
66			d.	A permit issued by an NRC master material license broad scope medical
67			u.	use license
68		"Authorized no	ıclear nh	armacist" (ANP) means a pharmacist who meets the requirements of
69		Appendix 7C;		amadet (1.111) means a phamidolet who meets the requirements of
0)		Appendix 70,	O.	
70		(1)	Is iden	tified as an authorized nuclear pharmacist on:
71			a.	A specific license issued by the Department, NRC, or Agreement State
72				that authorizes medical use or the practice of nuclear pharmacy;

Commented [JSJ19]: This provision is added for consistency with the Colorado Administrative Procedure Act (24-4-103(12.5)(a)(2), CRS).

[NON-RATS ITEM]

Commented [JJ20]: Definition added, consistent with 2018 amendments to <u>10 CFR Part 35.2</u>

The addition of this definition will specifically permit the addition of one or more person(s) to serve as an associate to the primary radiation safety officer identified on a specific radioactive material license for medical use, provided they meet the applicable requirements of Part 7 or are already designated on another Department, NRC or agreement state license as such.

NRC Compatibility B NRC RATS 2018-1

73 74	b.	A permit issued by an NRC master material license that authorizes medical use or the practice of nuclear pharmacy;
75 76 77	c.	A permit issued by an NRC or Agreement State broad scope medical use licensee that authorizes medical use or the practice of nuclear pharmacy; or
78 79 80	d.	A permit issued by an NRC master material license broad scope medical use permitee that authorizes medical use or the practice of nuclear pharmacy; or
81 82		identified as an authorized nuclear pharmacist by a commercial nuclear narmacy that has been authorized to identify authorized nuclear pharmacists; or
83	(3) Is	designated as an authorized nuclear pharmacist in accordance with Part 3.
84 85		(AU) means a physician, dentist, or podiatrist who meets the applicable ppendix 7D through Appendix 7M; or
86	(1) Is	identified as an authorized user on:
87 88	a.	A Department, NRC, or Agreement State license that authorizes the medical use of radioactive material;
89 90	b.	A permit issued by an NRC master material license that is authorized to permit the medical use of radioactive material;
91 92 93	c.	A permit issued by an NRC or Agreement State specific licensee of broad scope that is authorized to permit the medical use of radioactive material; or
94 95 96	d.	A permit issued by an NRC master material license broad scope permitee that is authorized to permit the medical use of radioactive material.
97 98 99	sealed sources ar	neans a method of radiation therapy in which plated, embedded, activated, or e utilized to deliver a radiation dose at a distance of up to a few centimeters, by ary, intraluminal or interstitial application.
100 101 102		ource" means a radioactive source or a manufacturer-assembled source train or these sources that is designed to deliver a therapeutic dose within a distance of
103 104	"Client" means, fo medical service is	r mobile medical service, the person for whom, or in conjunction with whom, provided.
105 106	"Client's address" in accordance with	means the address of use for the purpose of providing mobile medical service n 7.27.
107 108		source" means a radioactive source that is used to assure the consistent ation detection or measurement device over several months or years.
109 110		n individual licensed by a State or Territory of the United States, the District of ommonwealth of Puerto Rico to practice dentistry.
111 112		I procedures manual" means a collection of written procedures that describes other instructions and precautions) by which the licensee performs diagnostic

clinical procedures; where each diagnostic clinical procedure has been approved by the

4

the case of sealed sources for diagnosis, the procedure.

authorized user and includes the radiopharmaceutical, dosage, and route of administration, or in

113

114

115

116	HDR, see high dose-rate remote alterioader.	
117 118	"High dose-rate remote afterloader" (HDR) means a device that remotely delivers a dose rate in excess of 12 gray (1200 rad) per hour at the treatment site.	
119	"LDR", see low dose-rate remote afterloader.	
120 121	"Low dose-rate remote afterloader" (LDR) means a device that remotely delivers a dose rate of less than or equal to 2 gray (200 rad) per hour at the treatment site (at the specified distance).	
122 123	"Management" means the chief executive officer, or other individual having the authority to manage, direct, or administer the licensee's activities, or such person's' delegate(s).	
124 125	"Manual brachytherapy" means a type of therapy in which brachytherapy sources are manually applied or inserted.	
126	"MDR", see medium dose-rate remote afterloader".	
127 128	"Medical institution" means an organization in which two or more medical disciplines are practiced.	
129	"Medical event" means an event that meets the criteria in 7.21.1 or 7.21.2.	Commented [JSJ21]: For consistency with NRC language in 10
130 131 132	"Medical use" means, for the purposes of Part 7, the intentional internal or external administration of radioactive material or the radiation from radioactive material to patients or human research subjects under the supervision of an authorized user.	CFR Part 35, medical event replaces the current "misadministration" term here and throughout the rule.
133 134 135 136	"Medium dose-rate remote afterloader" (MDR) means a brachytherapy device that remotely delivers a dose rate of greater than 2 gray (200 rads) per hour, but less than, or equal to, 12 gray (1200 rads) per hour at the treatment site (at the specified distance)point or surface where the dose is prescribed.	Commented [JJ22]: Updated for consistency with same definition in 10 CFR 35.2. Compatibility D.
137	Misadministration" means an event that meets the criteria in 7.21.	Commented [JSJ23]: This term is deleted here and is replaced
138 139	"Mobile medical service" means the transportation of radioactive material to, or its medical use at, the client's address and/or a temporary job site.	by "medical event", consistent with the terminology of 10 CFR 35.
140 141 142 143	"Nuclear medicine technologist" (NMT) means an individual who meets the requirements of Appendix 7N and who under the supervision of an authorized user prepares or administers radioactive drugs to patients or human research subjects, or performs <i>in vivo</i> or <i>in vitro</i> measurements for medical purposes.	
144 145 146	"Nuclear medicine technology" means the science and art of in vivo and in vitro detection and measurement of radioactivity and the administration of radioactive drugs to patients or human research subjects for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes.	
147	"Ophthalmic physicist" means an individual who:	Commented [JJ24]: Definition for "Ophthalmic physicist" added, consistent with 2018 amendments to 10 CFR Part 35.2.
148	(1) Meets the requirements in 7.41.6.1(2) and 7.65; and	The addition of this definition will specifically permit the addition of
149	(2) Is identified as an ophthalmic physicist on a:	person(s) to serve as an ophthalmic physicist provided they meet the applicable requirements of Part 7 or are already designated on another Department, NRC or agreement state license for such use.
		NRC Compatibility B NRC RATS 2018-1

150 151		a.	Specific medical use license issued by the Department, NRC or an Agreement State;
152 153		b.	Permit issued by the Department, NRC or Agreement State broad scope medical use licensee;
154		c.	Medical use permit issued by a NRC master material licensee; or
155 156		d.	Permit issued by a NRC master material licensee broad scope medical use permittee.
157 158 159	rates, from a b	rachythe	posure rate, dose rate, or a quantity related in a known manner to these rapy source, or a teletherapy, remote afterloader, or gamma stereotactic specified set of exposure conditions.
160 161 162		nintentio	leans actions by the patient or human research subject, whether snal, such as dislodging or removing treatment devices or prematurely tration.
163	"PDR", see pul	sed dose	e-rate remote afterloader.
164 165 166		the Con	individual licensed by a State or Territory of the United States, the District amonwealth of Puerto Rico to practice pharmacy. (See also Authorized
167 168			ndividual licensed by a State or Territory of the United States, the District nmonwealth of Puerto Rico to prescribe drugs in the practice of medicine.
169 170			ndividual licensed by a State or Territory of the United States, the District nonwealth of Puerto Rico to practice podiatry.
171 172 173 174 175 176	for an individua authorized nu Officera radiat authorized nuc	al to beco clear ph ion safet lear pha	Individual who provides, directs or verifies training and experience required ome an authorized user, an authorized medical physicist, an authorized, a Radiation Safety Officer, an Associate Radiation Safety officer, an authorized user, an authorized medical physicist, an authorized user, an authorized medical physicist, an authorized rediction technologist, or a radiation therapy indices 7A through 7Q7M, and 7P).
177 178	"Prescribed do documented in		eans the specified activity or range of activity of a radioactive drug as
179	(1)	A writte	en directive as specified in 7.11; or
180 181	(2)		ance with the directions of the authorized user for procedures performed nt to 7.30, 7.32, or 7.36.
182	"Prescribed do	se" meai	ns:
183 184	(1)	For gar	mma stereotactic radiosurgery, the total dose as documented in the written re;
185 186	(2)		etherapy, the total dose and dose per fraction as documented in the directive;
187 188	(3)		nual brachytherapy, either the total source strength and exposure time or all dose, as documented in the written directive; or

Commented [JJ25]: Definition updated, consistent with 2018 amendments to 10 CFR Part 35.2.

The changes to this definition incorporate the Associate Radiation Safety Officer term as defined earlier in this section.

The reference to preceptors for nuclear medicine technologists is removed as this term is proposed for removal from Appendix 7N. The reference to preceptors for radiation therapy technologists is excluded since that term is only used in Appendix 7O which is proposed for deletion (in its entirety).

NRC Compatibility D NRC <u>RATS 2018-1</u>

189 190	(4)	For remote brachytherapy afterloaders, the total dose and dose per fraction as documented in the written directive.
191 192 193		rate remote afterloader" (PDR) means a special type of remote afterloading device gle source capable of delivering dose rates (at the specified distance) in the "high
193	dose-rate rang	ge, but.
194 195	(1)	Is approximately one-tenth of the activity of typical high dose-rate remote afterloader sources; and
196 197	(2)	Is used to simulate the radiobiology of a low dose rate treatment by inserting the source for a given fraction of each hour.
198 199 200 201	demonstrated accord with 7.7	ety officer" (RSO) means, for the purposes of Part 7, an individual who has sufficient knowledge to apply radiation protection regulations appropriately, who in 7 has been assigned such responsibility by the licensee, and who meets the n Appendix 7A; or
202	(1)	Is identified as a Radiation Safety Officer on:
203 204		 A specific medical use license issued by the Department, NRC, or Agreement State; or
205		b. A medical use permit issued by an NRC master material licensee.
206 207 208	Appendix 70 a	rapy technologist" (RTT) means an individual who meets the requirements of and is under the supervision of an authorized user to perform procedures and apply ed from sealed radioactive sources to human beings for therapeutic purposes.
209	"Radiation the	rapy technology" means the science and art of applying radiation emitted from
210		tive sources to patients or human research subjects for therapeutic purposes.
211 212 213	used on or adr	rug" means any chemical compound containing radioactive material that may be ministered to patients or human research subjects as an aid in the diagnosis, prevention of disease or other abnormal condition.
214 215 216	matrix designe	e" means radioactive material that is permanently bonded or fixed in a capsule or ed to prevent release and dispersal of the radioactive material under the most ons which are likely to be encountered in normal use and handling.
217 218 219 220	certificates ma safety informa	e and Device Registry" means the national registry that contains the registration intained by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, that summarize the radiation tion for the sealed sources and devices and describe the licensing and use proved for the product.
221 222		adiosurgery" means the use of external radiation in conjunction with a stereotactic ce to precisely deliver a dose to a treatment site.
	garaarioo ao i	te to precisely deliver a dose to a treatment site.
223 224	"Structured ed	ucational program" means an accredited educational program designed to impart vledge and practical education through interrelated studies and supervised training.
	"Structured ed particular knov "Teletherapy",	ucational program" means an accredited educational program designed to impart

Commented [JSJ26]:
This definition is proposed for deletion as it is not used in the body of the rule, nor is it being used during licensing and compliance activities by the radiation program. The term is used in Appendix 7O, which is also proposed for deletion.

The term does not appear in 10 CFR 35.

(The term originated from $\underline{SSRCR\ Part\ Z}$ (2012).

Commented [JSJ27]:

This definition is not used in the body of the rule nor is it used in 10 CFR 35.

229 230		"Therapeutic dosage" means a dosage of unsealed radioactive material that is intended to deliver a radiation dose to a patient or human research subject for palliative or curative treatment.
231 232		"Therapeutic dose" means a radiation dose delivered from a sealed source containing radioactive material to a patient or human research subject for palliative or curative treatment.
233 234		"Treatment site" means the anatomical description of the tissue intended to receive a radiation dose, as described in a written directive.
235		"Trunnion" means a support bar sometimes used as a bearing instead of a socket.
236 237		"Type of use" means use of radioactive material as specified under 7.30, 7.32, 7.36, 7.40, 7.42, 7.48 or 7.62.
238		"Unit dosage" means a dosage that:
239 240		(1) Is obtained or prepared in accordance with the regulations for uses described in 7.30, 7.32, or 7.36; and
241 242		(2) Is to be administered as a single dosage to a patient or human research subject without any further manipulation of the dosage after it is initially prepared.
243 244 245		"Written directive" means an authorized user's written order for the administration of radioactive material or radiation from radioactive material to a specific patient or human research subject, as specified in 7.11.
246	GENE	RAL REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS
247	7.3	License Required.License required.
248	7.3.1	
249 250 251 252		7.3.1.1 A person shallmay manufacture, produce, prepare, acquire, receive, possess, prepare, use, or transfer radioactive material for medical use only in accordance with a specific license issued by the Department, an Agreement State or NRC, or as allowed in 7.3.1.1 or 7.3.1.2.
253		7.3.1.2 A specific license is not needed for an individual who:
254 255 256 257		7.3.1.(1) Unless prohibited by license condition, an individual may rReceives, possess, uses, or transfers radioactive material in accordance with the regulations in this part under the supervision of an authorized user as provided in 7.10, unless prohibited by license condition.; or
258 259 260 261		7.3.1.(2) Unless prohibited by license condition, an individual may pPrepares unsealed radioactive material for medical use in accordance with the regulations in this part under the supervision of an authorized nuclear pharmacist or authorized user as provided in 7.10, unless prohibited by license condition.
262	7.3.2	Provisions for the protection of Human Research Subjects.
263 264		A licensee may conduct research involving human subjects using radioactive material under the following conditions:
265 266 267		7.3.2.1 For research conducted, funded, supported, or regulated by a federal agency which has implemented The Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects (Federal Policy), the licensee shall:

Commented [JSJ28]: 7.3.1 is updated/realigned for consistency with the format and content of <u>10 CFR 35.11</u>.

[NON-RATS ITEM]

268			(1)	Obtain prior informed consent from the human research subjects; and					
269 270 271			(2)	Obtain prior review and approval of the research activities by an "Institutional Review Board" in accordance with the meaning of these terms as defined and described in the Federal Policy; or	I				
272 273		7.3.2.2		earch not conducted, funded, supported, or regulated by a federal agency whic elemented the Federal Policy, then:	:h				
274 275 276			(1)	The licensee shall apply for and receive a specific amendment to its Departmelicense before conducting such research. The amendment request shall include written commitment that the licensee will, before conducting research:					
277				(a). Obtain prior informed consent from the human research subjects; and	I				
278 279 280				(b). Obtain prior review and approval of the research activities by an "Institutional Review Board" in accordance with the meaning of these terms as defined and described in the Federal Policy;					
281 282 283		7.3.2.3	specific	see not authorized pursuant to 3.11 shall apply for and receive approval of a amendment to its Department license before conducting research involving subjects;					
284 285		7.3.2.4	The res	earch involving human subjects authorized in 7.3.2 shall be conducted using tive material authorized for medical use in the license; and					
286		7.3.2.5	Nothing	in 7.3.2 relieves licensees from complying with the other requirements in Part	7.				
287 288	7.3.3		othing in this part relieves the licensee from complying with applicable FDA, other federal, and ate requirements governing radioactive drugs or devices.						
289	7.3.4	Applica	tion for	license, Aamendment, or Rrenewal.					
290		7.3.4.1	An app	ication shallmust be signed by the applicant's or licensee's management.					
291 292		7.3.4.2		ication for a new or renewal license for medical use of radioactive material as ed in 7.30, 7.32, 7.36, 7.40, 7.42, 7.48 or 7.62 must be made by:					
293 294 295 296 297			(1)	Filing an original a-completed-Department Form R-12 (7C) that includes the facility diagram, equipment, and training and experience qualifications of the Radiation Safety Officer, Associate Radiation Safety Officer(s), authorized user(s), authorized medical physicist(s), ophthalmic physicist(s), and authorized nuclear pharmacist(s); and					
298 299 300			(2)	Submitting procedures required by Form R-12 (7C), and 7.12, 7.15, 7.51, 7.58 7.59, and 7.61, as applicable, and other procedures as requested by the Department.	3,				
301		7.3.4.3	A requ	est for a license amendment must be made by:					
302			(1)	Submitting an original amendment request in letter format.					
303 304			(2)	Submitting procedures required by 7.12, 7.15, 7.51, 7.58, 7.59, and 7.61, as applicable, and other procedures as requested by the Department.					
305 306		7.3.4.4		ion to the requirements in 7.3.4.2 and 7.3.4.3, an application for a new license, I license, or amendment for medical use of radioactive material as described in					

Commented [JSJ29]: 7.3.4 is updated for consistency with the wording of <u>10 CFR 35.12</u>.

The revised language clarifies what information must be included in the application process, including the newly added Associate RSO and Ophthalmic physicist definitions.

NRC Compatibility D (all provisions within 7.3.4) NRC <u>RATS 2018-1</u>

307		7.62 m	7.62 must also include: information regarding any radiation safety aspects of the media							
308		use of	use of the material that is not addressed in 7.1 through 7.29, as well as any specific							
309		informa	information on:							
310		(1)		tion safety precautions and instructions; Any additional aspects of the						
311			medic	cal use of the material that are applicable to radiation safety that are						
312			not ac	ddressed in, or differ from:						
313			(a)	Section A through C (7.1 through 7.29);						
314			(b)	Sections D through H (recordkeeping requirements);						
315			(c)	Section I (7.65);						
316			(d)	Appendix 7A, 7B, 7C and 7P;						
317		(2)	Trainir	ng and experience of proposed users;						
318		(2)		fication of and commitment to follow the applicable radiation safety						
319			progra	am requirements in Sections D through H that are appropriate for the						
320			specif	fic 7.62 medical use;						
321		(3)	Any a	dditional specific information on:						
322			(a)	Radiation safety precautions and instructions;						
323			(3)	(b) Methodology for measurement of dosages or doses to be						
324			(0)	administered to patients or human research subjects; and						
325			(4)	(c) Calibration, maintenance, and repair of instruments and						
326			()	equipment necessary for radiation safety-; and						
327			(4)	Any other information requested by the Department in its review of						
328				the application.						
329				or licensee shall also provide any other information requested by the						
330		Depart	ment in	its review of the application.						
331		7.3.4. <mark>65</mark>		plicant that satisfies the requirements specified in 3.11 may apply for a						
332		Type A	specifi	c license of broad scope.						
333	7.3.5	Mobile Medical	Service	e Administrative Requirements.						
334		7.3.5.1 The De	epartme	ent shall license mobile medical services or clients of such services. The						
335		mobile	medica	al service shall be licensed if the service receives, uses or possesses						
336				aterial. The client of the mobile medical service shall be licensed if the client						
337				ssesses radioactive material to be used by a mobile medical service.						
338		7352 Mobile	medica	al service licensees shall obtain a letter signed by the management of each						
339				e services are rendered that authorizes use of radioactive material at the						
340				s of use. This letter shall clearly delineate the authority and responsibility of						
				and the mobile medical service. If the client is licensed, the letter shall						
341										
342				cedures for notification, receipt, storage and documentation of transfer of						
343				aterial delivered to the client's address for use by the mobile medical						
344		service	; .							

Commented [JSJ30]: Note: due to structural differences, the "Subparts" of 10 CFR Part 35 do not exactly parallel the "Sections" of Part 7.

 $\frac{10 \text{ CFR } 35.12(\text{d})(1)}{\text{application include additional aspects applicable to radiation safety}} that are not addressed in subpart A through C, L, and M.}$

- For reference:
 Subparts A through C of the CFR parallel Part 7 Sections A through C.
- through C.

 Subpart B of the CFR also includes the training requirements of 35.50, 35.51, 35.55, and 35.57. For Part 7, these training requirements are found in Appendices 7A, 7B, 7C, and 7P, and are called out separately.

 Subpart B of the CFR also includes the recentness of training requirements of 35.59 which is found in Section 7I (provision 7.65).

 Subpart L of the CFR contains the recordkeeping requirements which are found in Sections D through H of Part 7.

 Subpart M of the CFR contains the reporting requirements which are contained within Sections C through D of Part 7.

NRC Compatibility D

Commented [JSJ31]: Subparts D through H as referenced in the equivalent requirement of 10 CFR 35.12(d)(2) parallel the requirements of Section D through H of Part 7.

Commented [JSJ32]: Provision replaced by revised 7.3.4.4(4).

345 346 347 348	7.3.5.3	A mobile medical service shall not have radioactive material delivered directly from the manufacturer or the distributor to the client, unless the client has a license allowing possession of the radioactive material. Radioactive material delivered to the client shall be received and handled in conformance with the client's license.				
349 350	7.3.5.4	A mobile medical service shall inform the client's management who is on site at each client's address of use at the time that radioactive material is being administered.				
351 352	7.3.5.5		A licensee providing mobile medical services shall retain the letter required in 7.3.5.2 for 3 years after the last provision of service.			
353 354	7.3.5.6	A mobile me on each mob	dical service licensee shall, at a minimum, maintain the following documents bile unit:			
355		(1) The	current operating and emergency procedures;			
356		(2) A co	py of the license;			
357		(3) Cop	ies of the letter required by 7.3.5.2;			
358 359			ent calibration records for each survey instrument and diagnostic equipment ose delivery device in use; and			
360 361			rey records covering uses associated with the mobile unit during, at a mum, the preceding 30 calendar days.			
362 363 364	7.3.5.7	facility as a r	medical service shall designate and manage each area of use in the client's restricted area while radioactive material is present. For each location where naterials will be routinely used, the licensee shall provide to the Department:			
365 366			agram of the location of use, including information about the placement of ired postings; and			
367 368			culation(s) or survey(s) results that demonstrate compliance with applicable elimits in 4.14 and 4.15 at the location of use.			
369	7.3.5.8	The mobile r	nedical service shall ensure that:			
370		(1) Sup	ervision by an authorized user is in accordance with 7.10.1;			
371		(2) Rad	iation exposures to the client's personnel working in the client facility are:			
372		(a)	Below the dose limits to members of the public listed in 4.14; or			
373		(b)	The client's personnel are instructed as described in 10.3 and monitored			
374 375			for exposure in accordance with 4.18 unless the licensee can demonstrate that 4.18 does not apply.			
373						
376 377	7.3.5.9		dical service licensee shall maintain all records required by Parts 4 and 7 of tions at a location within the Department's jurisdiction that is:			
378		(1) A sii	ngle address of use:			
379		(a)	Identified as the records retention location; and			
380 381		(b)	Staffed at all reasonable hours by individual(s) authorized to provide the Department with access for purposes of inspection; or			
-		-	40			

382 383		(2) When no address of use is identified on the license for records retention, the mobile unit:	
384		(a) Identified in the license; and	
385 386		(b) Whose current client's address of use and area of use schedule is reported to the Department.	
387 388	7.3.6	A licensee possessing a Type A specific license of broad scope for medical use, issued under Part 3 of these regulations is exempt from:	Commented [JJ33]: Section updated for consistency with 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.15.
389 390		7.3.6.1 The provisions of 7.3.4.4 regarding the need to file an amendment to the license for medical uses of radioactive material as described in 7.62;	NRC Compatibility D (all of 10 CFR 35.15)
391 392 393		7.3.6.2 The provisions of 7.4.2 regarding the need to file an amendment before permitting anyone to work as an authorized user, an authorized nuclear pharmacist or an authorized medical physicist under the license;	
394 395		7.3.6.3 The provisions of 7.4.5 regarding additions to or changes in the areas of use at the addresses specifiedidentified in the application or onin the license;	Commented [JJ34]: Updated for consistency with 10 CFR 35.15(c).
396 397		7.3.6.4 The provisions of 7.5.1 regarding notification to the Department for new authorized users, new authorized nuclear pharmacists and new authorized medical physicists;	
398 399		7.3.6.5 The provisions of 7.5.2.1 for an authorized user, an authorized nuclear pharmacist, an authorized medical physicist or an ophthalmic physicist;	Commented [JJ35]: Added for consistency with 10 CFR 35.15(e).
400		7.3.6.6 The provisions of 7.5.2.5; and	Commented [JJ36]: Added for consistency with 10 CFR 35.15(f).
401		7.3.6.57 The provisions of 7.14 regarding suppliers for sealed sources.	55.15(1).
402 403 404 405	7.3.7	The Department may, upon application of any interested person or upon its own initiative, grant such exemptions from the regulations in Part 7 as it determines are authorized by law and will not endanger life or property or the common defense and security and are otherwise in the public interest.	
406	7.4	License Aamendments.	Commented [JSJ37]: Language updates in section 7.4 are made consistent with 2018 changes to 10 CFR Part 35.13.
407 408	A licen	see shall apply for and shall have received must receive a license amendment before the see:	The recent revisions to 10 CFR Part 35 and this section apply the ophthalmic physicist designation.
409 410 411	7.4.1	Before it receives Receives, prepares, or uses radioactive material for a type of use that is permitted under this part but that is not authorized on the licensee's current license issued pursuant tounder this part;	NRC Compatibility D NCR <u>RATS 2018-1</u>
412 413 414	7.4.2	Before it permitsPermits anyone to work as an authorized user, authorized medical physicist, ophthalmic physicist, or an authorized nuclear pharmacist under the license, except: in accordance with the training and experience requirements specified in:	
415 416 417 418 419 420		7.4.2.1 Appendix 7D through Appendix 7M for an authorized user for a specific type of use of radioactive material; For an authorized user, an individual who meets the requirements in Appendix 7P and one or more of the following: Section 7D1 of Appendix D, Section 7E1 of Appendix E, Section 7F1 of Appendix F, Section 7G1 of Appendix 7G, Section 7H1 of Appendix 7H, Section 7K1 of Appendix K, Section 7J1 of Appendix J, or Section 7M1 of Appendix M;	Commented [JSJ38]: For cross reference to 10 CFR 35: - 7.65 = 10 CFR 35.59 (recentness of training) - App 7D = 10 CFR 35.190 (uptake, dilution, excretion) - App 7E = 10 CFR 35.290 (imaging and localization) - App 7F = 10 CFR 35.390 (unsealed - written dir. req) - App 7G = 10 CFR 35.392 (I-131 < 33 mCi) - App 7H = 10 CFR 35.394 (I-131 > 33 mCi) - App 7K = 10 CFR 35.490 (manual brachytherapy)
			- App 7J = 10 CFR 35.590 (sources for diagnosis) - App 7M = 10 CFR 35.690 (afterloaders, GSR)

421

7.4.2.2 Appendix 7B for an authorized medical physicist; For an authorized nuclear Commented [JSJ39]: 422 pharmacist, an individual who meets the requirements in Section 7C1 of Appendix App 7C = 10 CFR 35.55 (auth nuclear pharmacist) 423 7C and 7.65; 424 7.4.2.3 Appendix 7C for an authorized nuclear pharmacist; and For an authorized medical Commented [JSJ40]: 425 physicist, an individual who meets the requirements in Section 7B1 of Appendix App 7B = 10 CFR 35.51 (authorized medical phys)426 7B and 7 65: 427 7.4.2.4 An individual who is identified as an authorized user, an authorized nuclear pharmacist, authorized medical physicist, or an ophthalmic physicist on: 428 429 A NRC or Agreement State license or other equivalent permit or license 430 recognized by the Department that authorizes the use of radioactive 431 material in medical use or in the practice of nuclear pharmacy; A permit issued by a NRC or Agreement State specific license of broad 432 (2) 433 scope that is authorized to permit the use of radioactive material in medical use or in the practice of nuclear pharmacy; 434 435 (3) On a permit issued by a NRC master material licensee that is authorized to 436 permit the use of radioactive material in medical use or in the practice of 437 nuclear pharmacy: or 438 By a commercial nuclear pharmacy that has been authorized to identify (4) 439 authorized nuclear pharmacists. 440 7.4.2.5 A physician, podiatrist, or dentist who used only accelerator-produced radioactive 441 materials, discrete sources of radium-226, or both, for medical uses or a nuclear 442 pharmacist who used only accelerator-produced radioactive materials in the 443 practice of nuclear pharmacy at a Government agency or Federally recognized 444 Indian Tribe before November 30, 2007 or at all other locations of use before 445 August 8, 2009, or an earlier date as noticed by the NRC, and for only those materials and uses performed before these dates. 446 447 Before it Cchanges a Radiation Safety Officer, except as provided in 7.7.67.7.3; 448 Before it permits anyone to work as an Associate Radiation Safety Officer, or before the Commented [JSJ41]: Added for consistency with 10 CFR 449 Radiation Safety Officer assigns duties to an Associate Radiation Safety Officer that differ 450 from those for which this individual is authorized on the license: 451 7.4.45 Before it Rreceives radioactive material in excess of the amount or in a different physical or 452 chemical form, or receives a different radionuclide than is authorized on the license; 453 7.4.56 Adds to or changes the area(s) of use or address(es) of use identified in the application or on the 454 license, except as specified in 7.5.2.4; and Before it adds to or changes the areas of use 455 identified in the application or on the license, including areas used in accordance with 456 either 7.30 or 7.32 if the change includes addition or relocation of either an area where PET radionuclides are produced or a PET radioactive drug delivery line from the PET 457 458 radionuclide/PET radioactive drug production area. Other areas of use where radioactive 459 material is used only in accordance with either 7.30 or 7.32 are exempt; 460 Before it changes the address(es) of use identified in the application or on the license; 7.4.7 461 7.4.68 Before it Cchanges statements, representations, and procedures which are incorporated into the 462 license: or 463 7.4.79 Before it Rreleases licensed facilities for unrestricted use. 12

464	7.4.10		t revises procedures required by 7.51, 7.58, 7.59, and 7.61, as applicable, where	 Commented [JSJ42]:
465	,	such rev	vision reduces radiation safety; and	7.51 = 10 CFR 35.610
			F1	7.58 = 10 CFR 35.642
466	7.4.11	Before i	t receives a sealed source from a different manufacturer or of a different model	7.59 = 10 CFR 35.643
467			than authorized by its license unless the sealed source is used for manual	7.61 = 10 CFR 35.645
468			herapy, is listed in the Sealed Source and Device Registry, and is in a quantity and	
469		-	otope authorized by the license.	
409		ior an is	otope authorized by the license.	
470	7.5	N1-4'6'4'		
470	7.5	Notificati	ons and maintenance of records.	
	L - 1			
471	7.5.1		ee shall provide to the Department required documentation of adequate radiation safety	 Commented [JJ43]: Updated for consistency with 2018
472		•	and experience under Appendix 7B for each authorized medical physicist pursuant to	amendments to <u>10 CFR 35.14(a)</u> .
473			der Appendix 7C for each authorized nuclear pharmacist, and under the applicable	The proposed language allows for a 30 day window in which
474		appendi)	cof Appendix 7D through Appendix 7M for each individual authorized user. A licensee	documentation must be provided to the Department. Consistent with
475		shall pro	ovide the Department, no later than 30 days after the date that the licensee permits	7.4.2, certain individuals may work under the license prior to the
476		an indiv	idual to work under the provisions of 7.4.2 as an authorized user, authorized	licensee providing the necessary documentation.
477		medical	physicist, ophthalmic physicist, or authorized nuclear pharmacist:	NRC Compatibility D
470		7 5 4 4	A	Commonted [IS 144]: 7.4.2 = 10 CEP 35.13(b)
478		7.5.1.1	A copy of the board certification and, as appropriate, verification of completion of:	Commented [JSJ44]: 7.4.2 = 10 CFR 35.13(b)
				Commented [JJ45]: Added for consistency with 10 CFR
479			1) Training for the authorized medical physicist under 7B3 of Appendix 7B;	35.14(a)(1).
				7.5.1.1(1) = 35.14(a)(1)(i)
480			(2) Any additional case experience required in 7F2.1(2)(f) of Appendix 7F for an	7.5.1.1(2) = 35.14(a)(1)(ii)
481			authorized user under 7.36; or	7.5.1.1(3) = 35.14(a)(1)(iii)
482			3) Device specific training in 7M3 of Appendix 7M for the authorized user	NRC Compatibility D
483			under 7.48; or	CROSS REFERENCES:
				7B3 = 10 CFR 35.51(c)
484		7512	A copy of the department, NRC or Agreement State license, the permit issued by a	7F2.1(2)(f) = 10 CFR 35.390(b)(1)(ii)(G)
485			NRC master material licensee, the permit issued by a NRC or Agreement State	7.36 = 10 CFR 35.300
				7M3 = 10 CFR 35.690(c)
486			icensee of broad scope, the permit issued by a NRC master material license broad	7.48 = 10 CFR 35.600
487			scope permittee, or documentation that only accelerator-produced radioactive	Commented [JJ46]: Added for consistency with 10 CFR
488			materials, discrete sources of radium-226, or both, were used for medical use or in	<u>35.14(a)(2)</u>
489			the practice of nuclear pharmacy at a Government agency or Federally recognized	NDC Commet biller D
490			ndian Tribe before November 30, 2007, or at all other locations of use before	NRC Compatibility D
491			August 8, 2009, or an earlier date as noticed by the NRC for each individual whom	
492		1	the licensee permits to work under the provisions of this section.	
493	7.5.2	A license	ee shall notify the Department in writing withinno later than 30 days after:	 Commented [JJ47]: Updated for consistency with 10 CFR
				<u>35.14(b)</u> .
494		7.5.2.1	An authorized user, anauthorized medical physicist authorized nuclear pharmacist, a	
495			Radiation Safety Officer, an Associate Radiation Safety Officer, an authorized	NRC Compatibility D
496			nuclear pharmacistmedical physicist, or Radiation Safety Officerophthalmic physicist	The companioney b
497			permanently discontinues performance of duties under the license or has a name	
498			change;	
1		`	9-1	
499		7.5.2 2	The licensee permits an individual qualified to be a Radiation Safety Officer under	Commented [JSJ48]:
500			Appendix 7A and 7.65 to function as a temporary Radiation Safety Officer and to	 CROSS REFERENCES:
501				7A = 35.50
301			perform the functions of a Radiation Safety Officer in accordance with 7.7.6.	7.65 = 35.59
500		7 5 0 00	The Beauty of the could be a state of the country	7.7.6 = 35.24(c)
502		7.5.2. 2 3	The licensee's mailing address changes;	
503		7.5.2. 34	The licensee's name changes, but the name change does not constitute a	
504			transfer of control of the license as described in 3.15.2 of these regulations; or	
505		7.5.2.4 <mark>5</mark>	The licensee has added to or changed the areas of use identified in the	
506			application or on the license where radioactive material is used in accordance	
1			The second secon	

507 508 509 510		with either 7.30 andor 7.32 if the change does not include addition or relocation of either an area where PET radionuclides are produced or a PET radioactive drug delivery line from the PET radionuclide/PET radioactive drug production area-; or
511 512 513 514 515		7.5.2.6 The licensee obtains a sealed source for use in manual brachytherapy from a different manufacturer or with a different model number than authorized by its license for which it did not require a license amendment as provided in 7.4.11. The notification must include the manufacturer and model number of the sealed source, the isotope, and the quantity per sealed source.
516	7.5.3	The licensee shall submit the documents required in 7.5.1 and 7.5.2 to the Department.
517	7.5. <mark>34</mark>	Maintenance of Records.
518 519 520 521 522 523 524 525		Each record required by this part must be legible throughout the retention period specified by each Department regulation. The record may be the original, a reproduced copy, or a microform provided that the copy or microform is authenticated by authorized personnel and the microform is capable of producing a clear copy throughout the required retention period. The record may also be stored in electronic media with the capability for producing legible, accurate, and complete records during the required retention period. Records such as letters, drawings, and specifications must include all pertinent information such as stamps, initials, and signatures. The licensee shall maintain adequate safeguards against tampering with and loss of records.
526	7.6	License Hssuance.
527	7.6.1	The Department shall issue a license for the medical use of radioactive material if:
528 529		7.6.1.1 The applicant has filed Department Form R-12 in accordance with the instructions in 7.3.4;
530		7.6.1.2 The applicant has paid any applicable fee;
531		7.6.1.3 The applicant meets the requirements of Part 3 of these regulations; and
532 533 534		7.6.1.4 The Department finds the applicant equipped and committed to observe the safety standards established by the Department in these regulations for the protection of the public health and safety.
535	7.6.2	The Department shall issue a license for mobile services if the applicant:
536		7.6.2.1 Meets the requirements in 7.6.1, and in particular 7.3.5; and
537 538 539		7.6.2.2 Assures that individuals to whom radioactive drugs or radiation from implants containing radioactive material will be administered may be released following treatment in accordance with 7.26.
540	ADDIT	IONAL OVERALL REQUIREMENTS
541	Section	n B – General Administrative Requirements
542	7.7	Authority and Rresponsibilities for the Rradiation Pprotection Pprogram
543 544	7.7.1	In addition to the radiation protection program requirements of 4.5 of these regulations, a licensee's management mustshall approve in writing:

Commented [JSJ49]: CROSS REFERENCE: 7.4.11 = 10 CFR 35.13(i)

Commented [JSJ50]: Section 7.7 is updated, consistent with 2018 updates to 10 CFR 35.24

NRC RATS 2018-1

545 546		7.7.1.1 Requests for license application, renewal, or amendments before submittal to the Department;		
547 548		7.7.1.2 Any individual before allowing that individual to work as an authorized user, authorized nuclear pharmacist or authorized medical physicist; and		
549 550		7.7.1.3 Radiation protection program changes that do not require a license amendment and are permitted under 7.7.		
551 552 553 554 555 556 557 558 559 560	7.7.2	A licensee's management shall appoint a Radiation Safety Officer (RSO), who agrees in writing to be responsible for implementing the radiation safety program. The licensee, through the RSO, shall ensure that radiation safety activities are being performed in accordance with licensee-approved procedures and regulatory requirements. A licensee's management may appoint, in writing, one or more Associate Radiation Safety Officers (ARSO) to support the RSO. The RSO, with written agreement of the licensee's management, must assign the specific duties and tasks to each ARSO. These duties and tasks are restricted to the types of use for which the ARSO is listed on a license. The RSO may delegate duties and tasks to the ARSO but shall not delegate the authority or responsibilities for implementing the radiation protection program.		Commented [JJ51]: Provision updated, consistent with 2018 updates to 10 CFR 35.24(b) The amended language introduces the new Associate Radiation Safety Officer terminology and associated requirements. NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility: H&S (7.7.2 / 35.24(b))
561 562 563 564 565	7.7.3	For up to 60 days each year, a licensee may permit an individual qualified to be a Radiation Safety Officer, under Appendix 7A and 7.65, to function as a temporary Radiation Safety Officer and to perform the functions of a Radiation Safety Officer, as provided in 7.7.6, if the licensee takes the actions required in 7.7.2, 7.7.5, 7.7.6, and 7.7.7 and notifies the Department in accordance with 7.5.2.		Commented [JSJ52]: Provision 7.7.3 revised, consistent with 10 CFR 35.24(c). This provision replaces current 7.7.6. CROSS REFERENCES: Appendix 7A = 10 CFR 35.50 7.65 = 10 CFR 35.59
566 567 568 569	7.7.4	A licensee may simultaneously appoint more than one temporary Radiation Safety Officer in accordance with 7.7.3, if needed to ensure that the licensee has a temporary Radiation Safety Officer that satisfies the requirements to be a Radiation Safety Officer for each of the different types of uses of byproduct material permitted by the license.	\	7.7.2 = 10 CFR 35.24(b) 7.7.5 = 10 CFR 35.24(e) 7.7.6 = 10 CFR 35.24(g) 7.7.7 = 10 CFR 35.24(h) 7.5.2 = 10 CFR 35.35.14(b)
570	7 7 35	A licensee shall establish in writing the authority, duties, and responsibilities of the Radiation	\	NRC RATS 2018-1
571		Safety Officer, and of the Alternate RSO, if required. A licensee shall establish the authority,	\	NRC Compatibility: D (7.7.3 / 35.24(c))
572		duties, and responsibilities of the Radiation Safety Officer in writing.	' '	Commented [JSJ53]: Provision 7.7.4 added, consistent with 10
573 574	7.7. 46	A licensee shall provide the Radiation Safety Officer sufficient authority, organizational freedom, time, resources, and management prerogative, to:		CFR 35.24(d). This provision was previously omitted from Colorado rule. CROSS REFERENCE:
575		7.7.46.1 Identify radiation safety problems;	\	7.7.3 = 10 CFR 35.24(c) Commented [JSJ54]: Language revised for consistency with
576		7.7.46.2 Initiate, recommend, or provide corrective actions;		the phrasing of 10 CFR 35.24(e). No change in requirements. NRC Compatibility D
577		7.7.46.3 Stop unsafe operations; and		
578		7.7.46.4 Verify implementation of corrective actions.		
579 580	7.7.5	A license shall retain a record of actions taken pursuant to 7.7.1, 7.7.2 and 7.7.3 for 5 years, including:		Commented [JSJ55]: This provision has been replaced by new 7.7.7.
581 582		7.7.5.1 A summary of the actions taken (and a signature of licensee management) in accordance with 7.7.1;		NRC Compatibility D
583 584 585		7.7.5.2 A signed copy of the RSO's agreement (including the signature of the RSO and licensee management) to be responsible for implementing the radiation safety program, as required by 7.7.2; and		

586		7.7.5.3 A current copy of the authorities, duties and responsibilities of the RSO as required by		
587	777	7.7.3.		
588 589	7.7.7	A licensee shall retain a record of actions taken under 7.7.1, 7.7.2, and 7.7.5 as follows: Records of authority and responsibilities for radiation protection programs.		
590 591 592		7.7.7.1 A licensee shall retain a record of actions taken by the licensee's management in accordance with 7.7.1 for 5 years. The record must include a summary of the actions taken and a signature of licensee management.		
593 594 595 596 597 598 599		7.7.7.2 The licensee shall retain a copy of both authority, duties, and responsibilities of the Radiation Safety Officer as required by 7.7.5, and a signed copy of each Radiation Safety Officer's agreement to be responsible for implementing the radiation safety program, as required by 7.7.2, for the duration of the license. The records must include the signature of the Radiation Safety Officer and licensee management.		
600		7.7.7.3 For each Associate Radiation Safety Officer appointed under 7.7.2, the licensee		
601		shall retain, for 5 years after the Associate Radiation Safety Officer is removed		
602 603		from the license, a copy of the written document appointing the Associate Radiation Safety Officer signed by the licensee's management.		
604	7.7.6	For up to sixty days each year, a licensee may permit an authorized user or an individual qualified		
605		to be a radiation safety officer to function as a temporary Radiation Safety Officer and to perform		
606 607		the functions of a Radiation Safety Officer, as provided in 7.7.4, provided the licensee takes the actions required in 7.7.2, 7.7.3, 7.7.4 and 7.7.5.		
608		Wilcensee may simultaneously appoint more than one temporary RSO, if needed, to ensure that		
609		the licensee has a temporary RSO that satisfies the requirements to be an RSO for each of the		
610		different uses of radioactive material permitted by the license.		
611	7.8	Radiation Ssafety Ccommittee.		
612 613 614	7.8.1	Licensees that are authorized for one or more different types of radioactive material use under 7.36, 7.42, 7.48, or 7.62 shall establish a Radiation Safety Committee to oversee all uses of radioactive material permitted by the license.		
615	7.8.2	The Committee shall:		
616		7.8.2.1 Include:		
617		(1) An authorized user of each type of use permitted by the license;		
618		(2) The Radiation Safety Officer		
619		(3) A representative of the nursing service		
620 621		(4) A representative of management who is neither an authorized user nor a Radiation Safety Officer; and		
622		(5) Other members as the licensee deems appropriate.		
623		7.8.2.2 Meet as necessary, but at a minimum shall meet at intervals not to exceed 6 months.		
624		7.8.2.3 Maintain minutes of each meeting, including:		
625		(1) The date of the meeting;		
626		(2) Members present;		
		16		

Commented [JSJ56]: This provision combines the requirements found in $\underline{10}$ CFR $\underline{35.24(h)}$ and $\underline{10}$ CFR $\underline{35.2024}$.

Provision 7.7.7.3 is new to 10 CFR 35 as a result of the 2018 CFR changes, and addresses the recordkeeping requirements pertaining to the (new) Associate Radiation Safety Officer position.

NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility D

CROSS REFERENCES: 7.7.1 = 10 CFR 35.24(a) 7.7.2 = 10 CFR 35.24(b) 7.7.5 = 10 CFR 35.24(e)

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Commented [JJ57]:} This provision is replaced by NEW 7.7.3 (above). \\ \end{tabular}$

Commented [JSJ58]: This provision is replaced by NEW 7.7.4 (above).

627		(3)	Members absent; and	
628		(4)	Summary of deliberations and discussions.	
629	7.9	Radiation Ppro	otection P program Cc hanges.	
630	7.9.1	A licensee ma	y revise its radiation protection program without Department approval if:	
631		7.9.1.1 The re	evision does not require an amendment under 7.4;	
632		7.9.1.2 The re	evision is in compliance with the regulations and the license;	
633 634			evision has been reviewed and approved by the Radiation Safety Officer, licensee gement and licensee's Radiation Safety Committee (if applicable); and	
635 636			ffected individuals are instructed on the revised program before the changes are nented.	
637	7.9.2	A licensee sha	all retain a record of each change for 5 years, including	
638		7.9.2.1 A cop	y of the old and new procedures;	
639		7.9.2.2 The e	ffective date of the change; and	
640		7.9.2.2 The si	gnature of the licensee management that reviewed and approved the change.	
641	7.10	Supervision.		
642 643	7.10.1		t permits the receipt, possession, use, or transfer of radioactive material by an er the supervision of an authorized user as allowed by 7.3.27.3.1.2(1) shall:	Commel and typog 7.3.1. For
644 645 646 647		7.10.1.1	In addition to the requirements of 10.3 of these regulations, instruct the supervised individual in the licensee's written radiation protection procedures, written directive procedures, regulations of Part 7, and license conditions with respect to the use of radioactive material; and;	section.
648 649 650 651		7.10.1.2	Require the supervised individual to follow the instructions of the supervising authorized user for medical uses of radioactive material, written radiation protection procedures, written directive procedures, regulations of Part 7, and license conditions with respect to the medical use of radioactive material.	
652 653 654	7.10.2	under the sup-	t permits the preparation of radioactive material for medical use by an individual ervision of an authorized nuclear pharmacist or physician who is an authorized ed by 7.3.37.3.1.2(2), shall:	Commercian and
655 656 657		7.10.2.1	In addition to the requirements of 10.3, instruct the supervised individual in the preparation of radioactive material for medical use, as appropriate to that individual's use of radioactive material; and	
658 659 660 661		7.10.2.2	Require the supervised individual to follow the instructions of the supervising authorized user or authorized nuclear pharmacist regarding the preparation of radioactive material for medical use, the written radiation protection procedures, the regulations of Part 7, and license conditions.	
662 663	7.10.3		al presence as described in other sections of Part 7 is required, a licensee who vised activities under 7.10.1 and 7.10.2 shall require an authorized user to be	

Commented [JJ59]: Updated to correct prior cross-reference and typographical errors and align with the renumbering of section 7.3.1. Formatting and alignment corrections are also made to this section.

Commented [JJ60]: Updated to correct a prior cross-reference error and align with the renumbering of section 7.3.1.

664 665			ailable by telephone within ten minutes to communicate with the supervised ss otherwise authorized by the Department with prior written approval.		
666 667	7.10.4	A licensee who permits supervised activities under 7.10.1 and 7.10.2 is responsible for the acts and omissions of the supervising authorized user and supervised individual(s).			
668 669 670	7.10.5	A licensee who permits supervised activities under 7.10.1 and 7.10.2 shall require that the administration of radioactive material or radiation from radioactive material under the supervision of an authorized user be performed only by:			
671		7.10.5.1	A physician;		
672		7.10.5.2	An individual who meets the requirements of Appendix 7B or 7N;		
673 674		7.10.5.3	An individual in training in medical physics while under personal supervision of an individual meeting the requirements of Appendix 7B;		
675 676 677		7.10.5.4	An individual in training in nuclear medicine technology while under personal supervision of an individual meeting the requirements of Appendix 7N; or		
678 679		7.10.5.5	An individual otherwise authorized in writing by the Department, or through license condition(s).		
680	7.11	Written Dd irect	ives.		
681 682	7.11.1		ive must be dated and signed by an authorized user, including the signatory's diname, prior tobefore the administration of:		
683		7.11.1.1	I-131 sodium iodide greater than 1.11 MBq (30 μ Ci), or		
684		7.11.1.2	Any therapeutic dosage of radioactive material, or		
685		7.11.1.3	Any therapeutic dose of radiation from radioactive material.		
686		If because of	the emergent nature of the patient's condition, a delay in order to provide a		
687 688 689 690		written directivinformation co	we would jeopardize the patient's health, an oral directive is acceptable. The ontained in the oral directive must be documented as soon as possible in patient's record. A written directive must be prepared within 48 hours of the		
691 692	7.11.2	The written dire following:	ective must contain the patient or human research subject's name and the		
693 694 695		7.11.2.1	For an administration of a dosage of radioactive drug containing radioactive material, the name of the radioactive drug containing radioactive material, dosage, and route of administration;		
696 697 698		7.11.2.2	For gamma stereotactic radiosurgery, the total dose, treatment site, and values for the target coordinate settings per treatment for each anatomically distinct treatment site;		
699 700		7.11.2.3	For teletherapy, the total dose, dose per fraction, number of fractions, and treatment site;		
701 702		7.11.2.4	For high dose rate remote afterloading brachytherapy:, the radionuclide, treatment site, dose per fraction, number of fractions, and total dose; or		
			40		

Commented [JSJ61]:

This is a new proposed requirement intended to strengthen the requirements for persons who most often administer radioactive materials or radiation to patients while under the supervision of an authorized user physician named on the license. Such individuals may include physicians who may be training on a particular type of use and are not yet named as authorized users on a license for that material; authorized medical physicists; and nuclear medicine technologists.

As a result of stakeholder feedback, the originally proposed language is modified and expanded to include individuals in training for medical physics and nuclear medicine and to permit case-by-case authorizations for certain allied health and medical professionals who may be involved with administration of radioactive materials. The Department recognizes that certain medical procedures may involve administration of radioactive materials under the supervision of an AU by persons other than a physician in training, authorized medical physicist, or nuclear medicine technologist. These other individuals may include neurodiagnostic technicians trained to perform injections during seizures, or other individuals who may be involved in sentinel node procedures. The proposed provision provides a mechanism for licensees to request and be granted authorization for individuals who do not meet the requirements of 7.10.5.1 through 7.10.5.4.

In all instances, the administration of radioactive materials is performed under the supervision of an authorized user named on the license in accordance with the requirements of 7.10.

This requirement is Colorado specific and is not found in 10 CFR 35.

Commented [JJ62]: Updated for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.40(a).

NRC Compatibility H&S NRC RATS 2018-1

Commented [JJ63]: This is not a new requirement but is relocated from prior Section 7.11.3 for consistency with the flow/format of 10 CFR 35.40.

703	7.11.2.5	For permanent implant brachytherapy:	Commented [JJ64]: Added for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 35.40(b)(6).
704 705	(1)	Before implantation: the treatment site, the radionuclide, and the total source strength: and	The proposed language provides specific written directive requirements applicable to permanent implant brachytherapy
706 707 708	(2)	After implantation but before the patient leaves the post treatment recovery area: the treatment site, the number of sources implanted, the total source strength implanted, and the date; or	consistent with federal rule. The proposed language primarily shifts the requirements from dose based criteria to activity (source strength/radioactivity) based criteria. NRC RATS 2018-1
709	7.11.2. 5 6	For all other brachytherapy, including LDR, MDR, and PDR:	NRC Compatibility H&S
710	(1)	Prior to Before implantation: the treatment site, the radionuclide, and dose; and	
711 712 713	(2)	After implantation but prior tobefore completion of the procedure: the radioisotoperadionuclide; treatment site;; number of sources;; and total source strength and exposure time (or the total dose); and date.	
714		of the emergent nature of the patient's condition, a delay in order to provide a written	Commented [JJ65]: This provision is relocated to 7.11.1 for
715 716 717	the informa	ould jeopardize the patient's health, an oral directive will be acceptable, provided that ation contained in the oral directive is documented as soon as possible in writing in the seord and a written directive is prepared within 48 hours of the oral directive.	consistency with the flow/format of 10 CFR 35.40.
718		evision to an existing written directive may be made provided that if the revision is dated	Commented [JJ66]: Updated for consistency with language of
719 720	•	I by an authorized user prior tebefore the administration of the dosage of radioactive ining unsealed radioactive material, the brachytherapy dose, the gamma stereotactic	10 CFR 35.40(c)(1). NRC Compatibility H&S
721	radiosurge	ry dose, the teletherapy dose, or the next fractional dose.	THE Companion Hess
722 723 724 725 726 727	7.11.5 7.11	.3.1 If, because of the patient's condition, a delay in order to provide a written revision to an existing written directive would jeopardize the patient's health, an oral revision to an existing written directive will beis acceptable., provided that the The oral revision ismust be documented as soon as possible in the patient's record. and aA revised written directive ismust be signed by the authorized user within 48 hours of the oral revision.	Commented [JJ67]: Updated for consistency with 10 CFR 35.40(c)(2). NRC Compatibility H&S
728 729		ee shall retain a copy of each written directive and/or written revision to an existing ective for 3 years.	
730	7.12 Procedure	s for Aadministrations Requiring a Wwritten Delirective.	
731 732		ministration requiring a written directive, the licensee shall develop, implement, and ritten procedures to provide high confidence that:	
733 734	7.12.1.1	The patient's or human research subject's identity is verified before each administration; and	
735	7.12.1.2	Each administration is in accordance with the written directive.	
736 737		dures required by 7.12.1 must, at At a minimum, the procedures required by 7.12.1 ess the following items that are applicable for the licensee's use of radioactive material:	Commented [JJ68]: Updated for consistency with wording of 10 CFR 35.41(b).
738	7.12.2.1	Verifying the identity of the patient or human research subject;	
739 740	7.12.2.2	Verifying that the specific details of the administration areis in accordance with the treatment plan, if applicable, and the written directive;	Commented [JJ69]: Updated for consistency with wording of to 10 CFR 35.41(b)(5).
741	7.12.2.3	Checking both manual and computer-generated dose calculations; and	10 CFR 35.41(b)(2).
	-	19	
		~	

742		7.12.2.4	Verifying that any computer-generated dose calculations are correctly transferred	_	Commented [IS 170]. Consistent with the reformation of 7.62
743		7.12.2.4	into the consoles of therapeutic medical units authorized by 7.48 or 7.62.		Commented [JSJ70]: Consistent with the reformatting of 7.62, a reference to 7.62 is added.
744		7.12.2.5	Determining if a medical event, as defined in 7.21, has occurred; and		Ref: NRC Letter 02/20/2020
5.4.5					Commented [JJ71]: Added for consistency with 2018 changes to 10 CFR 35.41(b)(5). This is a new provision in the CFR.
745		7.12.2.6	Determining, for a permanent implant brachytherapy, within 60 calendar	١	
746			days from the date the implant was performed, the total source strength	\	Requiring licensees to establish procedures to help evaluate for and
747			administered outside of the treatment site compared to the total source	\	report medical events allows the Department (and nationally, the NRC) to identify if similar issues/errors are occurring across
748			strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written	\	facilities.
749			directive, unless a written justification of patient unavailability is	\	
750			documented.	\	NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility H&S
751	7.12.3		all retain a copy of the procedures required under 7.12.1 for the duration of	, \	CROSS REFERENCE: 7.21 = 10 CFR 35.3045
752		the license.		\	Commented [JJ72]: Added for consistency with 2018 changes
753	7.13	Duties of Aaut	horized Uuser and Aauthorized Mmedical Pphysicist.		to 10 CFR 35.41(b)(6). This is a new provision in the CFR.
754	7.13.1	A licensee sha	all assure that only authorized users for the type of radioactive material used:	\	This requires licensees to include in their procedures, an evaluation of whether the placement of implanted sources is consistent with the
			,		post-implantation portion of the written directive.
755		7.13.1.1	Prescribe the radiopharmaceutical dosage and/or dose to be administered	\	NRC <u>RATS 2018-1</u>
756			the issuance of a written directive or reference to the diagnostic clinical	١	NRC Compatibility H&S
757		proced	dures manual; and		Commented [JSJ73]: 35.41
750		7.13.1.2	Direct as appointed in 7.10 and 7.12, or in license conditions, the administration		Added for consistency with 10 CFR 35.41(c) and the recordkeeping
758 759			Direct, as specified in 7.10 and 7.12, or in license conditions, the administration loactive material for medical use to patients or human research subjects;		requirements of <u>10 CFR 35.2041</u> . This provision was previously omitted from the rule.
760		7.13.1.3	Prepare and administer, or supervise the preparation and administration of		NRC Compatibility D [Non-RATS item]
761			ctive material for medical use, in accordance with 7.3.27.3.1.2(1), 7.3.37.3.1.2(2)		
762		and 7.			Commented [JJ74]: Updated to correct prior cross-reference errors and align with the renumbering of section 7.3.1.
					errors and angri with the renumbering of section 7.5.1.
763	7.13.2	A licensee sha	all assure that only authorized medical physicists perform, as applicable:		
764		7.13.2.1	Measurements and calculations as described in 7.41;		
765		7.13.2.2	Full calibration measurements as described in 7.54, 7.55, and 7.56;		
766		7.13.2.3	Periodic spot checks as described in 7.58, 7.59 and 7.61; and		
767		7.13.2.4	Radiation surveys as described in 7.57.		
768	7.14	Suppliere for 9	Sealed Sources or Devices for Medical Use. Suppliers for sealed sources or		0 15101771 15
769	7.14	devices for m			Commented [JSJ75]: Minor changes to this provision, consistent with 10 CFR 35.49.
769		devices for in	ledical use.		Consistent with 10 CFR 33.49.
770	For me	edical use, a lic	censee may only use:		NRC Compatibility C [NON-RATS ITEM]
771	71/1	Spaled source	s or devices manufactured, labeled, packaged, and distributed in accordance with		
771	7.14.1		ed pursuant to Part 3 of these regulations or the equivalent regulations of another		
773			ate, a Licensing State or the NRC;		
1//3		Agreement St	aic , a Licensing state of the NNO,		
774	7 14 2	Sealed source	or devices non-commercially transferred from a Part 7 licensee or an Agreement		
775			medical use licensee; or		
1					
776	7.14.3	Teletherapy so	purces manufactured and distributed in accordance with a license issued pursuant		
777			ese regulations, or the equivalent regulations of another Agreement State, a		
778			e, or the NRC.		
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SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS Section C – General Technical Requirements

20

780	7.15	Quality Control of Diagnostic Equipment.							
781 782	7.15.1		Each licensee shall establish written quality control procedures for all diagnostic equipment used for radionuclide studies.						
783	7.15.2	As a minimum	, quality control procedures and frequencies shall be:						
784		7.15.2.1	Those recommended by equipment manufacturers; or						
785		7.15.2.2	Procedures which have been approved by the Department.						
786 787	7.15.3	The licensee s	shall conduct quality control of diagnostic equipment in accordance with written						
788 789	7.15.4	A licensee sha procedures for	all retain a record of each quality control test required by the written quality control r 3 years.						
790 791 792	7.16	Materials.Pos	lse, and Testing of Instruments to Measure the Activity of Unsealed Radioactive session, use, and calibration of instruments used to measure the activity of ioactive material.						
793 794 795	7.16.1	instrumentatio	asurements performed in accordance with 7.18, a licensee shall possess and use n to measure the activity of unsealed radioactive materials prior to administration to r human research subject.						
796 797	7.16.2		all calibrate the instrumentation required in 7.16.1 in accordance with nationally andards or the manufacturer's instructions.						
798 799 800	7.16.3		he calibration required in 7.16.2, the licensee shall at a minimum also perform tests linearity, and geometry dependence, as appropriate to demonstrate proper the instrument.						
801 802	7.16.4	A licensee shall retain a record of each instrument calibration and test required by 7.16 for 3 years. The record shall include the:							
803		7.16.4.1	Model and serial number of the instrument;						
804		7.16.4.2	Date of the calibration and other tests;						
805		7.16.4.3	Results of the calibration and other tests; and						
806		7.16.4.4	Name of the individual who performed the calibration and other tests.						
807	7.17	Calibration of	Survey Instruments. Calibration of survey instruments.		Commented [JSJ76]: Language and format/fl consistency with 10 CFR 35.61 except as indicted				
808 809 810	7.17.1	and Part 7 hav	all ensure thatcalibrate the survey instruments used to show compliance with Part 4 ve been calibrated before first use, annually at intervals not to exceed 12 months, any repair that will affects the calibration. A licensee shall:		Proposed 7.17.1.1 parallels the existing requirement (below).				
811 812		7.17.1.1	Calibrate all scales with readings up to 10 mSv (1000 mrem) per hour with a radiation source;		Proposed 7.17.1.3 parallels the existing requirement Although not found in 10 CFR 35, the phrase "at it exceed 12 months" is retained from the current rul program believes it adds clarity to the requirement				
813 814		7.17.1.2	Calibrate two separate readings on each scale or decade that will be used to show compliance; and		NRC Compatibility H&S: 7.17.1.1, 7.17.1.2, 7.17. NRC Compatibility D: 7.17.1.3, 7.17.3				
815		7.17.1.3	Conspicuously note on the instrument the date of calibration.						

t/flow is updated for ed below.

nent in 7.17.2.1

nent in 7.17.2.3

at intervals not to rule as the radiation ent.

816	7.17.2	To satisfy the r	requirements of 7.17.1 the licensee shall:
817		7.17.2.1	Calibrate all required scale readings up to 10 mSv (1 rem) per hour with a
818		radiatio	on source;
819		7.17.2.2	Have each radiation survey instrument calibrated as follows, or by acceptable
820		equiva	lent methods:
821 822		(1)	At energies appropriate for use and at intervals not to exceed 12 months or after instrument servicing, except for battery changes;
823 824		(2)	For linear scale instruments, at 2 points located approximately one-third and two- thirds of full-scale on each scale;
825 826		(3)	For logarithmic scale instruments, at mid-range of each decade and at 2 points of at least one decade;
827 828		(4)	For digital instruments, at 3 points between 0.02 and 10 mSv (2 and 1000 mrem) per hour; and
829 830		(5)	For dose rate instruments, so that an accuracy within plus or minus 20 percent of the true radiation dose rate can be demonstrated at each point checked.
831		7.17.2.3	Conspicuously note on the instrument the date of calibration.
832 833	7.17. 3 2		shallmay not use survey instruments if the difference between the indicated and the calculated exposure rate is greatermore than 20 percent.
834 835	7.17.43		shall retain a record of each survey instrument calibration required by 7.17 for 3 ord shall include the:
836		7.17. 43 .1	Model and serial number of the instrument;
837		7.17.4 3 .2	Date of the calibration;
838		7.17. <mark>43</mark> .3	Results of the calibration; and
839		7.17. <mark>43</mark> .4	Name of the individual who performed the calibration.
840 841	7.18		of Dosages of Radioactive Material for Medical Use. Determination of dosages of oactive material for medical use.
842	7.18.1	A licensee sha	Il determine and record the activity of each dosage prior tebefore medical use.
843 844		7.18.1.1	For photon-emitting radioactive material, this determination shall be within 30 minutes prior to medical use.
845 846 847		7.18.1.2	For all other radioactive material, this determination shall be within the period before medical use that is no greater than 10 percent of the physical half-life of the radioactive material.
848	7.18.2	For a unit dosa	ge, the determination required by 7.18.1 shall be made by:
849		7.18.2.1	dDirect measurement of radioactivity; or
850		7.18.2.2	aA decay correction, based on the measurement made by:

Commented [JSJ77]: The requirement in 7.17.2.1 is replaced by 7.17.1.1 (above).

Commented [JSJ78]:
The requirements of 7.17.2.2 are not found in Part 35 and are deleted. Due to the various makes, models and design configurations of modern survey instruments, calibration requirements are generally best determined by the facility performing the calibration. Licensed facilities typically perform calibrations in accordance with standard practices and nationally accepted standards appropriate for the specific instrument.

Commented [JSJ79]: The requirement in 7.17.2.3 is replaced by 7.17.1.3 (above).

851 852		(1)		
1		(')	aA manufacturer or preparer licensed pursuant to Part 3 of these regulations or equivalent provisions of another Agreement State, or NRC; or	
853 854 855		(2)	anAn NRC or Agreement State licensee for use in research in accordance with a Radioactive Drug Research Committee-approved protocol or an Investigational New Drug (IND) protocol accepted by FDA.	
856		(3)	A PET radioactive drug producer licensed under Part 3, Section 3.8.10 or	Commented [JSJ80]: Added, consistent with the requirements
857			equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements.	of 10 CFR 35.63(b)(2)(iii). This provision has been in federal rule for a number of years, but was omitted during prior rule amendments.
858 7	7.18.3	For other than	a-unit dosages, the determination by 7.18.1 shall be made by:	NRC Compatibility H&S
859		7.18.3.1	dDirect measurement of radioactivity; or	The Companion of the
860 861		7.18.3.2	by a cCombination of measurements of radioactivity and mathematical calculations; or	
862 863		7.18.3.3	$\ensuremath{\text{by a - cC}}$ ombination of volumetric measurements and mathematical calculations, based on the measurement made by:	
864 865		(1)	aA manufacturer or preparer licensed pursuant to Part 3 of these regulations or equivalent provisions of another Agreement State, or NRC.	
866		(2)	A PET radioactive drug producer licensed under Part 3, Section 3.8.10 or	Commented [JSJ81]: Added, consistent with the requirements
867			equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements.	of 10 CFR 35.63(c)(3)(ii). This provision has been in federal rule for a number of years, but was omitted during prior rule amendments.
868 7 869	7.18.4		se directed by the authorized user, a licensee shall not use a dosage if the dosage prescribed dosage by more than 20 percent.	NRC Compatibility H&S
870 871	7.18.5	A license shall The record sha	retain a record of the each dosage determination required by 7.18.1 for 3 years. Ill contain the:	Commented [JJ82]: Correction of numbering errors made in this section.
872		7.18.5.1	Name of the radioactive drug;	
873 874		7.18.5.2	Patient's or human research subject's name, and identification number if one has been assigned;	
875		7.18. 3.35.3	Prescribed dosage;	
876 877		7.18. 3.45.4	Determined dosage; or a notation that the total activity is less than 1.1 MBq (30 μ Ci);	
878		7.18. 3.55.5	Date and time of the dosage determination; and	
879		7.18. 3.65.6	Name of the individual who determined the dosage.	
880	7.19	Authorization fo	or Calibration, Transmission and Reference Sources. Authorization for	Commented [JSJ83]: Section 7.19 is revised for consistency
881		calibration, tra	ansmission and reference sources.	with the 2018 amendments to <u>10 CFR 35.65</u> .
883	7.19.1	use any of the	thorized by 7.3 for medical use of radioactive material may receive, possess, and following radioactive material for check, calibration, transmission and reference	NRC Compatibility D NRC RATS 2018-1
884		use:		
885 886		7.19.1 7.19.1.1	Sealed sources manufactured and distributed by persons specifically licensed pursuant to Part 3 of these regulations or equivalent provisions of the another Agreement State, a Licensing State, or NRC, and that do not exceed 1.1 GBq	
887 888			(30 mCi) each; Sealed sources, not exceeding 1.11 GBq (30 mCi) each,	
_			23	

889 890			manufactured and distributed by a person licensed under Part 3, by NRC under 10 CFR 32.74 or equivalent Agreement State regulations;	
891 892 893 894 895 896		7.19.1.2	Sealed sources, not exceeding 1.11 GBq (30 mCi) each, redistributed by a licensee authorized to redistribute the sealed sources manufactured and distributed by a person licensed under Part 3, by NRC under 10 CFR 32.74 or equivalent Agreement State regulations, providing the redistributed sealed sources are in the original packaging and shielding and are accompanied by the manufacturer's approved instructions;	
897 898		7.19.2 7.19.1.3	Any radioactive material with a half-life not longer than 120 days or less in individual amounts not to exceed 0.550.56 GBq (15 mCi);	
899 900 901		7.19.3 7.19.1.4	Any radioactive material with a half life greaterlonger than 120 days in individual amounts not to exceed the smaller of 7.4 MBq (200 uCi) or 1000 times the quantities in Part 3 Schedule 3B;; or	
902		7.19.3.1	-7.4 MBq (200 µСі);	
903		7.19.3.2	1000 times the quantities in Part 3 Schedule 3B; and	
904		7.19.4 7.19.1.5	Technetium-99m in amounts as needed.	
905	7.19.2	Radioactive m	aterial in sealed sources authorized by this provision shall not be:	
906 907		7.19.2.1	Used for medical use as defined in 7.2 except in accordance with the requirements in 7.40; or	
908 909		7.19.2.1	Combined (i.e., bundled or aggregated) to create an activity greater than the maximum activity of any single sealed source authorized under 7.19.	
910	7.19.3		ng calibration, transmission, and reference sources in accordance with the	
911 912		license.	in 7.19.1 or 7.19.2 need not list these sources on a specific medical use	
913 914	7.20		or Possession of Sealed Sources and Brachytherapy Sources.Requirements for sealed sources and brachytherapy sources.	
915 916 917 918	7.20.1	safety and han	ossession of any sealed source or brachytherapy source shall follow the radiation dling instructions supplied by the manufacturer or equivalent instructions approved ent and shall maintain the instructions for the duration of source use in a legible to users.	
919	7.20.2	A licensee in po	ossession of a sealed source shall-test the source for leakage:	
920 921 922 923		7.20.2.1	In accordance with Part 4 of these regulations; and Test the source for leakage before its first use unless the licensee has a certificate from the supplier indicating that the sources was tested within 6 months before transfer to the licensee; and	/
924 925 926		7.20.2.2	Test the source for leakage Atat intervals not to exceed 6 months or at intervals approved by the Department, another Agreement State, a Licensing State or the NRC in the Sealed Source and Device Registry.	
927 928 929		7.20.2.3	A licensee shall retain records of leak tests required by 7.20.2 for 3 years. The records must include the model number, and serial number if one has been assigned, of each source tested; the identity of each source by	/

Commented [JSJ84]: This provision is not new to federal rule, but was previously omitted from Colorado rule.

NRC Compatibility D

Commented [JSJ85]: This is a new provision/requirement in federal rule, added for consistency with the 2018 amendments to $\underline{10}$ CFR Part 35.65(b).

The added language clarifies that while sources may be authorized under 7.19 (35.50) they may only be used for medical purposes under the requirements of 7.40 (35.500). The NRC considers the exposure of humans/patients to a radioactive source to be medical use.

Compatibility D NRC RATS 2018-1

CROSS REFERENCES: 7.2 = 10 CFR 35.2 7.40 = 10 CFR 35.500

Commented [JSJ86]: This is a new provision/requirement, added for consistency with the 2018 amendments to $\underline{10}$ CFR Part $\underline{35.65}$ (c).

Compatibility D NRC RATS 2018-1

CROSS REFERENCES: 7.19.1 = 10 CFR 35.65(a) 7.19.2 = 10 CFR 35.65(b)

Commented [JSJ87]: Rather than defer to Part 4, the requirements are incorporated into Part 7, consistent with the format of 10 CFR 35.67. These requirements are the same as those currently found in Part 4.

[Non-RATS item]

Commented [JSJ88]: This provision is added for clarity consistent with <u>10 CFR 35.67(d)</u>.

The provision in Part 4 pertaining to recordkeeping for leak test is not specific with regard to the leak testing record. The proposed language adds clarity to the recordkeepoing (and similar to the existing requirement for source inventory in 7.20.5).

The proposed change also provides some regulatory relief by reducing the duration that leak test records must be maintained – from 5 years to 3 years.

[Non-RATS item]

930 931				uclide and its estimated activity; the results of the test; the date of st; and the name of the individual who performed the test.			
932 933	7.20.3		To satisfy the leak test requirements of 7.20, the licensee shall measure the sample so that the eak test can detect the presence of 185 Bq (0.005 uCi) of radioactive material in the sample.				
934 935	7.20.4	If the leak test contamination		the presence of 0.005 microcurie (185 Bq) or more of removable asee shall:			
936 937		7.20.4.1 to be		iately withdraw the sealed source from use and store, dispose or cause it in accordance with the requirements of these regulations; and			
938 939 940 941			, includino dionuclid	written report with the Department within 5 days of receiving the leak test g the model number and serial number, if assigned, of the leaking source, e and its estimated activity, the date and results of the test, and the action			
942 943 944 945 946 947	7.20.5	stereotactic ra sources. The shallmust cor assigned, the	idiosurge licensee s itain the r identity o	on of a sealed source or brachytherapy source, except for a gamma ry source, shall conduct a semi-annual physical inventory of all such shall retain each inventory record for 3 years. The inventory records model number of each source, and serial number if one has been f each source by radionuclide and its estimated activity, the location of ame of the individual who performed the inventory.			
948	7.21	Reports and N	Votificatio	ns of Misadministrations.Report and notification of a medical event.			
949 950 951 952	7.21.1	shall report ar radioactive ma	ny event i aterial res	result from intervention by a patient or human research subject, a licensee in which the administration of radioactive material or radiation from sults in:A licensee shall report any event as a medical event, except lts from patient or human research subject intervention, in which:			
953 954		7.21.1.1		Iministration of radioactive material or radiation from radioactive al, except permanent implant brachytherapy, results in:			
955 956 957 958		7.21.1.1	dose e	A dose that differs from the prescribed dose or dose that would have ed from the prescribed dosage by more than 0.05 Sv (5 rem) effective quivalent, 0.5 Sv (50 rem) to an organ or tissue, or 0.5 Sv (50 rem) v dose equivalent to the skin; and either	\		
959 960		(1)	(a)	The total dose delivered differs from the prescribed dose by 20 percent or more;			
961 962		(2)	(b)	The total dosage delivered differs from the prescribed dosage by 20 percent or more or falls outside the prescribed dosage range; or			
963 964		(3)	(c)	The fractionated dose delivered differs from the prescribed dose, for a single fraction, by 50 percent or more.			
965 966 967		7.21.1.2		A dose that exceeds 0.05 Sv (5 rem) effective dose equivalent, 0.5 Sv n) to an organ or tissue, or 0.5 Sv (50 rem) shallow dose equivalent to the om any of the following:			
968 969 970			(1)	(a) An administration of a wrong radioactive drug containing radioactive material or the wrong radionuclide for a brachytherapy procedures;			
970				procedures;			

Commented [JJ89]: Consistent with current NRC language in 10 CFR 35, Part 7 is being modified to change the term "misadministration" to "medical event".

Commented [JJ90]: Reworded for consistency with <u>10 CFR</u> <u>35.3045</u>.

Due to the change in certain requirements related to permanent implant brachytherapy, the requirements pertaining to medical events for these materials are modified in 7.21.

NRC Compatibility C NRC RATS 2018-1

Commented [JSJ91]: Language pertaining to human research subject intervention is retained from the current rule although it is not found in 10 CFR 35.

Commented [JSJ92]: 35.3045(a)(1)(ii)(A)

NRC Compatibility C

971		(2)	(b) An administration of a radioactive drug containing radioactive
972		()	material by the wrong route of administration;
1			,
973		(3)	(c) An administration of a dose or dosage to the wrong individual or
974		(0)	human research subject;
1			numan research subject,
975		(4)	(d) An administration of a dose or dosage delivered by the wrong
976		(4)	
9/6			mode of treatment; or
077		(5)	(a) A lasting assistance
977		(5)	(e) A leaking sealed source.
0.70	70440	(0)	
978	7.21.1.3	(3)	A dose to the skin or an organ or tissue other than the treatment site that
979		excee	eds by:
980			(a) 0.5 Sievert (50 rem) to an organ or tissue and 0.5 Sievert (50
981			rem) or more the expected dose to that site from the procedure if
982			the administration had been given in accordance with the written
983			directive prepared or revised before administration; and
984			(b) 50 percent of the dose expected from the administration defined
985			in the written directive (excluding, for permanent implants, seeds that
986			were implanted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment
987			site).50 percent or more the expected dose to that site from the
988			procedure if the administration had been given in accordance with
989			the written directive prepared or revised before administration.
969			the written directive prepared or revised before administration.
990	7.21.1.2	Forn	armonant implant brooksthorons, the administration of radioactive
990	1.21.1.2		ermanent implant brachytherapy, the administration of radioactive
			rial or radiation from radioactive material (excluding sources that were
992		impla	inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that
			inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that
992 993		impla resul	nted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that ts in:
992 993 994		impla	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more
992 993 994 995		impla resul	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation
992 993 994		impla resul	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more
992 993 994 995 996		impla resul	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive;
992 993 994 995 996		impla resul	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site
992 993 994 995 996		impla resul	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive;
992 993 994 995 996		impla resul	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site
992 993 994 995 996 997 998		impla resul	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the
992 993 994 995 996 997 998		impla resul	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999		impla result (1)	The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999		impla result (1)	The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following:
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999		impla result (1)	The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003		impla result (1)	The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide;
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004		impla result (1)	The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following:
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005		impla result (1)	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject;
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005		impla result (1)	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005		impla result (1)	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location discontiguous from the treatment site, as documented in the
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006		impla result (1)	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009		impla result (1)	The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location discontiguous from the treatment site, as documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009		impla result (1)	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location discontiguous from the treatment site, as documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or (d) A leaking sealed source resulting in a dose that exceeds 0.5
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009		impla result (1)	The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location discontiguous from the treatment site, as documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009		(1) (2) (3)	The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location discontiguous from the treatment site, as documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or (d) A leaking sealed source resulting in a dose that exceeds 0.5 Sv (50 rem) to an organ or tissue.
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010		impla result (1) (2) (3)	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location discontiguous from the treatment site, as documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or (d) A leaking sealed source resulting in a dose that exceeds 0.5 Sv (50 rem) to an organ or tissue.
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011	subject in w	impla result (1) (2) (3) shall report hich the actions are supported to the action of	The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location discontiguous from the treatment site, as documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or (d) A leaking sealed source resulting in a dose that exceeds 0.5 Sv (50 rem) to an organ or tissue.
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010	subject in w	impla result (1) (2) (3) shall report hich the actions are supported to the action of	Inted in the correct site but migrated outside the treatment site) that its in: The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location discontiguous from the treatment site, as documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or (d) A leaking sealed source resulting in a dose that exceeds 0.5 Sv (50 rem) to an organ or tissue.
992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011	subject in w results, or w	impla result (1) (2) (3) shall report hich the avill result in	The total source strength administered differing by 20 % or more from the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; The total source strength administered outside of the treatment site exceeding 20 % of the total source strength documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or An administration that includes any of the following: (a) The wrong radionuclide; (b) The wrong individual or human research subject; (c) Sealed source(s) implanted directly into a location discontiguous from the treatment site, as documented in the post-implantation portion of the written directive; or (d) A leaking sealed source resulting in a dose that exceeds 0.5 Sv (50 rem) to an organ or tissue.

Commented [JSJ93]: This is a new requirement added consistent with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.3045(a)(2) pertaining to permanent implant brachytherapy.

NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility C

1016 1017	7.21.3		shall notify the Agency by telephone the Department no later than the next after discovery of the misadministrationmedical event.	
1018 1019	7.21.4		shall submit a written report to the AgencyDepartment within 15 days after ne misadministrationmedical event.	
1020		7.21.4.1	The written report must include:	
1021		(1)	The licensee's name;	
1022		(2)	The name of the prescribing physician;	
1023		(3)	A brief description of the event;	
1024		(4)	Why the event occurred;	
1025		(5)	The effect, if any, on the individual(s) who received the administration;	
026 027		(6)	What actions Actions, if any, that have been taken, or are planned, to prevent recurrence; and	
1028 1029		(7)	Certification that the licensee notified the individual (or the individual's responsible relative or guardian), and if not, why not.	
1030 1031		7.21.4.2	The report may not contain the individual's name or any other information that could lead to identification of the individual.	
1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 1043 1044 1045 1046	7.21.5	physician and no later than 2 licensee either the individual to consulting the reached within The licensee recessary rem delay in notific individual who individual's resinform the indithe event can	shall provide notification of the misadministrationmedical event to the referring also notify the individual who is the subject of the misadministrationmedical event 4 hours after its discovery, unless the referring physician personally informs the 5 that he or she will inform the individual or that, based on medical judgment, telling would be harmful. The licensee is not required to notify the individual without first referring physician. If the referring physician or the affected individual cannot be 124 hours, the licensee shall notify the individual as soon as possible thereafter. In any not delay any appropriate medical care for the individual, including any nedial care as a result of the misadministrationmedical event, because of any ation. To meet the requirements of this paragraph7.21.5, the notification of the is the subject of the misadministrationmedical event may be made instead to that sponsible relative or guardian. If a verbal notification is made, the licensee shall vidual, or appropriate responsible relative or guardian, that a written description of be obtained from the licensee upon request. The licensee shall provide such a stion if requested.	
1047 1048 1049	7.21.6	licensees and	notification requirement, nothing in this section affects any rights or duties of physicians in relation to each other, to individuals affected by the cienmedical event, or to that individual's responsible relatives or guardians.	
1050	7.21.7	A licensee sha	all retain a record of a misadministration for 3 years. The record must contain:	Commented [JSJ94]: This provision is replaced by the revised requirements in new 7.21.7 (below).
1051		7.21.7.1	The licensee's name;	requirements in new 7.21.7 (below).
1052		7.21.7.1	Names of the individuals involved;	
1053 1054		7.21.7.1 assign	The social security number or other identification number if one has been und, of the individual who is the subject of the misadministration;	
1055		7.21.7.1	A brief description of the event and why it occurred;	
			27	

1056		7.21.7.1	The effect, if any, on the individual;
1057		7.21.7.1	The actions, if any, taken, or planned, to prevent recurrence; and
1058 1059 1060		relative from th	Whether the licensee notified the individual (or the individual's responsible or guardian) and, if not, whether such failure to notify was based on guidance e referring physician.
1061	7.21.7	A licensee sha	ll:
1062		7.21.7.1	Annotate a copy of the report provided to the Department with the:
1063		(1)	Name of the individual who is the subject of the event; and
1064 1065		(2)	Social security number or other identification number, if one has been assigned, of the individual who is the subject of the event; and
1066 1067		7.21.7.2	Provide a copy of the annotated report to the referring physician, if other than the licensee, no later than 15 days after the discovery of the event.
1068	7.21.8		acord required under 7.21.7 shall be provided to the referring physician if other
1069		than the license	e, within 15 days after discovery of the misadministration.
1070 1071 1072	7.22	Radioactive Ma	ne Department of Deceased Patients or Human Research Subjects Containing terial. Notification to the Department of deceased patients or human research sining radioactive material.
1073 1074 1075	7.22.1	or human resea	hall notify the Department by telephone immediately upon discovery that a patient arch subject containing radioactive material has died, and it is possible that any receive exposures in excess of 4.14 as a result of the deceased's body.
1076 1077 1078	7.22.2		nall submit a written report to the Department within 30 days after discovery that uman research subject referenced in 7.22.1 has died. The written report must
1079		7.22.2.1	Licensee's name;
1080		7.22.2.2	Date of death;
1081 1082		7.22.2.3	Radionuclide, chemical and physical form and calculated activity at time of death; and
1083 1084		7.22.2.4	Names (or titles) and address(es) of known individuals who might have received exposures exceeding 5 mSv (500 mrem).
1085	7.22.3	The licensee sh	nall retain a record of each written report required by 7.22 for 3 years.
1086 1087	7.23		ification of a Dose to an Embryo/Fetus or a Nursing Child.Report and a dose to an embryo/fetus or a nursing child
1088 1089 1090 1091	7.23.1	equivalent that material to a pro	I report any dose to an embryo/fetus that is greater than 5 mSv (500 mrem) dose is a result of an administration of radioactive material or radiation from radioactive egnant individual unless the dose to the embryo/fetus was specifically approved, the authorized user.

Commented [JSJ95]: In part, this provision replaces some requirements of the prior 7.21.7, consistent with 10 CFR 35.3045(g).

Commented [JSJ96]: This provision is replaced by new 7.21.7.2.

1092 1093 1094	7.23.2		Il report any dose to a nursing child, that was not specifically approved, in advance, ed user, that is a result of an administration of radioactive material to a breast ual that:
1095		7.23.2.1	Is greater than 5 millisievert (500 mrem) total effective dose equivalent; or
1096 1097		7.23.2.2	Has resulted in unintended permanent functional damage to an organ or a physiological system of the child, as determined by a physician.
1098 1099 1100	7.23.3		nall notify by telephone the AgencyDepartment no later than the next calendar day of a dose to the embryo/fetus or nursing child that requires a report in 7.23.1 or
1101 1102	7.23.4		nall submit a written report to the AgencyDepartment within 15 days after dose to the embryo/fetus or nursing child that requires a report in 7.23.1 or 7.23.2.
1103		7.23.4.1	The written report must include:
1104		(1)	The licensee's name;
1105		(2)	The name of the prescribing physician;
1106		(3)	A brief description of the event;
1107		(4)	Why the event occurred;
1108		(5)	The effect on the embryo/fetus or the nursing child;
1109		(6)	What actions, if any, have been taken, or are planned, to prevent recurrence; and
1110 1111		(7)	Certification that the licensee notified the pregnant individual or mother (or the mother's or child's responsible relative or guardian), and if not, why not.
1112 1113		7.23.4.2 informa	The report must not contain the individual's or child's name or any other ation that could lead to identification of the individual or child.
1114 1115 1116 1117 1118 1119 1120 1121 1122 1123 1124 1125 1126 1127 1128	7.23.5	notify the pregr hours after disc referring physic that, based on required to noti physician or m notifications as care for the em result of the ev paragraph 7.23. guardian instead shall inform the description of the	nall netifyprovide notification of the event to the referring physician and also nant individual or mother, both hereafter referred to as the mother, no later than 24 covery of an event that would require reporting under 7.23.1 or 7.23.2, unless the cian personally informs the licensee either that he or she will inform the mother or medical judgment, telling the mother would be harmful. The licensee is not fy the mother without first consulting with the referring physician. If the referring other cannot be reached within 24 hours, the licensee shall make the appropriate soon as possible thereafter. The licensee may not delay any appropriate medical bryo/fetus or for the nursing child, including any necessary remedial care as a ent, because of any delay in notification. To meet the requirements of this 5, the notification may be made to the mother's or child's responsible relative or ad of the mother, when appropriate. If a verbal notification is made, the licensee mother, or the mother's or child's responsible relative or guardian, that a written he event can be obtained from the licensee upon request. The licensee shall written description if requested.
1129 1130	7.23.6	A licensee shall record must co	Il retain a record of a dose to an embryo/fetus or a nursing child for 3 years. The ntain:
1131		7.23.6.1	The licensee's name;

1132		7.23.6.2	Names of all the individuals involved;		
1133 1134		7.23.6.3	Social security number or other identification number if one has been assigned to the pregnant individual or nursing child who is the subject of the event;		
1135		7.23.6.4	A brief description of the event and why it occurred;		
1136		7.23.6.5	The effect, if any, on the embryo/fetus or nursing child;		
1137		7.23.6.6	The actions, if any, taken, or planned, to prevent recurrence; and		
1138 1139 1140		7.23.6.7	Whether the licensee notified the pregnant individual or mother (or the mother's or child's responsible relative or guardian) and, if not, whether such failure to notify was based on guidance from the referring physician.		
1141 1142	7.23.7		ecord required under 7.23.6 shall be provided to the referring physician, if other ee, within 15 days after discovery of the event.		
1143	7.24	Vial Shields an	d Labels.Labeling of vials and syringes.		
1144 1145	7.24.1		l require each individual preparing or handling a vial that contains a utical to keep the vial in a vial radiation shield.		
1146 1147 1148	7.24.2	drug, to include	Each syringe and vial that contains a radioactive drug shall be labeled to identify the radioactive drug, to include the isotope and amount of radioactivity. Each syringe shield and vial shield shall also be labeled unless the label on the syringe or vial is visible when shielded.		
1149 1150	7.25	Surveys for Co ambient expos	ntamination and Ambient Exposure Rate.Surveys for contamination and sure rate.		
1151	7.25.1	Surveys require	ed by 7.25.2 and 7.25.3 are in addition to surveys required by Part 4.		
1152	7.25.2	Daily Survey R	equirements		
1153 1154 1155		7.25.2.1	At the end of each day of use, a licensee shall survey with an exposure rate instrument, all areas where radioactive drugs containing radioactive material requiring a written directive were prepared for use or administered.		
1156 1157 1158		(1)	A licensee does not need to perform the surveys required by 7.25.2.1 in an area where patients or human research subjects are confined when they cannot be released pursuant to 7.26.		
1159 1160 1161 1162		7.25.2.2	At the end of each day of use, a licensee shall survey for removable contamination all areas where generators and bulk radioactive drugs are prepared for use. An instrument capable of detecting 33.3 becquerels (2000 dpm) of contamination on each wipe sample shall be used.		
1163	7.25.3	Weekly Survey	Requirements		
1164 1165		7.25.3.1	At least once each week, a licensee shall survey, with an exposure rate instrument, all areas where radioactive drugs or radioactive wastes are stored.		
1166 1167 1168 1169		7.25.3.2	At least once each week, a licensee shall survey for removable contamination in all areas where radioactive materials other than sealed sources as defined in Part 7 are stored. An instrument capable of detecting 33.3 becquerels (2000 dpm) of contamination on each wipe sample shall be used.		

1170 1171 1172	7.25.4	A licensee shall establish action levels for the surveys required by 7.25.2 and 7.25.3 and shall require that the individual performing the survey immediately notify the Radiation Safety Officer if action levels are exceeded.			
1173 1174	7.25.5	A licensee sha The record mu	all retain a record of each survey required by 7.25.1, 7.25.2 and 7.25.3 for 3 years. ust include:		
1175		7.25.5.1	The date of the survey;		
1176		7.25.5.2	The results of the survey;		
1177 1178 1179		7.25.5.3	The instrument used to make the survey (including, if applicable, that the instrument was checked for consistent response with a dedicated check source prior to each daily use); and		
1180		7.25.5.4	The name of the individual who performed the survey.		
1181 1182	7.26		lividuals Containing Radioactive Drugs or Implants.Release of individuals usealed radioactive material or implants containing radioactive material.		
1183 1184 1185 1186	7.26.1	administered r effective dose	y authorize the release from the licensee's control of any individual who has been adioactive drugs or permanent implants containing radioactive material if the total equivalent to any other individual from exposure to the released individual is not d 5 mSv (0.5 rem).1		
1187 1188 1189 1190 1191	1 Appendix U of U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission NUREG-1556, Vol. 9, "Consolidated Guidance About Materials Licenses: Program Specific Guidance About Medical Licenses" describes methods for calculating doses to other individuals and contains tables of activities not likely to cause doses exceeding 5 mSv (0.5 rem).				
1192 1193 1194 1195	7.26.2	instructions, in individuals as	all provide the released individual or the individual's parent or guardian with cluding written instructions on the actions recommended to maintain doses to other low as is reasonably achievable if the total effective dose equivalent to any other ely to exceed 1 mSv (0.1 rem).		
1196 1197 1198		7.26.2.1	If the total effective dose equivalent to a nursing infant or child could exceed 1 mSv (0.1 rem) assuming there were no interruption in breast-feeding, the instructions shall also include:		
1199		(1)	Guidance on the interruption or discontinuation of breast-feeding; and		
1200 1201		(2)	Information on the potential consequences, if any, of failure to follow the guidance.		
1202 1203 1204	7.26.3	from continued	ctive dose equivalent to a nursing infant or child could exceed 5 mSv (0.5 rem) breast-feeding, the licensee shall maintain a record that the instructions required provided to a breast-feeding woman.		
1205 1206	7.26.4		shall maintain a record of the basis for authorizing the release of an individual in th 7.26, if the total effective dose equivalent is calculated by:		
1207		7.26.4.1	Using the retained activity rather than the administered activity;		
1208		7.26.4.2	Using an occupancy factor less than 0.25 at 1 meter;		
1209		7.26.4.3	Using the biological or effective half-live; and		
			31		

1210		7.26.4.4	Considering the shielding by tissue.
1211 1212	7.26.5	The records re of the individual	quired by 7.26.3 and 7.26.4 must be retained for 3 years after the date of release al.
1213	7.26.6	Reports of Pati	ient Departure Prior to Authorized Release.
1214 1215 1216		7.26.6.1	The licensee shall notify the Department by telephone immediately upon discovery that a patient or human research subject has departed from the licensee's facility without authorization under 7.26.
1217 1218		7.26.6.2	The licensee shall submit a written report to the Department within 30 days after discovery of the unauthorized departure. The written report must include:
1219		(1)	The licensee's name;
1220		(2)	The date and time of the unauthorized departure;
1221		(3)	The projected date and time when release would have occurred;
1222 1223		(4)	The address of the patient's or human research subject's home or anticipated destination following departure;
1224 1225		(5)	The radionuclide, chemical and physical form and calculated activity at time of release;
1226		(6)	The apparent reason(s) for the departure prior to authorized release; and
1227 1228		(7)	A description of any changes in the licensee's patient release criteria or patient instructions that are designed to avoid a recurrence of such an event.
1229 1230	7.27	Mobile Nuclear technical requ	Medicine Service Technical Requirements. Mobile nuclear medicine service uirements.
1231		A licensee prov	viding mobile nuclear medicine service shall:
1232 1233	7.27.1	Transport to earadioactive ma	ach client's address of use only syringes or vials containing prepared drugs or terials that are intended for reconstitution of radioactive drug kits;
1234 1235	7.27.2		client's address of use all radioactive material to be used and, before leaving, used radioactive material and associated radioactive waste;
1236 1237	7.27.3		o under constant surveillance and immediate control all radioactive material when a client's address of use;
1238 1239 1240	7.27.4	function before	ents used to measure the activity of unsealed radioactive material for proper medical use at each client's address or on each day of use, whichever is more minimum, the check for proper function shall include a constancy check;
1241 1242	7.27.5	Check survey i each client's ac	instruments for consistent response with a dedicated check source before use at ddress;
1243 1244	7.27.6		a client's address of use, perform area surveys and survey for removable in all areas of use, to ensure compliance with Part 4 of these regulations; and

1245 1246 1247	7.27.7	Retain a record of each survey required by 7.27.6 for 3 years. The record must include the date of the survey, the results of the survey, the instrument used to make the survey, and the name of the individual who performed the survey.			
1248	7.28	Storage of Vol	atiles and Gases.		
1249 1250	7.28.1	A licensee sha container.	all store volatile radioactive materials and radioactive gases in a radiation shield and		
1251	7.28.2	A licensee sha	all store and use a multi-dose container in a properly functioning fume hood.		
1252 1253	7.28.3		o administers radioactive aerosols or gases shall do so with a system that will keep entrations within the limits prescribed in Part 4 of these regulations.		
1254 1255 1256		7.28.3.1	The system shall either be directly vented to the atmosphere through an air exhaust or provide for collection and decay or disposal of the aerosol or gas in a shielded container.		
1257 1258		7.28.3.2	A licensee shall check the operation of collection systems monthly. Records of these checks shall be maintained for 3 years.		
1259	7.29	Decay-In-Store	age-Decay-in-storage.		
1260 1261	7.29.1		y hold radioactive material with a physical half-life of less than or equal to 120 days orage before disposal without regard forto its radioactivity if the licenseeit:		
1262 1263 1264 1265		7.29.1.1	Monitors radioactive material at the container surface before disposal and determines that its radioactivity cannot be distinguished from the background radiation level with aan appropriate radiation detection survey instrumentmeter set on its most sensitive scale and with no interposed shielding; and		
1266 1267 1268		7.29.1. <mark>32</mark>	Removes or obliterates all radiation labels, except for radiation labels on materials that are within containers and that will be handledmanaged as biomedical waste after they have been released from the licensee; and		
1269 1270 1271		7.29.1.4	Separates and monitors each generator column individually with all radiation shielding removed to ensure that its contents have decayed to background radiation level before disposal.		
1272	7.29.2	Records of De	cay-in-Storage.		
1273 1274 1275			e material disposed in accordance with 7.29.1, the licensee shall retain a record of for 3 years. A licensee shall retain a record of each disposal permitted under ows:		
1276 1277 1278 1279 1280		7.29.2.1	A licensee shall maintain records of the disposal of licensed materials, as required by 7.29, for 3 yearsThe record must include the date of the disposal, the survey instrument used, the background radiation level, the radiation level measured at the surface of each waste container, and the name of the individual who performed the survey.		
1281 1282	SPECI		MENTS FOR THE USE OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL FOR UPTAKE, DILUTION, FION STUDIES		
1283	Sectio	n D – Unsealed	Radioactive Material – Written Directive Not Required		

Commented [JSJ97]: Wording and formatting/alignment modifications were made for consistency with <u>10 CFR 35.92</u>.

Commented [JSJ98]: This provision combines the requirements found in $\underline{10}$ CFR 35.92(b) and $\underline{10}$ CFR 35.2092.

The CFR (Part 35) structure retains recordkeeping requirements in one area of the rule, while in Part 7, the recordkeeping requirements are generally retained with the requirement that drives the record.

The proposed language does not change the requirement found in current rule.

1284 1285	7.30	Written Direct	ctive is No	pactive Material for Uptake, Dilution, and Excretion Studies for which a t Required. Use of unsealed radioactive material for uptake, dilution,	Commented [JSJ99]: Modified format to "sentence case" for consistency with 10 CFR Part 35.		
1286		and excretion	on studie	s for which a written directive is not required.			
1287	7.30.1			y unsealed radioactive material, in quantities that do not require a written	Commented [JSJ100]: Language updated for consistency with		
1288 1289				in 7.11, for a diagnostic use involving measurements of uptake, dilution, or for quantities that require a written directive under 7.11.2, a licensee	the flow and format of 10 CFR 35.100.		
1290				d radioactive material prepared for medical use for uptake, dilution,	[Non-NRC RATS 2018-1 items]		
1291		or excretion			CROSS REFERENCES USED IN THIS SECTION:		
					7.11.2 = 10 CFR 35.40(b)		
1292		7.30.1.1	ls obt a	ained fromObtained from:	3.8.10 = 10 CFR 30.32(j)		
1293			(1)	aA manufacturer or preparer licensed pursuant tounder Part 3, Section			
1294			(.,	3.12.10 or equivalent regulations of an other Agreement State, a			
1295				Licensing State, or NRC; or;			
1296			(2)	A PET radioactive drug producer licensed under Part 3, Section			
1297			(2)	3.8.10 or equivalent regulations of an Agreement State or NRC; or			
1298		7.30.1.2	Exclud	ling production of PET radioactive material, is prepared by an authorized			
1299				ar pharmacist, a physician who is an authorized user and who meets the			
1300				ements specified in Appendix 7E, Appendix 7F, or Appendix 7E3.1(2)(g), or			
1301			an ind	ividual under the supervision of either as specified in 7.10;			
1302		7.30.1.2	Exclu	ding production of PET radionuclides, prepared by:	Commented [JSJ101]:		
1303			(1)	An authorized nuclear pharmacist;	CROSS REFERENCES: Appendix 7E = 10 CFR 35.290 Appendix 7F = 10 CFR 35.390 Section 7E3.1(2)(g) of App 7E = 35.290(c)(1)(ii)(G)		
1304			(2)	A physician who is an authorized user and who meets the	7.10 = 10 CFR 35.27		
1305				requirements specified in Appendix 7E, or Appendix 7F and Section			
1306				7E3.1(2)(g) of Appendix 7E; or			
1307			(3)	An individual under the supervision, as specified in 7.10, of the			
1308				authorized nuclear pharmacist in 7.30.1.2(1) or the physician who is			
1309				an authorized user in 7.30.1.2(2); or			
1310							
1311		7.30.1.3	ls o Ot	otained from and prepared by a Department, Agreement State, Licensing			
1312			State	or NRC licensee for use in research in accordance with a Radioactive Drug			
1313				rch Committee-approved protocol or an Investigational New Drug (IND)			
1314			protoc	ol accepted by FDA; or			
1315		7.30.1.4	ls p Pr	epared by the licensee for use in research in accordance with a			
1316				active Drug Research Committee-approved application or an			
1317				igational New Drug (IND) protocol accepted by FDA for use in research.			
1318	7.30.2	Authorized U	Jser -Traini	ng For Uptake, Dilution, And Excretion Studies.			
1319				uire an authorized user of an unsealed radioactive material for the uses			
1320		authorized u	nder 7.30	to meet the requirements of Appendix 7D.			
1321	7.31	Possession (of Survey	Instrument.Reserved	Commented [JSJ102]: This requirement does not appear in 10		
1322		A licensee a	uthorized	to use radioactive material for uptake, dilution, and excretion studies shall	CFR Part 35. The requirement originated from G.45 in SSR Part G (2003) and is believed to be unnecessary.		

A licensee authorized to use radioactive material for uptake, dilution, and excretion studies shall possess a portable radiation detection survey instrument capable of detecting dose rates over the

1322 1323

1324 1325		_	.0 μSv (0.1 mrem) per hour to 500 μSv (50 mrem) per hour. The instrument shall be e and calibrated in accordance with 7.17.				
1326 1327	SPECIF		UIREMENTS FOR THE USE OF UNSEALED RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL - WRITTEN TIVE NOT REQUIRED				
1328 1329 1330	7.32	Use of Directive studies	Commented [JSJ103]: Section 7.32 is modified for of 10 CFR 35.200.				
1331 1332	Except		ntities that require a written directive under 7.11, a licensee may use any unsealed ctive material prepared for medical use for imaging and localization studies that is:	CROSS REFERENCES IN 7.11 = 10 CFR 35.40(b) 3.8.10 = 10 CFR 30.32(j)			
1333 1334	7.32.1		see may use, for imaging and localization studies, any radioactive material prepared for I use, in quantities that do not require a written directive, as described in 7.11, that:				
1335	7.32.1	Obtain	ed from:				
1336 1337 1338		7.32.1.	Is obtained from a A manufacturer or preparer licensed pursuant to Part 3, Section 3.12.10 or equivalent regulations of another Agreement State, a Licensing State, or NRC; or;				
1339		7.32.1.	A PET radioactive drug producer licensed under Part 3, Section 3.8.10; or				
1340 1341		7.32.1.	Excluding production of PET radioactive material, is prepared by an authorized nuclear pharmacist, a physician who is an authorized user and who meets the	Commented [JSJ104]: reformatted requirements of			
1342 1343			requirements specified in Appendix 7E, or Appendix 7F and Appendix 7E3.1(2)(g), or an individual under the supervision of either as specified in 7.10.	•			
1344	7.32.2	Exclud	ing production of PET radionuclides, prepared by:	Commented [JSJ105]:			
1345		7.32.2.	An authorized nuclear pharmacist;	CROSS REFERENCES IN Appendix $7E = \frac{10 \text{ CFR } 35.2}{10 \text{ CFR } 35.3}$ Appendix $7F = \frac{10 \text{ CFR } 35.3}{10 \text{ CFR } 35.3}$			
1346 1347		7.32.2.	A physician who is an authorized user and who meets the requirements specified in Appendix 7E, or Appendix 7F and 7E3.1(2)(g); or	7E3.1(2)(g) = 10 CFR 35.29 7.10 = 10 CFR 35.27 7.32.2.1 = paragraph (b)(1) o 7.32.2.2 = paragraph (b)(2) o			
1348 1349 1350		7.32.2.	An individual under the supervision, as specified in 7.10, of the authorized nuclear pharmacist in 7.32.2.1 or the physician who is an authorized user in 7.32.2.2;				
1351 1352 1353 1354	7.32.1.3	37.32.3	Is oObtained from and prepared by a Department, Agreement State, Licensing State or NRC licensee for use in research in accordance with a Radioactive Drug Research Committee-approved protocol or an Investigational New Drug (IND) protocol accepted by FDA; or				
1355 1356 1357	7.32.1.4	47.32.4	Is pPrepared by the licensee in accordance with a Radioactive Drug Research Committee-approved application or an Investigational New Drug (IND) protocol accepted by FDA for use in research.				
1358 1359	7.32. 2 5	Authori Require	zed User Training for Imaging and Localization Studies for which a Written Directive is Not ed.				
1360 1361			ensee shall require an authorized user of an unsealed radioactive material for the uses zed under 7.32 to meet the requirements of Appendix 7E.				
1		authorized under 7.32 to meet the requirements of Appendix 7E. 7.33 Radionuclide Contaminants.Permissible molybdenum-99, strontium-82, and strontium-85 concentrations.					

or consistency with the format and content

N THIS SECTION:

1: This provision is replaced with the of 7.32.2 below.

N THIS SECTION:

5.290 5.390 290(c)(1)(ii)(G)

of 10 CFR 35.200 of 10 CFR 35.200

1364	7.33.1	A licensee sha	Ilmay not administer to humans a radioactive drug containingthat contains:	 Commented [JSJ106]:
1365 1366		7.33.1.1	More than 0.15 kBq of molybdenum-99 per MBq of technetium-99m (0.15 μCi of ⁹⁹ Mo per mCi of ^{99m} Tc)-; or	This provision is revised to follow the format of 10 CFR 35.204(a). This is a change in formatting only and does not change the current requirement.
1367 1368 1369 1370		7.33.1.2	More than 0.02 kBq of strontium-82 per MBq of rubidium-82 chloride injection (0.02 μCi of ⁸² Sr per mCi of ⁸² Rb chloride); or more than 0.2 kBq of strontium-85 per MBq of rubidium-82 chloride injection (0.2 μCi of ⁸⁵Sr per mCi of ⁸²Rb).	
1371 1372		7.33.1.3 µCi of	More than 0.2 kBq of strontium-85 per MBq of rubidium-82 chloride injection (0.2 %Sr per mCi of *2Rb).	 Commented [JSJ107]: This provision is combined with 7.33.1.2 (above) consistent with the formatting of 10 CFR 35.204(a)(2).
1373 1374	7.33.2		e compliance with 7.33.1, the licensee preparing radioactive drugs from enerators shall measure the concentration of radionuclide contaminant in:	
1375		7.33.2.1	Each cluate after receipt of a molybdenum-99/technetium-99m generator;	
1376 1377		7.33.2.2 other t	Each eluate or extract, before the first patient use of the day, as appropriate for han molybdenum-99/technetium-99m generator systems.	
1378	7.33.2	A licensee tha	at uses molybdenum-99/technetium-99m generators for preparing a	 Commented [JSJ108]: Language is revised for consistency
1379 1380			Om radioactive drug shall measure the molybdenum-99 concentration in each generator to demonstrate compliance with 7.33.1.	with 10 CFR 35.204(b). The revised language does not effectively change the requirement
1201	7 22 2	A licenses the	ot uses a strentium 92/rubidium 92 senerator for preparing a rubidium 92	from the current Part 7 requirement – only the wording is changed.
1381 1382	7.33.3		at uses a strontium-82/rubidium-82 generator for preparing a rubidium-82 ug shall, before the first patient use of the day, measure the concentration of	NRC Compatibility H&S
1383			strontium-82 and strontium-85 to demonstrate compliance with 7.33.1.	NRC RATS 2018-1 Commented [JSJ109]: Revised language for consistency with
1384	7 33 3	Records of Ra	dionuclide Purity.	10 CFR 35.204(c).
1385			o must measure radionuclide contaminant concentration shall retain a record of	
1386			ide contaminant test for 3 years. The record shall include, for each measured	NRC Compatibility H&S
1387			nuclide used to prepare a radioactive drug, the ratio of the measures expressed as	NRC RATS 2018-1
1388 1389			inant per MBq of desired radionuclide (μCi/ mCi), the time and date of the test, and e individual who made the measurement.	Commented [JSJ110]: This provision is replaced by 7.33.4.
1390		the name of th	e individual who made the measurement.	
1391	7.33.4	If a licensee is	s required to measure the molybdenum-99 concentration or strontium-82 and	 Commented [JSJ111]: Recordkeeping requirement language is
1392			concentrations, the licensee shall retain a record of each measurement as	updated for consistency with the 2018 changes to 10 CFR 35.204(d)
1393		follows:		and <u>10 CFR 35.2204</u> .
1394		70044		This provision replaces (prior) 7.33.3. The proposed requirements
1395 1396		7.33.4.1	A licensee shall maintain a record of the molybdenum-99 concentration or strontium-82 and strontium-85 concentration tests required by 7.33.2 and	are similar to those found in 7.33.3 with slight variation in wording. The proposed wording is specific to the type of generator rather than
1397			7.33.3 for 3 years. The record must include:	the more generic language of the current provision.
1398				NRC Compatibility H&S
1399		(1)	For each measured elution of technetium-99m, the ratio of the measures	NRC RATS 2018-1
1400			expressed as kilobecquerel of molybdenum-99 per megabecquerel of	CROSS REFERENCES IN THIS SECTION:
1401 1402			technetium-99m (or microcuries of molybdenum per millicurie of	7.33.2 = 10 CFR 35.204(b)
1402			technetium), the time and date of the measurement, and the name of the individual who made the measurement; or	7.33.3 = 10 CFR 35.204(c)
1404			The state of the s	
1405		(2)	For each measured elution of rubidium-82, the ratio of the measures	
1406			expressed as kilobecquerel of strontium-82 per megabecquerel of	
1407			rubidium-82 (or microcuries of strontium-82 per millicurie of rubidium),	
1408			kilobecquerel of strontium-85 per megabecquerel of rubidium-82 (or	
1409 1410			microcuries of strontium-85 per millicurie of rubidium), the time and date of the measurement, and the name of the individual who made the	
1410			measurement.	
1 '11				

1412	7.33.5	The licensee shall report any measurement that exceeds the limits in 7.33.1 at the time of						
1413		generator elution, as follows:						
1414 1415		Report and notification for an eluate exceeding permissible molybdenum-99, strontium-82, and strontium-85 concentrations.						
1416 1417 1418 1419 1420 1421 1422 1423		7.33.5.1 The licensee shall notify by telephone the Department and the distributor of the generator within 7 calendar days after discovery that an eluate exceeded the permissible concentration listed in 7.33.1 at the time of generator elution. The telephone report to the Department must include the manufacturer, model number, and serial number (or lot number) of the generator; the results of the measurement; the date of the measurement; whether dosages were administered to patients or human research subjects, when the distributor was notified, and the action taken.						
1424 1425 1426 1427 1428 1429 1430 1431 1432 1433		7.33.5.2 The licensee shall submit a written report to the Department within 30 calendar days after discovery of an eluate exceeding the permissible concentration at the time of generator elution. The written report must include the action taken by the licensee; the patient dose assessment; the methodology used to make this dose assessment if the eluate was administered to patients or human research subjects; and the probable cause and an assessment of failure in the licensee's equipment, procedures or training that contributed to the excessive readings if an error occurred in the licensee's breakthrough determination; and the information in the telephone report as required by 7.33.5.1.						
1434	7.33.4	Immediate Report.						
1435 1436		A licensee shall report immediately to the Department each occurrence of radionuclide contaminant concentration exceeding a limit specified in 7.33.1.						
1437	7.34	Aerosols and Gg ases.						
1438 1439		Provided the conditions of 7.28 are met, a licensee shall use radioactive aerosols or gases only if specific application is made to and approved by the Department.						
1440	7.35	Radiation Detection Capability.Reserved						
1441 1442 1443 1444 1445		A licensee authorized to use radioactive material pursuant to 7.32, 7.36, or 7.42 shall possess portable radiation detection survey instrumentation capable of detecting dose rates over the range 1.0 µSv (0.1 mrem) per hour to 500 µSv (50 mrem) per hour and over the range of 10 µSv (1 mrem) per hour to 10 mSv (1 rem) per hour. Each instrument shall be operable and calibrated in accordance with 7.17.						
1446 1447	SPECI	FIC REQUIREMENTS FOR THE USE OF UNSEALED RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL - WRITTEN DIRECTIVE REQUIRED						
	0	,						
1448	Sectio	n E - Unsealed Radioactive Material - Written Directive Required						
1449 1450	7.36	Use of Unsealed Radioactive Material for Which A Written Directive Is Required. Use of unsealed radioactive material for which a written directive is required.						
1451 1452	7.36.1	A licensee may use any unsealed radioactive material identified in 7F2.1(2)(f) prepared for diagnostic or therapeutic medical use and for which a written directive is required that is:						
1453		7.36.1.1 Obtained from:						

Commented [JSJ112]: Reporting language is updated for consistency with the 2018 changes to 10 CFR 35.

This provision combines the requirements of $\underline{35.204(e)}$ for reporting/notification of an eluate that exceeds the specified limits, and the associated recordkeeping requirements of $\underline{10}$ CFR $\underline{35.3204}$.

The proposed language provides some regulatory relief by specifying that the Department and distributor be notified by telephone within 7 days (rather than immediately) when a generator elution exceeds the specific criteria. The licensee must follow up within 30 days with a written report.

While Colorado rule has required notification to the Department (per prior 7.33.4) when generator contamination exceeds specific limits, federal rule prior to the 2018 amendment did not have such notification requirement.

NRC Compatibility H&S NRC RATS 2018-1

Commented [JSJ113]:

Provision is deleted as the general requirements of Part 4 apply. Licensees are required to possess instruments capable of performing measurements needed to demonstrate compliance with the license and regulations.

Commented [JSJ114]: Section header added for consistency with 10 CFR Part 35.

Commented [JSJ115]: Section has been reformatted for alignment and consistency with <u>10 CFR 35.300</u>.

Introductory text in 7.36.1 revised for consistency with 2018 changes to 35.300 per NRC RATS 2018-1 (Compatibility B).

Other changes in 7.36.1 and 7.36.2 are not associated with NRC RATS 2018-1.

CROSS REFERENCES: 7F2.1(2)(f) = 10 CFR 35.390(b)(1)(ii)(G) 3.8.10 = 10 CFR 35.32(j) 7.10 = 10 CFR 35.27 7.36.1.2(1) = 10 CFR 35.300(b)(1) 7.36.1.2(2) = 10 CFR 35.300(b)(2)

1454 1455 1456 1457		7.36.1.1	(1)	Is obtained from a manufacturer or preparer licensed pursuant to 3.12.10 or equivalent regulations of another Agreement State, a Licensing State, or NRC; or A manufacturer or preparer licensed under Part 3, Section 3.12.10 or equivalent regulations of NRC or an Agreement State; or	
1458 1459			(2)	A PET radioactive drug producer licensed under Part 3, Section 3.8.10 or equivalent Agreement State or NRC regulations; or	
1460 1461 1462 1463 1464		7.36.1.2	nucle requi	ding production of PET radioactive material, is prepared by: an authorized ar pharmacist, a physician who is an authorized user and who meets the rements specified in Appendix 7E, or Appendix 7F, or an individual under upervision of either as specified in 7.10; An authorized nuclear pharmacist; A physician who is an authorized user and who meets the	Commented [JSJ116]: This is a change in formatting only – no requirements are changing
1466 1467 1468 1469			(3)	requirements specified in Appendix 7E, or Appendix 7F; or An individual under the supervision, as specified in 7.10, of the authorized nuclear pharmacist in 7.36.1.2(1) or the physician who is authorized under 7.36.1.2(2); or	
1470 1471 1472 1473		7.36.1.3	Licen Radio	ainedObtained from and prepared by a Department, Agreement State, sing State or NRC licensee for use in research in accordance witha sactive Drug Research Committee-approved protocol or an Investigational Drug (IND) protocol accepted by FDA; or	Commented [JSJ117]: Consistent with federal rule in 10 CFR Part 35,300(c), the reference to the Radioactive Drug Research Committee is deleted. Ref: NRC Letter 02/20/2020
1474 1475 1476 1477 1478		7.36.1.4	Comr accer resea	spared by the licensee in accordance with a Radioactive Drug Research mittee-approved application or an Investigational New Drug (IND) protocol oted by FDA for use in research.Prepared by the licensee for use in accordance with an Investigational New Drug (IND) protocol oted by FDA.	
1479 1480	7.36.2			ing For Use Of Any Unsealed Radioactive Material For Diagnostic Or Jse For Which A Written Directive Is Required.	
1481 1482 1483			edical u	uire an authorized user of an unsealed radioactive material for diagnostic or se for which a written directive is required under 7.36 to meet the ndix 7F.	
1484 1485	7.36.3	Authorized Us Requiring A V		ing For Oral Administration of $<$ / = 1.22 GBq ¹³¹ -I (33 mCi) Sodium Iodide irective.	
1486 1487 1488		administration	of < / =	uire an authorized user of an unsealed radioactive material for oral 1.22 GBq ¹³¹ -I (33 mCi) sodium iodide requiring a written directive under irements of Appendix 7G.	
1489 1490	7.36.4	Authorized Us Requiring A V		ing For Oral Administration Of > 1.22 GBq 131 -I (33 mCi) Sodium Iodide irective.	
1491 492 1493		administration	of > 1.2	quire an authorized user of an unsealed radioactive material for oral 22 GBq ¹³¹ -I (33 mCi) sodium iodide requiring a written directive under 7.36 ents of Appendix 7H.	
1494	7.36.5	Authorized Us	ser -Trair	ing For Parenteral Administration Requiring A Written Directive.	

1495 1496			shall require an authorized user of an unsealed radioactive material for parenteral n requiring a written directive under 7.36 to meet the requirements of Appendix 7I.	
1497	7.37	Safety linstru	ction.	Commented [JSJ118]: Section 7.37 is revised for consistency
1498	In addi	tion to the requ	irements of Part 10 of these regulations:	with the wording and formatting of 10 CFR 35.310.
		·	v	These changes are not associated with RATS 2018-1.
1499 1500	7.37.1		e shall provide radiation safety instruction, initially and at least annually, to ring for patients or human research subjects that have received therapy with a	NRC Compatibility H&S (7.37.1)
1501		radioactive dr	rug, and who cannot be released in accordance with 7.26. To satisfy this	
1502 1503		requirement, include:	the instruction must be commensurate with the duties of the personnel and	
1504	7.37.2	The instruction	n required by 7.37.1 shall be appropriate for the duties of the personnel and include:	Commented [JSJ119]: This requirement is incorporated into
1505		7.37. <mark>21</mark> .1	Patient or human research subject control;	7.37.1.
1506		7.37. <mark>21</mark> .2	Visitor control, to include the following; including:	Commented [JSJ120]:
1507 1508		(1)	Routine visitation to hospitalized individuals in accordance with Part 4, Section 4.14.1.1 of these regulations; and	Visitation requirements are clarified, consistent with 10 CFR Part 35.310.
1509		(2)	Visitation authorized in accordance with Part 4, Section 4.14.2;	
1510		7.37.1.3 (2)	Contamination control;	
1511		7.37.1.4 (3)	Waste control; and	
1512 1513		7.37.1.5 (4)	Notification of the RSO, or his or her designee, and thean authorized user if the patient or the human research subject dies or has a medical emergency or dies.	
1514	7.37. <mark>3</mark>		all keepretain a record of individuals receiving safety instructions required by	Commented [JSJ121]: 7.37.2 combines the requirements of <u>10</u>
1515 1516			aintain such records for 3 years. The record shallmust include a list of the topics date of the instruction, the name(s) of the attendee(s), and the name(s) of the	<u>CFR 35.310</u> and the recordkeeping requirements of <u>10 CFR</u> 35.2310.
1517			who gaveprovided the instruction.	NRC Compatibility D
1518	7.38	Safety Ppreca	autions	
				Commented [JSJ122]: 7.38 is revised for consistency with 10 CFR 35.315.
1519 1520	7.38.1		ent or human research subject-receiving radiopharmaceutical therapy and or compliance with 7.26 who cannot be released under 7.26, a licensee shall:	These changes are not associated with RATS 2018-1.
•		·		NRC Compatibility H&S (7.38)
1521		7.38.1.1	Quarter the patient or the human research subject either in:	CROSS REFERENCES:
1522		(1)	A private room with a private sanitary facility; or	7.26 = 10 CFR 35.75
1523 1524 1525		(2)	A room, with a private sanitary facility, with another individual who also has received similar radiopharmaceutical therapy with unsealed radioactive material and who also cannot be released in accordance with 7.26; and	
1526 1527		7.38.1.2	Visibly post the patient's or the human research subject's deerroom with a "Caution: "Radioactive Materials" sign. and	
1528 1529 1530		7.38.1.3	Neote on the door or enin the patient's or the human research subject's chart where and how long visitors may stay in the patient's or the human research subject's room; and	

1531 1532 1533 1534 1535 1536		7.38.1.34	Either monitor material and items removed from the patient's or the human research subject's room to determine that their radioactivity cannot be distinguished from the natural background radiation level with a radiation detection survey instrument set on its most sensitive scale and with no interposed shielding, or handle suchthe materials and items as radioactive waste.						
1537 1538 1539	7.38.2	A licensee shall notify the RSO, or his or her designee, and thean authorized user immediately if the hospitalized patient dies or has a medical emergency and notify the Department as required							
1540		emergency or	n as possible if the patient or human research subject has a medical dies.						
1541	7.39	Emergency Not	ification.Reserved.						
1542 1543			hall notify the Department in accordance with 7.22 if it is possible that any receive exposures in excess of 4.14 as a result of a deceased's body.						
1544	SPECIF	FIC REQUIREM	ENTS FOR THE USE OF SEALED SOURCES FOR DIAGNOSIS						
1545	Section	n F – Sealed So	urces for Diagnosis						
1546 1547	7.40	Use of Sealed S	Sources for Diagnosis. Use of sealed sources and medical devices for						
1548	7.40.1	A licensee shal	use for diagnostic medical uses only sealed sources:						
1549		7.40.1.1	Approved in the Sealed Source and Device Registry; and						
1550 1551		7.40.1.2 instruct	Handled in accordance with the manufacturer's radiation safety and handling ions:						
1552 1553 1554 1555 1556 1557	7.40.1	medical uses i for diagnostic are not explici accordance wi	st use only sealed sources that are not in medical devices for diagnostic f the sealed sources are approved in the Sealed Source and Device Registry medicine. The sealed sources may be used for diagnostic medical uses that tly listed in the Sealed Source and Device Registry but must be used in the tradiation safety conditions and limitations described in the Sealed evice Registry.						
1558 1559 1560 1561 1562 1563	7.40.2	medical uses i Source and De may be used fo and Device Re	st only use medical devices containing sealed sources for diagnostic f both the sealed sources and medical devices are approved in the Sealed evice Registry for diagnostic medical uses. The diagnostic medical devices or diagnostic medical uses that are not explicitly listed in the Sealed Source gistry but must be used in accordance with the radiation safety conditions a described in the Sealed Source and Device Registry.						
1564 1565 1566	7.40.3	accordance wi	s and devices for diagnostic medical uses may be used in research in th and active Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) application accepted od and Drug Administration provided the requirements of 7.14.1 are met.						
1567 1568	7.40. <mark>24</mark>		r Training For Use Of Sealed Sources For Diagnosis. Training for use of sealed nedical devices for diagnosis.						
1569 1570		The licensee sh 7J.	nall require an authorized user under 7.40 to meet the requirements of Appendix						
1571 1572	SPECIF	FIC REQUIREM BRACHYTHER	ENTS FOR THE USE OF SEALED SOURCES FOR MANUAL APY						

Commented [JSJ123]: This provision is redundant with the requirements of 7.22 and is therefore deleted here.

Commented [JSJ124]: 7.40 is revised for consistency with 10 CFR 35.500 as a result of 2018 changes to 10 CFR 35 (RATS 2018-1).

NRC Compatibility C (7.40)

CROSS REFERENCES IN THIS SECTION: 7.14.1 = 10 CFR 35.49(a)

1573	Section	n G – Manual Brachytherapy				
1574 1575	7.41	Calibration Measurements of Brachytherapy Sealed Sources. Calibration measurements of brachytherapy sources.				
1576 1577	7.41.1		the first medical use of a brachytherapy sealed-source-on or after October 25, e shall perform the followinghave:			
1578 1579		7.41.1.1	Determined the source output or activity using a dosimetry system that meets the requirements of 7.53;			
1580		7.41.1.2	Determined source positioning accuracy within applicators; and			
1581 1582		7.41.1.3	Used published protocols currently accepted by nationally recognized bodies to meet the requirements of 7.41.1.1 and 7.41.1.2.			
1583 1584 1585 1586	7.41.2	may use meas	A-Instead of a licensee making its own measurements as required in 7.41.1, the licensee may use measurements provided by the source manufacturer or by a calibration laboratory accredited by the American Association of Physicists in Medicine that are made in accordance with 7.41.1.			
1587 1588	7.41.3	A licensee shall mathematically correct the outputs or activities determined in 7.41.1 for physical decay at intervals consistent with 1.0 percent physical decay.				
1589 1590	7.41.4	An authorized medical physicist shall perform or review the measurements and calculations made pursuant to 7.41.1, 7.41.2, or 7.41.3.				
1591	7.41.5	A licensee sha	all retain a record of each calibration as follows:			
1592 1593 1594 1595		7.41.5.1	A licensee shall maintain a record of the calibrations of brachytherapy sources required by 7.41.1 for 3 years after the last use of the source.			
1595 1596 1597		7.41.5.2	The record must include:			
1598 1599			(1) The date of the calibration;			
1600 1601			(2) The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number for the source and the instruments used to calibrate the source;			
1602 1603 1604			(3) The source output or activity;			
1604 1605 1606			(4) The source positioning accuracy within the applicators; and			
1607 1608			(5) The name of the individual, the source manufacturer, or the calibration laboratory that performed the calibration.			
1609	7.41.6	Strontium-90	sources for ophthalmic treatments.			
1610 1611 1612 1613	7.41.5	Only an authorized medical physicist shall calculate the activity of each strontium-90 source that is used to determine the treatment times for ophthalmic treatments. The actual source output shall consider decay based on the activity determined in accordance with paragraphs 7.41.1, 7.41.2, or 7.41.3.				
1614 1615		7.41.6.1	Licensees who use strontium-90 for ophthalmic treatments must ensure that certain activities as specified in 7.41.6.2 are performed by either:			
1616		(1)	An authorized medical physicist; or			

Commented [JSJ125]: Section 7.41 is updated for consistency with the wording of 10 CFR 35.432. These changes are not associated with NRC RATS 2018-1.

CROSS REFERENCES: 7.53 = 10 CFR 35.630(a)

Commented [JSJ126]: Provision revised for consistency with 10 CFR 35.432(d). This provision replaces (prior) 7.41.6.

10 CFR 35.432(d) references $\underline{10}$ CFR 35.2432 for the recordkeeping requirement. In Part 7, the recordkeeping requirement is incorporated into the section that mandates the requirement in the body of the rule.

NRC Compatibility D

CROSS REFERENCES: 7.41.1 = 10 CFR 35.432

Commented [JSJ127]: Language in this section is amended and expanded for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.433 as related to the new term and requirements associated with an ophthalmic physicist.

7.41.6.1 (~10 CFR 35.433(a)) = NRC B Compatibility [Previously, this provision was a compatibility H&S]

 $7.41.6.3~(\sim 10$ CFR 35.433(c))= NRC D Compatibility All remaining 10 CFR 35.433 provisions paralleled in 7.41.6 are NRC H&S Compatibility

NRC RATS 2018-1

CROSS REFERENCES: 7.41.6.2 = 10 CFR 35.433(b)

Commented [JSJ128]: This provision is revised and replaced by the added language in 7.41.6.2.

1617	(2)	An ind	ividual	who:
1618 1619 1620		(a)	licens	ntified as an ophthalmic physicist on a specific medical use e issued by NRC or an Agreement State; permit issued by a or Agreement State broad scope medical use licensee;
1621 1622				al use permit issued by a NRC master material licensee; or tissued by a NRC master material licensee broad scope
-				
1623			medic	al use permittee; and
1624		(b)	Holds	a master's or doctor's degree in physics, medical physics,
1625			other	physical sciences, engineering, or applied mathematics from
1626			an acc	redited college or university; and
1627		(c)		uccessfully completed 1 year full-time training in medical
1628			physic	es and an additional year of full-time work experience under
1629			the su	pervision of a medical physicist; and
1630		(d)	Has d	ocumented training in:
1631			(i)	The creation, modification, and completion of written
1632			(-)	directives;
1633			(ii)	Procedures for administrations requiring a written directive;
1634			` '	and
1635			(iii)	Performing the calibration measurements of brachytherapy
1636			,	sources as detailed in 7.41.1 through 7.41.5.
1637	7.41.6.2	The inc	dividua	ls who are identified in 7.41.6.1 must:
1638	(1)	Calcula	ate the	activity of each strontium-90 source that is used to determine
1639				times for ophthalmic treatments. The decay must be based
1640		on the	activity	determined under 7.41.1 through 7.41.5; and
1641	(2)	Assist	the lice	ensee in developing, implementing, and maintaining written
1642		proced	lures to	provide high confidence that the administration is in
1643		accord	ance w	ith the written directive. These procedures must include the
1644		freque	ncies tl	nat the individual meeting the requirements in 7.41.6.1 will
1645		observ	e treati	ments, review the treatment methodology, calculate treatment
1646		time fo	r the p	rescribed dose, and review records to verify that the
1647		admini	stratio	ns were in accordance with the written directives.
1648	7.41.6.3			st retain a record of the activity of each strontium-90 source
1649		as follo	ows:	
1650	(1)			all maintain a record of the activity of a strontium-90 source
1651		require	ed by 7.	41.6 for the life of the source.
1652				
1653	(2)	The red	cord m	ust include:
1654				
1655		(a)	The da	ate and initial activity of the source as determined under
1656				through 7.41.5; and
1020			7.41.1	
1657			7.41.1	
		(b)		ch decay calculation, the date and the source activity as
1657		(b)	For ea	

Commented [JSJ129]: This provision is incorporated for consistency with 10 CFR 35.2433.

This provision replaces the current requirement found in (prior) 7.41.7 (below), although the Part 35 requirement does not explicitly require the medical physicist signature. It is implied however since a medical physicist is required to perform activity calculations.

NRC Compatibility D (35.2433).

1660	7.41.6	A licensee shall retain a record of each calibration on brachytherapy sources required by 7.41.1						
1661			r the last use of the source. The record must include the date of the calibration; the					
1662			name, model number, and serial number for the source and the instruments used					
1663		to calibrate the source; the source output or activity; source positioning accuracy within						
1664		applicators; and the signature of the authorized medical physicist.						
1665	7.41.7		I retain a record of decay calculations required by 7.41.5 for the life of the source.					
1666			st include the date and initial activity of the source as determined under 7.41, and					
1667			calculation, the date, the source activity and the signature of the authorized					
1668		medical physici	ist.					
1669	7.42	Use of Ssealed	Ssources Ffor Mmanual Bbrachytherapy.					
1670	7.42.1		l use for manual brachytherapy only sealed sources: A licensee must use only					
1671		brachytherapy	/ sources:					
1672		7.42.1.1	Approved in the Sealed Source and Device Registry; or for manual					
1673			brachytherapy use. The manual brachytherapy sources may be used for					
1674			manual brachytherapy uses that are not explicitly listed in the Sealed					
1675			Source and Device Registry, but must be used in accordance with the					
1676			radiation safety conditions and limitations described in the Sealed Source					
1677			and Device Registry; or					
1678		7.42.1.2	In research to deliver therapeutic doses for medical use in accordance with					
1679			an effectiveactive Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) application accepted					
1680			by the FDA provided the requirements of 7.14.1 are met.					
1681	7.42.2	Authorized Use	er Training For Use Of Sealed Sources For Manual Brachytherapy.					
1682		The licensee sh	nall require an authorized user under 7.42 to meet the requirements of Appendix					
1683		7K.						
1684	7.42.3	Authorized User Training For Use Of Strontium-90 Sealed Sources For Ophthalmic Uses.						
1685 1686		The licensee shall require an authorized user of strontium-90 sealed sources for ophthalmic uses under 7.42 to meet the requirements of Appendix 7L.						
1687	7.43	Safety linstruct	ion.					
1688	In addi	tion to the requ	uirements of Part 10 of these regulations:					
1689	7 / 3 1	The licensee sh	nall provide radiation safety instruction, initially and at least annually, to personnel					
1690	7.43.1		nts or human research subjects that are undergoing implant therapy and cannot					
1691			accordance with 7.26.					
1692 1693	7.43.2	The instruction required by 7.43.1 shall be commensurate with the duties of the personnel and include:						
1694		7.43.2.1	Size and appearance of the brachytherapy sources;					
1695		7.43.2.2	Safe handling and shielding instructions in case of a dislodged source;					
1696		7.43.2.3	Patient or human research subject control;					
1697		7.43.2.4	Visitor control, including both;					
1698		(1)	Routine visitation to hospitalized individuals in accordance with 4.14.1.1; and					
10/0		(1)	43					
			43					

Commented [JSJ130]: This provision is replaced by 7.41.5 (above) to better align with the format and wording of 10 CFR 35.

Commented [JSJ131]: This provision is replaced by 7.41.6.3 (above).

Commented [JSJ132]: This provision is updated for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.400.

Similar to the proposed requirements in 7.40, the language here is modified to clarify that sources may be used for purposes not explicitly listed in the Sealed Source and Device Registry.

NRC Compatibility C NRC RATS 2018-1

1699		(2)	Visitation authorized in accordance with 4.14.3; and	
1700 1701		7.43.2.5	Notification of the RSO, or his or her designee, and the authorized user if the patient or the human research subject dies or has a medical emergency.	
1702 1703 1704 1705	7.43.3	A licensee sha 7.43.1 and ma covered, the d individual(s) w	Commented [JSJ133]: 7.43.3 combines the requirements of 10 CFR 35.410 and 10 CFR 35.2310. NRC Compatibility D	
706	7.44	Safety P preca	utions.	
1707 1708	7.44.1		nt or the human research subject that is receiving brachytherapy and cannot be cordance with 7.26, a licensee shall:	
1709 1710		7.44.1.1	Not place the patient or the human research subject in the same room with a patient who is not receiving radiation therapy;	
1711 1712 1713 1714		7.44.1.2	Visibly post the patient's or human research subject's door with a "Caution: Radioactive Material" sign and note on the door or on the patient's or human research subject's chart where and how long visitors may stay in the patient's or human research subject's room.	
1715 1716	7.44.2		all have emergency response equipment available near each treatment room to ource that inadvertently becomes:	
1717		7.44.2.1	Dislodged from the patient; or	
1718		7.44.2.2	Lodged within the patient following removal of the source applicators.	
1719 1720 1721	7.44.3	soon as poss	all notify the RSO-, or his or her designee, and thean authorized user immediatelyas ible if the hospitalized patient or human research subject dies or has a medical dies and notify the Department as required by 7.39.	Commented [JSJ134]: 7.39 is proposed for deletion due to
1722	7.45	Brachytherapy	Ssources linventory.	overlap/redundancy with 7.22, so the reference to that section is deleted here.
1723 1724	7.45.1	A licensee shause.	all maintain accountability at all times for all brachytherapy sources in storage or	
1725 1726 1727 1728	7.45.2	research sub	pon as possible after removing brachytherapy sources from a patient or a human ject , a licensee shall return brachytherapy sources to a secure storage area and wise verify the number returned to ensure that all sources taken from the storage in returned.	Commented [JSJ135]: Some language updated for consistency with 10 CFR 35.406(b).
1729	7.45.3	A licensee sha	all maintain a record of brachytherapy source accountability for 3 years.	Commented [JSJ136]: Section 7.45.3 has been formatted for
1730 1731		7.45.3.1	For temporary implants, the record must include: the number and activity of sources:	alignment. Provisions reworded for consistency with the format of 10 CFR 35.2406.
1732 1733 1734		(1)	The number and activity of sources Rremoved from storage, the time and date they were removed from storage, the name of the individual who removed them from storage, and the location of use; and	
1735 1736 1737		(2)	The number and activity of sources returned to storageNot implanted, the time and date they were returned to storage, and the name of the individual who returned them to storage.	

1738 1739		7.45.3.2	For permanent implants, the record must include: the number and activity of sources:				
1740 1741 1742		(1)	The number and activity of sources Rremoved from storage, the date they were removed from storage, and the name of the individual who removed them from storage;				
1743 1744 1745		(2)	The number and activity of sources not implanted, the date they were Rreturned to storage, the date they were returned to storage, and the name of the individual who returned them to storage; and				
1746 1747		(3)	The number and activity of sources Ppermanently implanted in the patient or human research subject.				
1748	7.46	Surveys After S	Source Implant and Removal.Surveys after source implant and removal.				
1749 1750	7.46.1		ter implanting sources in a patient or a human research subject, the licensee shall ey to locate and account for all sources that have not been implanted.				
1751 1752 1753 1754 1755	7.46.2	Immediately after removing the last temporary implant source from a patient or a human research subject, the licensee shall perform a radiation survey of the patient with a radiation detection survey instrument to confirm that all sources have been removed. The licensee shall not release from confinement for medical care a patient treated by temporary implant until all sources have been removed.					
1756 1757 1758	7.46.3	A licensee shall maintain a record of patient surveys which demonstrate compliance with 7.46.1 and 7.6.27.46.2 for 3 years. Each record shallmust include the date and results of the survey, the survey instrument used, and the name of the individual who made the survey.					
1759	7.47	Therapy-related Computer Systems. Therapy-related computer systems.					
1760 1761	7.47.1		hall perform acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in accordance protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies.				
1762 1763	7.47.2	At a minimum, of:	the acceptance testing required by 7.47.1 shall include, as applicable, verification				
1764		7.47.2.1	The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm;				
1765 1766		7.47.2. <mark>42</mark>	The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points;				
1767		7.47.2. <mark>43</mark>	The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and				
1768 1769 1770		7.47.2. <mark>14</mark>	The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.				
1770 1771 1772		n H - Photon Er tactic Radiosur	nitting Remote Afterloader Units, Teletheraphy Units, and Gamma gery Units				
1773 1774	SPECI		ENTS FOR PHOTON-EMITTING REMOTE AFTERLOADER UNITS, Y UNITS, AND GAMMA STEREOTACTIC RADIOSURGERY UNITS				
1775 1776 1777	7.48	Radiosurgery U	d Source in a Remote Afterloader Unit, Teletherapy Unit, or Gamma Stereotactic Jait. Use of a sealed source in a remote afterloader unit, teletherapy unit, or stactic radiosurgery unit.				

Commented [JJ137]: Correction of numbering error.

1778	7.48.1	A licensee sha	Il use sealed sources in remote afterloader units, teletherapy units, or gamma
1779		stereotactic rac	diosurgery units for therapeutic medical uses:
1780		7.48.1.1	Approved in the Sealed Source and Device Registry; and
1781		7.48.1.2	In research in accordance with an active Investigational Device Exemption (IDE)
1782		applica	ation accepted by the FDA provided the requirements of 7.14.1 are met.
1783	7.48.1	A licensee mu	ist only use sealed sources:
1784		7.48.1.1	Approved and as provided for in the Sealed Source and Device Registry in
1785			photon emitting remote afterloader units, teletherapy units, or gamma
1786 1787			stereotactic radiosurgery units to deliver therapeutic doses for medical uses; or
1788		7.48.1.2	In research involving photon-emitting remote afterloader units, teletherapy
1789			units, or gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units in accordance with an
1790			active Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) application accepted by the
1791 1792			U.S. Food and Drug Administration provided the requirements of 7.14.1 are met.
1793			HICL
1794	7.48.2	A licensee mu	ist use photon-emitting remote afterloader units, teletherapy units, or gamma
1795		stereotactic ra	adiosurgery units:
1796 1797		7.48.2.1	Annual in the Cooled Course and Device Devictor to deliver a thoronoutie
1797		7.46.2.1	Approved in the Sealed Source and Device Registry to deliver a therapeutic dose for medical use. These devices may be used for therapeutic medical
1799			treatments that are not explicitly provided for in the Sealed Source and
1800			Device Registry, but must be used in accordance with radiation safety
1801			conditions and limitations described in the Sealed Source and Device
1802 1803			Registry; or
1803		7.48.2.2	In research in accordance with an active Investigational Device Exemption
1805			(IDE) application accepted by the FDA provided the requirements of 7.14.1
1806			are met.
1807 1808	7.48.2 7		i zed User Training For Use of a Remote Afterloader Unit, Teletherapy Unit, or otactic Radiosurgery Unit.
1000		T	7.0
1809 1810		7M.	hall require an authorized user under 7.48 to meet the requirements of Appendix
1811	7.49	Installation Mr	naintenance, Aadjustment, and Rrepair.
			•
1812 1813	7.49.1		specifically licensed by the Department, another Agreement State, or the NRC aintain, adjust, or repair a remote afterloader unit, teletherapy unit, or gamma
1814			diosurgery unit that involves work on the source(s) shielding, the source(s) driving
1815			lectronic or mechanical component that could expose the source(s), reduce the
1816		shielding arour	nd the source(s), or compromise the radiation safety of the unit or the source(s).
1817	7.49.2		dose-rate remote afterloader units, only a person specifically licensed by the
1818		Department, au	nother Agreement State, a Licensing State, or the NRC shall install, replace,
1819			move a sealed source or source contained in other remote afterloader units,
1820		teletherapy uni	ts, or gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units.
1821	7.49.3		-rate remote afterloader unit, only a person specifically licensed by the
1822			nother Agreement State, a Licensing State, or the NRC, or an authorized medical
1823		physicist shall	install, replace, relocate, or remove a sealed source(s) contained in the unit.
	-		16

Commented [JSJ138]: Due to changes in wording this provision is replaced in its entirety by new provision 7.48.1.

Commented [JSJ139]: As a result of the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.600, this provision is revised.

Consistent with federal rule, the revised provision makes a distinction between the devices (afterloader, teletherapy, gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units) and the radioactive sources contained within these units as there is typically a separate sealed source and device registry (SSDR) for each. Additionally, the wording is revised to allow the units to be used for medical uses that are not explicitly listed in the SSDR.

NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility C

CROSS REFERENCES: 7.14.1 = 10 CFR 35.49(a)

1824 1825	7.49.4	remote afterlo	all retain a record of the installation, maintenance, adjustment and repair done one open determined in the control of the installation, maintenance, adjustment and repair done one of the control of th	Commented [JSJ140]: Language modified for consistency with 10 CFR 35.2605.					
1826 1827			tallation, maintenance, adjustment and repair, ‡the record shallmust include the tion of the service, and name(s) of the individual(s) who performed the work.						
1828 1829	7.50		atients and Human Research Subjects Treated with a Remote Afterloader of patients and human research subjects treated with a remote afterloader.						
1830 1831 1832 1833	7.50.1	make a surve portable radia	Before releasing a patient or a human research subject from licensee control, a licensee shall make a survey of the patient or the human research subject and the remote afterloader unit with a portable radiation detection survey instrument to confirm that the source(s) has been removed from the patient or human research subject and returned to the safe, shielded position.						
1834 1835 1836	7.50.2	for 3 years. E	all maintain a record of patient surveys which demonstrate compliance with 7.50.1 ach record shall include the date and results of the survey, the survey instrument ename of the individual who made the survey.						
1837	7.51	Safety Proced	dures and Instructions for a Remote Afterloader Unit, Teletherapy Unit, or Gamma	Commented [JSJ141]: Reformatted to remove capitalization					
1838 1839			Radiosurgery Unit.Safety procedures and instructions for remote afterloader erapy units, or gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units.	and for consistency with wording of <u>10 CFR 35.610</u> . Section has been formatted for alignment.					
1840	7.51.1	A licensee sh	all:						
1841 1842		7.51.1.1	Secure the unit, the console, the console keys, and the treatment room when not in use or unattended;						
1843 1844 1845		7.51.1.2	Permit only individuals approved by the authorized user, RSO, or authorized medical physicist to be present in the treatment room during treatment with the source(s), if such presence is necessary and justified;						
1846 1847		7.51.1.3	Prevent dual operation of more than one radiation producing device in a treatment room, if applicable; and						
1848 1849 1850 1851 1852		7.51.1.4	Develop, implement, and maintain written procedures for responding to an abnormal situation when the operator is unable to place the source(s) in the shielded position, or remove the patient or human research subject from the radiation field with controls from outside the treatment room. This These procedures must include:						
1853 1854		(1)	Instructions for responding to equipment failures and the names of the individuals responsible for implementing corrective actions;						
1855 1856		(2)	The process for restricting access to and posting of the treatment area to minimize the risk of inadvertent exposure; and						
1857 1858 1859		(3)	The names and telephone numbers of the authorized users, the authorized medical physicist, and the RSO to be contacted if the unit or console operates abnormally.						
1860			procedures required by 7.51.1.4 shallmust be physically located at the unit console.						
1861	7.51.3		all conspicuously post instructions at the unit console to inform the operator of the	Commented [JSJ142]: Provision revised to fit the format of 10					
1862			elephone numbers of the authorized users, the authorized medical physicist, and the intacted if the unit or console operates abnormally. A licensee shall post	CFR 35.610(c).					
1863 1864			at the unit console to inform the operator of:						
1865		7.51.3.1	The location of the procedures required by 7.51.1.4; and						
			47						

1866 1867 1868		7.51.3.2	The names and telephone numbers of the authorized users, the authorized medical physicist, and the Radiation Safety Officer to be contacted if the unit or console operates abnormally.
1869	7.51.4	Operational ar	nd safety training.
1870 1871		7.51.4.1	Prior to the first use for patient treatment of a new unit or an existing unit
1872			with a manufacturer upgrade that affects the operation and safety of the
1873 1874			unit, a licensee shall ensure that vendor operational and safety training is provided to all individuals who will operate the unit. The vendor operational
1875			and safety training must be provided by the device manufacturer or by an
1876			individual certified by the device manufacturer to provide the operational
1877			and safety training.
1878		7.51.4 .2	A licensee shall provide operational and safety instruction s , initially and at least
1879 1880			annually, to all individuals who operate athe unit at the facility, as appropriate to the individual's assigned duties. in: The instructions shall include instruction
1881			in:
1882		7.51.4.	The procedures identified in 7.51.1.4; and
1883		7.51.4. :	2(2) The operating procedures for the unit.
1884	7.51.5	A licensee shal	l ensure that operators, authorized medical physicists, and authorized users
1885		participate in dr	ills of the emergency procedures, initially and at least annually.
1886	7.51.6		keepretain a record of individuals receiving instruction required by 7.51.4 in
1887			ith the following:and maintain such records for 3 years. The record shall include
1888 1889			es covered, the date of instruction, the names(s) of the attendee(s), and the individual(s) who gave the instruction.
1890			see shall maintain a record of the operational and safety instructions
1891 1892			ed by 7.51.4 for 3 years. The record must include a list of the topics covered, the of the instruction, the name(s) of the attendee(s), and the name(s) of the
1893			ual(s) who provided the instruction.
1894	7.51.7	A licensee sha	Ill retain a copy of the procedures required by 7.51.1.4 and 7.51.4.2(2) until
1895			o longer possesses the remote afterloader, teletherapy unit, or gamma
1896		stereotactic ra	diosurgery unit.
1897	7.52		ss, and Warning Systems. Safety precautions for remote afterloader units,
1898		teletnerapy un	its, and gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units.
1899	7.52.1	A licensee shal	I control access to the treatment room by a door at each entrance.
1900 1901	7.52.2	A licensee shal shallwill:	l equip each entrance to the treatment room with an electrical interlock system that
1902 1903		7.52.2.1	Prevent the operator from initiating the treatment cycle unless each treatment room entrance door is closed;
1904 1905		7.52.2.2	Cause the source(s) to be shielded promptly when an entrance door is opened; and
1906 1907 1908		7.52.2.3	Prevent the source(s) from being exposed following an interlock interruption until all treatment room entrance doors are closed and the source(s)' on/off control is reset at the console.

Commented [JSJ143]: This sub-section heading is added for formatting and numbering purposes to parallel/maintain consistency with the flow and format of 10 CFR 35.610(d).

Commented [JSJ144]: This is a new provision added for consistency with the 2018 amendments/additions to $\underline{10}$ CFR 35. $\underline{610}$ (d).

This requirement specifies that training must be provided by the vendor or individual certified by the device manufacturer following an upgrade impacting the operation and safety of the unit and prior to the first use on a patient. Also see NRC FAQ #51, #52 for further information.

NRC RATS 2018-1

NRC Compatibility H&S for all but 35.610(f) / 7.51.6, which is compatibility D

Commented [JSJ145]: This provision has been reformatted to better align with language in <u>10 CFR 35.610(f)</u> and <u>10 CFR 35.2310</u>.

The proposed language does not significantly change the current requirements.

NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility D (for 35.610(f) and 35.2310)

Commented [JSJ146]: Added for consistency with $\underline{10~\text{CFR}}$ $\underline{35.610(g)}$ and $\underline{10}$ CFR $\underline{35.2610}.$ The proposed provision combines the requirements of these two provisions.

Provision (g) of 10 CFR 35.610 was revised as a result of the $2018\,$ amendments

NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility H&S

Commented [JSJ147]: Title of this section revised for consistency with 10 CFR 35.615.

Provisions in 7.52 have been formatted for alignment which is not indicated by strikeout/revised text.

1909 1910	7.52.3		A licensee shall require any individual entering the treatment room to assure, through the use of appropriate radiation monitors, that radiation levels have returned to ambient levels.			
1911 1912 1913	7.52.4	room with view	Except for low-dose remote afterloader units, a licensee shall construct or equip each treatment room with viewing and intercom systems to permit continuous observation of the patient or the human research subject from the treatment console during irradiation.			
1914 1915 1916	7.52.5	body, a license	ctivities where sources are placed within the patient's or human research subject's see shall only conduct treatments which allow for expeditious removal of a sammed source.			
1917	7.52.6	In addition to the	ne requirements specified in 7.52.1 through 7.52.5, a licensee shall:			
1918 1919		7.52.6.1	For low dose-rate, medium dose-rate, and pulsed dose-rate remote afterloader units, require:			
1920 1921 1922 1923		(1)	An authorized medical physicist and either an authorized user or a physician, under the supervision of an authorized user, who has been trained in the operation and emergency response for the unit, to be physically present during the initiation of all patient treatments involving the unit; and			
1924 1925 1926 1927 1928		(2)	An authorized medical physicist and either an authorized user or an individual, under the supervision of an authorized user, who has been trained to remove the source applicator(s) in the event of an emergency involving the unit, to be immediately available during continuation of all patient treatments involving the unit.			
1929		7.52.6.2	For high dose-rate remote afterloader units, require:			
1930 1931		(1)	An authorized user and an authorized medical physicist to be physically present during the initiation of all patient treatments involving the unit; and			
1932 1933 1934 1935		(2)	An authorized medical physicist and either an authorized user or a physician, under the supervision of an authorized user, who has been trained in the operation and emergency response for the unit, to be physically present during continuation of all patient treatments involving the unit.			
1936 1937 1938		7.52.6.3	For gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units, require an authorized user and an authorized medical physicist to be physically present throughout all patient treatments involving the unit.			
1939 1940		7.52.6.4	If a patient or research subject suffers a medical emergency during radiation therapy:			
1941		(1)	Cease the therapy immediately;			
1942		(2)	Remove the source(s); and			
1943		(3)	Provide appropriate care to the patient or research subject.			
1944 1945		7.52.6.5	If the patient expires during treatment, remove the source(s) before further actions are taken.			
1946 1947 1948		7.52.6.6	Notify the RSO, or his or her designee, and an authorized user as soon as possible, if the patient or human research subject has a medical emergency and, immediately, if the patient dies.			

1949 1950	7.52.7	A licensee shall have applicable emergency response equipment available near each treatment room, to respond to a situation in which a source inadvertentlysource:			
1951		7.52.7.1	RemainsRemaining in the unshielded position; or		
1952		7.52.7.2	Lodgesd within the patient following completion of the treatment.		
1953	7.53	Dosimetry Ee q	uipment.		
1954 1955 1956	7.53.1	determined by	dose-rate remote afterloader sources where the source output or activity is the manufacturer, a licensee shall have a calibrated dosimetry system available for this requirement, one of the following two conditions shallmust be met:		
1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962		7.53.1.1	The system shallmust have been calibrated using a system or source traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology and published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies, or by a calibration laboratory accredited by the American Association of Physicists in Medicine. The calibration shall have been performed within the previous 2 years and after any servicing that may have affected system calibration; or		
963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974		7.53.1.2	The system shallmust have been calibrated within the previous 4 years; 18 to 30 months after that calibration, the system shall have been intercompared with another dosimetry system that was calibrated within the past 24 months by the National Institute of Standards and Technology or by a calibration laboratory accredited by the American Association of Physicists in Medicine. The results of the intercomparison must have indicated that the calibration factor of the licensee's system had not changed by more than 2 percent. The licensee shall not use the intercomparison result to change the calibration factor. When intercomparing dosimetry systems to be used for calibrating sealed sources for therapeutic units, the licensee shall use a comparable unit with beam attenuators or collimators, as applicable, and sources of the same radionuclide as the source used at the licensee's facility.		
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	7.53.2	The licensee shall have available for use a dosimetry system for spot-check output measurements. To meet this requirement, the system may be compared with a system that has been calibrated in accordance with 7.53.1. This comparison shall have been performed within the previous year and after each servicing that may have affected system calibration. The spot-check system may be the same system used to meet the requirement in 7.53.1.			
1980 1981 1982	7.53.3		nall maintainretain a record of each calibration, intercomparison, and comparison of the license. For each calibration, intercomparison, or comparison, the record ide:		
1983		7.53.3.1	The date;		
1984 1985 1986		7.53.3.2	The manufacturer's name, the model numbers and serial numbers of the instruments that were calibrated, intercompared, or compared as required by 7.53.1 and 7.53.2;		
1987 1988 1989		7.53.3.3	The correction factor that werewas determined from the calibration or comparison or the apparent correction factor that was determined from an intercomparison;		
1990 1991		7.53.3.4	The names of the individuals who performed the calibration, intercomparison, or comparison.		
1992	7.54	Full C alibratio	n <mark>Mm</mark> easurements on Tt eletherapy <mark>⊎u</mark> nits.		
			7 0		

1993 1994	7.54.1		norized to use a teletherapy unit for medical use shall perform full calibration on each teletherapy unit:
1995		7.54.1.1	Before the first medical use of the unit;
1996		7.54.1.2	Before medical use under the following conditions:
1997 1998 1999		(1)	Whenever spot-check measurements indicate that the output differs by more than 5 percent from the output obtained at the last full calibration corrected mathematically for radioactive decay;
2000 2001		(2)	Following replacement of the source or following reinstallation of the teletherapy unit in a new location; and
2002 2003 2004		(3)	Following any repair of the teletherapy unit that includes removal of the source or major repair of the components associated with the source exposure assembly; and
2005		7.54.1.3	At intervals not exceeding 1 year.
2006	7.54.2	To satisfy the r	requirement of 7.54.1, full calibration measurements shall include determination of:
2007 2008		7.54.2.1	The output within +/- 3 percent for the range of field sizes and for the distance or range of distances used for medical use;
2009 2010		7.54.2.2	The coincidence of the radiation field and the field indicated by the light beam localizing device;
2011 2012		7.54.2.3	The uniformity of the radiation field and its dependence on the orientation of the useful beam;
2013		7.54.2.4	Timer accuracy, constancy, and linearity;
2014		7.54.2.5	"On off" error; and
2015		7.54.2.6	The accuracy of all distance measuring and localization devices in medical use.
2016 2017 2018	7.54.3	exposure cond	Il use the dosimetry system described in 7.53 to measure the output for one set of litions. The remaining radiation measurements required in 7.54.2.1 may then be dosimetry system that indicates relative dose rates.
2019 2020	7.54.4		Il make full calibration measurements required by 7.54.1 in accordance with ocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies.
2021 2022 2023	7.54.5	intervals not ex	Il correct mathematically the outputs determined in 7.54.2.1 for physical decay for cceeding 1 month for cobalt 60, 6 months for cesium 137, or at intervals consistent decay for all other nuclides.
2024 2025	7.54.6		measurements required by 7.54.1 and physical decay corrections required by performed by the authorized medical physicist.
2026 2027	7.54.7	A licensee sha shall include:	Il maintain a record of each calibration for the duration of the license. The record
2028		7.54.7.1	The date of the calibration;

2029 2030		7.54.7.2	The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number for the teletherapy unit, source(s), and instruments used to calibrate the teletherapy unit;
2031		7.54.7.3	The results and assessments of the full calibrations; and
2032 2033		7.54.7.4	The signature of the authorized medical physicist who performed the full calibration.
2034	7.55	Full C calibratio	n <mark>Mm</mark> easurements on Rremote Aafterloader Uunits.
2035 2036	7.55.1		norized to use a remote afterloader unit for medical use shall perform full isurements on each unit:
2037		7.55.1.1	Before the first medical use of the unit;
2038		7.55.1.2	Before medical use under the following conditions:
2039 2040		(1)	Following replacement of the source or following reinstallation of the unit in a new location outside the facility; and
2041 2042		(2)	Following any repair of the unit that includes removal of the source or major repair of the components associated with the source exposure assembly; and
2043 2044 2045		7.55.1.3	At intervals not exceeding one (1) calendar quarter for high dose-rate, medium dose-rate, and pulsed dose-rate remote afterloader units with sources whose half-life exceeds 75 days; and
2046		7.55.1.4	At intervals not exceeding 1 year for low dose-rate remote afterloader units.
2047 2048	7.55.2	To satisfy the redetermination of	equirement of 7.55.1, full calibration measurements must include, as applicable, of:
2049		7.55.2.1	The output within +/- 5 percent;
2050		7.55.2.2	Source positioning accuracy to within +/- 1 millimeter;
2051		7.55.2.3	Source retraction with backup battery upon power failure;
2052		7.55.2.4	Length of the source transfer tubes;
2053		7.55.2.5	Timer accuracy and linearity over the typical range of use;
2054		7.55.2.6	Length of the applicators; and
2055 2056		7.55.2.7	Function of the source transfer tubes, applicators, and transfer tube-applicator interfaces.
2057 2058 2059	7.55.3	7.55.2, a licens	ne requirements for full calibrations for low dose-rate remote afterloader units in see shall perform an autoradiograph of the source(s) to verify inventory and agement at intervals not exceeding one quarter.
2060	7.55.4	A licensee shal	l use the dosimetry system described in 7.53 to measure the output.
2061 2062	7.55.5		Il make full calibration measurements required by 7.55.1 of this section in h published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies.

2063 2064	7.55.6		ate remote afterloader units, a licensee may use measurements provided by the cturer that are made in accordance with 7.55.1 through 7.55.5.		
2065 2066	7.55.7	A licensee shall mathematically correct the outputs determined in 7.55.2.1 for physical decay at intervals consistent with 1 percent physical decay.			
2067 2068	7.55.8		measurements required by 7.55.1 and physical decay corrections required by performed by the authorized medical physicist.		
2069 2070	7.55.9	A licensee shall retain a record of each calibration for the duration of the license. The record shall include:			
2071		7.55.9.1	The date of the calibration;		
2072 2073 2074		7.55.9.2	The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number for the remote afterloader unit, source(s), and instruments used to calibrate the remote afterloader unit;		
2075		7.55.9.3	The results and assessments of the full calibrations;		
2076 2077		7. 55.9.4	The results of the autoradiograph required for low dose-rate remote afterloader units; and		
2078 2079		7. 55.9.5	The signature of the authorized medical physicist who performed the full calibration.		
2080	7.56	Full Ccalibration	n <mark>Mm</mark> easurements on <mark>Gg</mark> amma <mark>Ss</mark> tereotactic <mark>Rr</mark> adiosurgery <mark>⊍u</mark> nits.		
2081 2082	7.56.1	A licensee authorized to use a gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit for medical use shall perform full calibration measurements on each unit:			
2083		7.56.1.1	Before the first medical use of the unit;		
2084		7.56.1.2	Before medical use under the following conditions:		
2085 2086 2087		(1)	Whenever spot-check measurements indicate that the output differs by more than 5 percent from the output obtained at the last full calibration corrected mathematically for radioactive decay;		
2088 2089		(2)	Following replacement of the sources or following reinstallation of the gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit in a new location; and		
2090 2091 2092		(3)	Following any repair of the gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit that includes removal of the sources or major repair of the components associated with the source assembly; and		
2093 2094 2095		7.56.1.3	At intervals not exceeding 1 year, with the exception that relative helmet factors need only be determined before the first medical use of a helmet and following any damage to a helmet.		
2096	7.56.2	To satisfy the r	equirement of 7.56.1, full calibration measurements must include determination of:		
2097		7.56.2.1	The output within +/-3 percent;		
2098		7.56.2.2	Relative helmet factors;		
2099		7.56.2.3	Isocenter coincidence;		
			53		

2100		7.56.2.4	Timer accuracy and linearity over the range of use;
2101		7.56.2.5	On-off error;
2102		7.56.2.6	Trunnion centricity;
2103 2104		7.56.2.7	Treatment table retraction mechanism, using backup battery power or hydraulic backups with the unit off;
2105		7.56.2.8	Helmet microswitches;
2106		7.56.2.9	Emergency timing circuits; and
2107		7.56.2.10	Stereotactic frames and localizing devices (trunnions).
2108 2109 2110	7.56.3	exposure condi	I use the dosimetry system described in 7.53 to measure the output for one set of tions. The remaining radiation measurements required in 7.56.2.1 may be made try system that indicates relative dose rates.
2111 2112	7.56.4		I make full calibration measurements required by 7.56.1 in accordance with acols accepted by nationally recognized bodies.
2113 2114 2115	7.56.5		I mathematically correct the outputs determined in 7.56.2.1 at intervals not onth for cobalt-60 and at intervals consistent with 1 percent physical decay for all ides.
2116 2117	7.56.6		measurements required by 7.56.1 and physical decay corrections required by performed by the authorized medical physicist.
2118 2119	7.56.7	A licensee shal include:	I retain a record of each calibration for the duration of the license. The record shall
2120		7. 56.7.1	The date of the calibration;
2121 2122 2123		7. 56.7.2	The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number for the gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit, source(s), and instruments used to calibrate the gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit;
2124		7. 56.7.3	The results and assessments of the full calibrations;
2125 2126		7. 56.7.4	The signature of the authorized medical physicist who performed the full calibration.
2127	7.57	Radiation Ssur	veys of Tt herapeutic Tt reatment U units.
2128 2129 2130 2131 2132 2133	7.57.1	and gamma ste instrument cap µSv (50 mrem) measuring dose	norized to use radioactive material in remote afterloader units, teletherapy units, ereotactic radiosurgery units shall possess a portable radiation detection survey able of detecting dose rates over the range of 1 μ Sv (0.1 mrem) per hour to 500 per hour, and a portable radiation measurement survey instrument capable of e rates over the range of 10 μ Sv (1 mrem) per hour to 10 mSv (1 rem) per hour. s shall be operable and calibrated in accordance with 7.17.
2134 2135 2136 2137	7.57.2	to Part 7 shall r levels from the	ne survey requirements in Part 4 of these regulations, a person licensed pursuant make surveys to ensure that the maximum radiation levels and average radiation surface of the main source safe with the source(s) in the shielded position does levels stated in the Sealed Source and Device Registry.

2138 2139 2140 2141	7.57.3	The licensee shall make the survey required by 7.57.2 at installation of a new source and following repairs to the source(s) shielding, the source(s) driving unit, or other electronic or mechanical component that could expose the source, reduce the shielding around the source(s), or compromise the radiation safety of the unit or the source(s).		
2142	Record	ds of surveys o	f therapeutic treatment units	
2143 2144	7.57.4		Il retain a record of the radiation surveys required by 7.57.2 for the duration of use record must include:	
2145		7.57.4.1	The date of the measurements;	
2146 2147		7.57.4.2	The manufacturer's name, model number and serial number of the treatment unit, source, and instrument used to measure radiation levels;	
2148 2149		7.57.4.3	Each dose rate measured around the source while the unit is in the off position and the average of all measurements; and	
2150 2151		7.57.4.4	The signature of the authorized medical physicistindividual who performed the test.	
2152	7.58	Periodic sSpot	Checks for ∓teletherapy ⊎units.	
2153 2154	7.58.1		norized to use teletherapy units for medical use shall perform output spot checks erapy unit once in each calendar month, including that include determination of:	
2155		7.58.1.1	Timer accuracy, and timer linearity over the range of use;	
2156		7.58.1.2	"On off" error;	
2157 2158		7.58.1.3	The coincidence of the radiation field and the field indicated by the light beam localizing device;	
2159 2160		7.58.1.4	The accuracy of all distance measuring and localization devices used for medical use;	
2161 2162		7.58.1.5	The output for one typical set of operating conditions measured with the dosimetry system described in 7.53; and	
2163 2164 2165		7.58.1.6	The difference between the measurement made in 7.58.1.5 and the anticipated output, expressed as a percentage of the anticipated output (i.e., the value obtained at last full calibration corrected mathematically for physical decay).	
2166 2167 2168	7.58.2	A licensee shall perform spot checks required by 7.58.1 in accordance with procedures established by the authorized medical physicist. That individual need not actually perform the output spot-check measurements.		
2169 2170 2171	7.58.3	A licensee shall have the authorized medical physicist review the results of each spot check within 15 days. The authorized medical physicist shall promptly notify the licensee in writing of the results of each spot check.		
2172 2173 2174	7.58.4	A licensee authorized to use a teletherapy unit for medical use shall perform safety spot checks of each teletherapy facility once in each calendar month and after each source installation to assure proper operation of:		
2175		7.58.4.1	Electrical interlocks at each teletherapy room entrance;	

Commented [JSJ148]: 35.2652(b)(4)

2176 2177 2178		7.58.4.2	Electrical or mechanical stops installed for the purpose of limiting use of the primary beam of radiation restriction of source housing angulation or elevation, carriage or stand travel, and operation of the beam "on off" mechanism;
2179 2180		7.58.4.3	Source exposure indicator lights on the teletherapy unit, on the control console, and in the facility;
2181		7.58.4.4	Viewing and intercom systems;
2182		7.58.4.5	Treatment room doors from inside and outside the treatment room; and
2183 2184		7.58.4.6	Electrically assisted treatment room doors with the teletherapy unit electrical power turned "off".
2185 2186 2187	7.58.5	shall lock the co	the checks required in 7.58.4 indicate the malfunction of any system, a licensee ontrol console in the "off" position and not use the unit except as may be pair, replace, or check the malfunctioning system.
2188 2189	7.58.6		I maintain a record of each spot check required by 7.58.1 and 7.58.54, and a occdures required by 7.58.2 for 3 years. The record shall include:
2190		7.58.6.1	The date of the spot check;
2191 2192		7.58.6.2	The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number for the teletherapy unit, source, and instrument used to measure the output of the teletherapy unit;
2193		7.58.6.3	An assessment of timer linearity and constancy;
2194		7.58.6.4	The calculated "on off" error;
2195 2196		7.58.6.5	A determination of the coincidence of the radiation field and the field indicated by the light beam localizing device
2197		7.58.6.6	The determined accuracy of each distance measuring or localization device;
2198		7.58.6.7	The difference between the anticipated output and the measured output;
2199 2200 2201		7.58.6.8	Notations indicating the operability of each entrance door electrical interlock, each electrical or mechanical stop, each source exposure indicator light, and the viewing and intercom system and doors; and
2202 2203 2204		7.58.6.9	The name of the individual who performed the periodic spot check and the signature of the authorized medical physicist who reviewed the record of the spot check.
2205	7.59	Periodic Sspot	Cchecks for Rremote Aafterloader Uunits.
2206 2207	7.59.1		orized to use remote afterloader units for medical use shall perform spot checks of terloader facility and on each unit:
2208 2209		7.59.1.1	At the beginning of each day of use of a high dose-rate, medium dose-rate or pulsed dose-rate remote afterloader unit;
2210		7.59.1.2	Prior to each patient treatment with a low dose-rate remote afterloader unit; and
2211		7.59.1.3	After each source installation.

Commented [JSJ149]: Correction of cross-reference error and additional language added for consistency with 10 CFR 35.642(f) to clarify that a copy of the procedures used for spot checks must also be maintained.

7.58.6 combines the provisions of $\underline{10~\text{CFR}~35.642}$ and $\underline{10~\text{CFR}}$ $\underline{35.2642}$.

2212 2213 2214	7.59.2	The licensee shall have the authorized medical physicist establish written procedures for performing the spot checks required in 7.59.1 The authorized medical physicist need not actually perform the spot-check measurements.			
2215 2216 2217	7.59.3	within 15 days.	A licensee shall have the authorized medical physicist review the results of each spot check within 15 days. The authorized medical physicist shall notify the licensee as soon as possible in writing of the results of each spot check.		
2218 2219	7.59.4	To satisfy the rof:	equirements of 7.59.1, spot checks must, at a minimum, assure proper operation		
2220		7.59.4.1	Emergency response equipment;		
2221 2222		7.59.4.2	Viewing and intercom systems in each high dose-rate, medium dose-rate and pulsed dose-rate remote afterloader facility;		
2223		7.59.4.3	Radiation monitors used to indicate the source position;		
2224		7.59.4.4	Electrical interlocks at each remote afterloader unit room entrance;		
2225 2226		7.59.4.5	Source exposure indicator lights on the remote afterloader unit, on the control console, and in the facility;		
2227		7.59.4.6	Timer accuracy;		
2228		7.59.4.7	Clock (date and time) in the unit's computer; and		
2229		7.59.4.8	Decayed source(s) activity in the unit's computer.		
2230 2231 2232	7.59.5	shall lock the o	the checks required in 7.59.4 indicate the malfunction of any system, a licensee ontrol console in the off position and not use the unit except as may be necessary ce, or check the malfunctioning system.		
2233 2234	7.59.6		Il retain a record of each check required by 7.59.4, and a copy of the procedures 59.2 for 3 years. The record must include, as applicable:		
2235		7.59.6.1	The date of the spot check;		
2236 2237		7.59.6.2	The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number for the remote afterloader unit and source;		
2238		7.59.6.3	An assessment of timer accuracy;		
2239 2240 2241		7.59.6.4	Notations indicating the operability of each entrance door electrical interlock, radiation monitors, source exposure indicator lights, viewing and intercom systems, and clock and decayed source activity in the unit's computer; and		
2242 2243 2244		7.59.6.5	The name of the individual who performed the periodic spot check and the signature of the authorized medical physicist who reviewed the record of the spot check.		
2245	7.60	Additional It ed	chnical Rrequirements for Mmobile Rremote Aafterloader Uunits.		
2246	7.60.1	A licensee prov	viding mobile remote afterloader service shall:		
2247 2248		7.60.1.1	Check survey instruments for consistent response before medical use at each address of use or on each day of use, whichever is more frequent; and		

Commented [JSJ150]: Additional language added for consistency with 10 CFR 35.643 to clarify that a copy of the procedures used for spot checks must also be maintained.

7.59.6 combines the provisions of $\underline{10~\text{CFR}~35.643}$ and $\underline{10~\text{CFR}}~\underline{35.2643}.$

This provision has been formatted and aligned.

Commented [JSJ151]: Select provisions in 7.60 have been formatted for alignment purposes which are not easily reflected by text changes/redlines.

2249		7.60.1.2	Account for all sources before departure from a client's address of use.			
2250 2251 2252	7.60.2	afterloaders for	ne periodic spot checks required by 7.59, a licensee authorized to use mobile redical use shall perform checks on each remote afterloader unit before use at of use. At a minimum, checks must be made to verify the operation of:			
2253		7.60.2.1	Electrical interlocks on treatment area access points;			
2254 2255		7.60.2.2	Source exposure indicator lights on the remote afterloader unit, on the control console, and in the facility;			
2256		7.60.2.3	Viewing and intercom systems;			
2257		7.60.2.4	Applicators, source transfer tubes, and transfer tube-applicator interfaces;			
2258		7.60.2.5	Radiation monitors used to indicate room exposures;			
2259		7.60.2.6	Source positioning (accuracy); and			
2260 2261		7.60.2.7	Radiation monitors used to indicate whether the source has returned to a safe shielded position.			
2262 2263 2264	7.60.3	In addition to the requirements for checks in 7.60.2, a licensee shall ensure overall proper operation of the remote afterloader unit by conducting a simulated cycle of treatment before use at each address of use.				
2265 2266 2267	7.60.4	If the results of the checks required in 7.60.2 indicate the malfunction of any system, a licensee shall lock the control console in the off position and not use the unit except as may be necessary to repair, replace, or check the malfunctioning system.				
2268 2269	7.60.5		Il retain a record of each check for mobile remote afterloader units required by ars. The record must include:			
2270		7.60.5.1	The date of the check;			
2271 2272		7.60.5.2	The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number of the remote afterloader unit;			
2273		7.60.5.3	Notations accounting for all sources before the licensee departs from a facility;			
2274 2275 \$276 2277		7.60.5.4	Notations indicating the operability of each entrance door electrical interlock, radiation monitors, source exposure indicator lights, viewing and intercom system, applicators, and source transfer tubes, and source positioning accuracy; and			
2278		7.60.5.5	The signature of the individual who performed the check.			
2279	7.61	Periodic Sspot	Cchecks for Ggamma Sstereotactic Rradiosurgery Uunits.			
2280 2281	7.61.1		norized to use a gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit for medical use shall shecks of each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery facility and on each unit:			
2282 		7.61.1.1	Monthly;			
2283		7.61.1.2	At the beginning of each day of useBefore the first use on a given day; and			
2284		7.61.1.3	After each source installation.			

5	7.61.2 The licensee	shall have the authorized medical physicist: A licensee shall:
6 7 8 9	7.61.2.1	Establish written procedures for performing the spot checks required in 7.61.1; and Perform the measurements required by 7.61.1 in accordance with written procedures established by the authorized medical physicist. That individual need not actually perform the spot check measurements.
0 1 2 3 4	7.61.2.2	Have the authorized medical physicist Rreview the results of each spot-check required by 7.61.1.1 within 15 days, of the check. The authorized medical physicist need not actually perform the spot-check measurements. The authorized medical physicist shall notify the licensee as soon as possible, in writing, of the results of theeach spot-check.
5	7.61.3 To satisfy the	requirements of 7.61.1.4 spot checks must, at a minimum:
6	7.61.3.1	Assure proper operation of:
7 8	(1)	Treatment table retraction mechanism, using backup battery power or hydraulic backups with the unit off;
9	(2)	Helmet microswitches;
)	(3)	Emergency timing circuits; and
1	(4)	Stereotactic frames and localizing devices (trunnions).
2	7.61.3.2	Determine:
3	(1)	The output for one typical set of operating conditions measured with the dosimetry system described in 7.53.2;
5 6 7 8	(2)	The difference between the measurement made in 7.61.3.2(1) and the anticipated output, expressed as a percentage of the anticipated output (i.e., the value obtained at last full calibration corrected mathematically for physical decay);
)	(3)	Source output against computer calculation;
	(4)	Timer accuracy and linearity over the range of use;
	(5)	On-off error; and
	(6)	Trunnion centricity.
3	7.61.4 To satisfy the of:	requirements of 7.61.1.2 and 7.61.1.3, spot-checks must assure proper operation
	7.61.4.1	Electrical interlocks at each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery room entrance;
	7.61.4.2	Source exposure indicator lights on the gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit, on the control console, and in the facility;
	7.61.4.3	Viewing and intercom systems;
	7.61.4.4	Timer termination;
	7.61.4.5	Radiation monitors used to indicate room exposures; and
		50

Commented [JSJ152]: Section 7.61.2 revised for consistency with <u>10 CFR 35.645</u>. This change is not a RATS item.

Commented [JSJ153]: The language regarding the AMP not being required to perform the spot check is incorporated into 7.61.2.1 (above).

2321		7.61.4.6	Emergency off buttons.
2322 2323	7.61.5	A licensee sharproperly.	Il arrange for prompt repair of any system identified in 7.61.3 that is not operating
2324 2325 2326	7.61.6	shall lock the c	the checks required in 7.61.4 indicate the malfunction of any system, a licensee ontrol console in the off position and not use the unit except as may be necessary ce, or check the malfunctioning system.
2327	7.61.7	A licensee sha	Il retain a record of each spot-check for gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units
2328		required by 7.6	1.3 and 7.61.4 for 3 years. The record must include:
2329		7.61.7.1	The date of the spot check;
2330 2331 2332		7.61.7.2	The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number for the gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and the instrument used to measure the output of the unit;
2333		7.61.7.3	An assessment of timer linearity and accuracy;
2334		7.61.7.4	The calculated on-off error;
2335		7.61.7.5	A determination of trunnion centricity;
2336		7.61.7.6	The difference between the anticipated output and the measured output;
2337		7.61.7.7	An assessment of source output against computer calculations;
2338 2339 2340 2341 2342		7.61.7.8	Notations indicating the operability of radiation monitors, helmet microswitches, emergency timing circuits, emergency off buttons, electrical interlocks, source exposure indicator lights, viewing and intercom systems, timer termination, treatment table retraction mechanism, and stereotactic frames and localizing devices (trunnions); and
2343 2344 2345		7.61.7.9	The name of the individual who performed the periodic spot check and the signature of the authorized medical physicist who reviewed the record of the spot check.
2346	7 61 8	A licensee sha	all retain a copy of the procedures required by 7.61.2 until the licensee no
2347	110110		ses the gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit.
2348	7.62	Other Mmedica	al Uuses of Rradioactive Mmaterial or Rradiation Ffrom Rradioactive Mmaterial.
2349 2350	7.62.1		vuse radioactive material or a radiation source approved for medical use that is not dressed in Part 7 if:
2351 2352		7.62.1.1	The applicant or licensee has submitted the information required by 7.3.4.2, 7.3.4.3, and 7.3.4.4; and
2353 2354 2355 2356 2357		7.62.1.2	The applicant or licensee has received written approval from the Department , an Agreement State, Licensing State, or NRC in a license and uses the material in accordance with the regulations and specific conditions that the Department , Agreement State, Licensing State, or NRC considers necessary for the medical use of the material.
2358	7.63	Five Year Inspe	ection.Full-inspection servicing for teletherapy and gamma stereotactic
2359	[[radiosurgery	

Commented [JSJ154]: This section has been formatted/aligned for appearance. Alignment corrections may not appear as strike out/changed text.

Clarifying language added for consistency with 10 CFR 35.2645(a).

Commented [JSJ155]: This provision parallels the requirement of 10 CFR 35.2645(c).

Commented [JJ156]: Updated for consistency with changes to 10 CFR 35.655(a).

The title was changed to reflect the revised/extended servicing interval (from 5 years to 7 years) for gamma stereotactic radiosurgery (GSR) units.

In consideration of the 6 month periodic maintenance interval and due to the high cost of source replacement for GSR units, stakeholders (nationally) requested a change in this servicing interval.

NRC Compatibility H&S RATS 2018-1

160 7.63.1 A licensee shall have each steblescape unit and gamma eterostedic cadiosurgeny unit fully impacted and serviced during such replanement or all intervals not to account 5 years, whichever comes first, to assure proper functioning of the source exposure mechanism as sterostedic radiosurgery unit fully impacted and serviced during such as such explanement to assure proper functioning of the source exposure mechanism and either startly components. The interval between each exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit and shall not exceed 7 years for each gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units. 7.63.2 The inspection servicing for teletherapy and gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units. 7.63.3 A licenses shall keepmaintain a record of the full inspection and servicing for teletherapy and gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units. 7.63.3 A licenses shall keepmaintain a record of the full inspection and servicing for teletherapy and gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units required by 7.63 for the duration of the licenseuse of the unit. 7.63.4 The inspection of the duration of the license of the unit. 7.63.4 The date of inspection; 7.63.5 The signature of the inspector. 7.63.6 A list of					
the Department, another Agreement State, a Licensing State, or the NRC. Records of full-inspection servicing for teletherapy and gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units. Records of full-inspection servicing for teletherapy and gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units required by 7.63 for the duration of the licensesuse of the unit. — The record shall contain: The record shall contain: 7.63.4 The record required by 7.63.3 must contain: 7.63.4.1 The inspector's radioactive materials license number; 7.63.3.4.2 The date of inspection; 7.63.3.4.3 The manufacturer's name and model number and serial number of both the treatment unit and source. 7.63.3.4.1 A list of components inspected and serviced; 7.63.3.5.4.4 A list of components inspected and serviced, and the type of service; and 7.63.3.6 A list of components replaced; and 7.63.3.7 The signature of the inspector. 7.63.4.7 The signature of the inspector. 7.64.1 The licensee shall keep provisions at replaced by 7.64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: 7.64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in algorithm; 7.64.2.3 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.	2361 2362 2363 2364 2365 2366	7.63.1	inspected and s whichever come licensee shall inspected and the source exp full inspection	serviced during source replacement or at intervals not to exceed 5 years, es first, to assure proper functioning of the source exposure mechanism. A have each teletherapy unit and gamma stereotactic radiosurgery unit fully serviced during each source replacement to assure proper functioning of posure mechanism and other safety components. The interval between each servicing shall not exceed 5 years for each teletherapy unit and shall not	
7,63.3 A licensee shall keepmaintain a record of the full-inspection and-servicing for teletherapy and gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units required by 7,63 for the duration of the licenseuse of the unit. — The-record shall contain: 7,63.4 The record required by 7,63.3 must contain: 7,63.3.4.1 The inspector's radioactive materials license number; 7,63.3.4.2 The date of inspection; 377 7,63.3.4.3 The manufacturer's name and model number and serial number of both the treatment unit and source; 7,63.3.4.4 A list of components inspected and serviced; and the type of service; and for serviced; and for serviced in the service of the inspector. 7,63.3.5.4.4 A list of components replaced; and serviced, and the type of service; and for serviced in 7,63.4.5 The signature of the inspector. 7,64.1 The repy-related computer systems. 7,64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. 7,64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7,64.2.2 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative politics from radiographic images.		7.63.2			
gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units required by 7,63 for the duration of the licenseuse of the unit. The record shall contain: 373 7,63.4 The record required by 7,63.3 must contain: 374 7,63.4 The record required by 7,63.3 must contain: 375 7,63.34.2 The date of inspection; 377 7,63.34.3 The manufacturer's name and model number and serial number of both the treatment unit and source; 378 7,63.34.4 A list of components inspected and serviced; 379 7,63.34.4 A list of components inspected and serviced; and the type of service; and 378 7,63.3-5.4 A list of components inspected and serviced; and the type of service; and 379 7,63.3-6 A list of components inspected and serviced; and the type of service; and 370 7,63.3-6 A list of components replaced; and 370 7,63.3-7 The signature of the inspector. 370 7,63.4-7 The signature of the inspector. 370 7,64.1 The record required by 7,63.7 is replaced by a convicting required by the dose calculation algorithm; 370 7,64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing required by 7,64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: 370 7,64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 370 7,64.2.1 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 370 7,64.2.1 The accuracy of sodose plots and graphic displays; and 370 7,64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.	2370	Record	ds of full-inspec	tion servicing for teletherapy and gamma stereotactic radiosurgery units.	
7, 63, 34.1 The inspector's radioactive materials license number; 7, 63, 34.2 The date of inspection; 7, 63, 34.3 The manufacturer's name and model number and serial number of both the treatment unit and source; 7, 63, 34.4 A list of components inspected and serviced; 7, 63, 3, 64.4 A list of components inspected and serviced, and the type of service; and 7, 63, 3, 64.4 A list of components replaced; and 7, 63, 3, 64.5 The signature of the inspector. 7, 63, 4, 5 7, 63, 4, 5 7, 63, 4, 5 7, 64, 2 1, 1 The incensee shall perform acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. 3, 7, 64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing required by 7, 64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: 7, 64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7, 64.2.2 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7, 64.2.3 The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and 7, 64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.	2372		gamma stereo the unit.	tactic radiosurgery units required by 7.63 for the duration of the licenseuse of The record shall contain:	<u>35.2655</u> .
7.63.34.2 The date of inspection; 7.63.34.3 The manufacturer's name and model number and serial number of both the treatment unit and source; 7.63.34. A list of components inspected and serviced; 7.63.35. A list of components inspected and serviced, and the type of service; and 7.63.35. A list of components inspected and serviced, and the type of service; and 7.63.37. The eignature of the inspector. 7.63.4.5 The signature of the inspector. 7.64.1 The licensee shall perform acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. 7.64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing required by 7.64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: 7.64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7.64.2.2 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.3 The accuracy of sedose plots and graphic displays; and 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.	2374	7.63.4	The record rec	juired by 7.63.3 must contain:	
7.63.34.3 The manufacturer's name and model number and serial number of both the treatment unit and source; 7.63.34. A list of components inspected and serviced; 7.63.35. A list of components inspected and serviced, and the type of service; and 7.63.36. A list of components replaced; and 7.63.37. The signature of the inspector. 7.63.4.5 The signature of the inspector. 7.64. Therapy-related computer systems. 7.64.1 The licensee shall perform acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. 7.64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing required by 7.64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: 7.64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7.64.2.2 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.3 The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.	2375		7.63. <mark>34</mark> .1	The inspector's radioactive materials license number;	
treatment unit and source; 7.63.3.4	2376		7.63. <mark>34</mark> .2	The date of inspection;	
7.63.3-54.4 A list of components inspected and serviced, and the type of service; and 7.63.3-54.4 A list of components replaced; and 7.63.3-54.4 A list of components replaced; and 7.63.3-57 The signature of the inspector. 7.63.4.5 The signature of the inspector. 7.64 Therapy-related computer systems. 7.64.1 The licensee shall perform acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. 7.64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing required by 7.64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: 7.64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7.64.2.2 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.3 The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.			7.63. <mark>34</mark> .3		
7.63.3.54.4 A list of components inspected and serviced, and the type of service; and 7.63.3.6	2379		7.63.3.4	A list of components inspected and serviced;	
7.63.3.7 The signature of the inspector. Commented [JSJ160]: Prior provision 7.63.3.7 is replaced by an equivalent requirement in 7.63.4.5. The accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. Total a minimum, the acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. Total a minimum, the acceptance testing required by 7.64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; This is not a RATS item. This is not a RATS item.	2380		7.63. 3.5 4.4	A list of components inspected and serviced, and the type of service; and	the replaced by an equivalent requirement in 7.05.434.
7.63.3.7 The signature of the inspector. Commented [JSJ160]: Prior provision 7.63.3.7 is replaced by an equivalent requirement in 7.63.4.5. The signature of the inspector. Commented [JSJ160]: Prior provision 7.63.3.7 is replaced by an equivalent requirement in 7.63.4.5. The requirement in 7.63.4.5. Commented [JSJ161]: Provision added for consistency with 10 (FR 3.5.657). With the exception of 7.64.2.5, these requirements are equivalent to those already found in the current 7.47 found in Section 6 for manual brachytherpy. They are added (repeated) here for consistency with the format of the federal rule which is best suited to the computer seal with the affection of; 2.64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; This is not a RATS item. This is not a RATS item. This is not a RATS item.	2381		7.63.3.6	A list of components replaced; and	
7.64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7.64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7.64.2.2 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.3 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.	2382		7.63.3.7	The signature of the inspector.	Commented [JSJ160]: Prior provision 7.63.3.7 is replaced by
7.64.1 The licensee shall perform acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. 7.64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing required by 7.64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: 7.64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7.64.2.2 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.3 The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.	2383		7.63.4.5	The signature of the inspector.	an equivalent requirement in 7.63.4.5.
7.64.1 The licensee shall perform acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. 7.64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing required by 7.64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: 7.64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7.64.2.2 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.3 The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.	2384				
7.64.1 The licensee shall perform acceptance testing on the treatment planning system in accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. 7.64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing required by 7.64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: 7.64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7.64.2.2 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.3 The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.	2385	7.64	Therapy-relate	d computer systems.	
7.64.2 At a minimum, the acceptance testing required by 7.64.1 shall include, as applicable, verification of: 7.64.2.1 The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; 7.64.2.2 The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; 7.64.2.3 The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.		7.64.1			With the exception of 7.64.2.5, these requirements are equivalent to those already found in the current 7.47 found in Section G for
The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm; This is not a RATS item. This is not a RATS item. This is not a RATS item. The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points; The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.		7.64.2			consistency with the format of the federal rule which is best suited to the computer based systems used with the afterloader, teletherapy, and GSR devices of Section H. The provision of 10 CFR 35.657(e)
representative points; 7.64.2.3 The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and 7.64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.			7.64.2.1		
7.64.2.4 The accuracy of the software used to determine radioactive source positions from radiographic images.			7.64.2.2		
positions from radiographic images.	2394		7.64.2.3	The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and	
61			7.64.2.4	·	
				61	

2397 2398	7.64.2.5	The accuracy of electronic transfer of the treatment delivery parameters to the treatment delivery unit from the treatment planning system.	
2399	Section I - Recen	tness of training.	
2400 2401 2402 2403	within the	ng and experience specified in 7.65.1 through 7.65.6 must have been obtained 7 years preceding the date of application or the individual must have had related g education and experience since the required training and experience was d.	
2404			
2405	7.65.1 Se	ection B, Section I, Appendix 7A, 7B, 7C, and 7P.	
2406	7.65.2 Se	ection D, Appendix 7D, and 7E.	
2407	7.65.3 Se	ection E, Appendix 7F, 7G, 7H and 7I.	\
2408	7.65.4 Se	ection F, Appendix 7J.	\
2409	7.65.5 Se	ection G, Appendix 7K and Appendix 7L.	\
2410 2411	7.65.6 Se	ection H, and Appendix 7M.	,

Commented [JSJ162]: This provision parallels requirements in 10 CFR Part 35.59, and replaces and consolidates similar existing requirements that are repeated in the appendices of the current (in effect) rule (now proposed for deletion).

Commented [JSJ163]: Section B refers to provisions 7.7 through 7.14 (inclusive) pertaining to general administrative requirements which parallels subpart B of 10 CFR 35, with the following exceptions: due to formatting differences and limitations, Section B of Part 7 does not directly include 7.65 (Section I) or specific references to Appendix 7A, 7B, 7C, and 7P. Therefore, these provisions are explicitly listed.

Commented [JSJ164]: Section D refers to provisions 7.30 through 7.34 (inclusive) pertaining to unsealed radioactive material NOT requiring a written directive which parallels subpart D of 10 CFR 35.

Commented [JSJ165]: Section E refers to provisions 7.36 through 7.38 (inclusive) pertaining to unsealed radioactive material requiring a written directive which parallels subpart E of 10 CFR 35.

Commented [JSJ166]: Section F refers to provision 7.40 for sealed sources for diagnosis which parallels subpart G of 10 CFR 35.

Commented [JSJ167]: Section G refers to provisions 7.41 through 7.47 (inclusive) pertaining to manual brachytherapy which parallels subpart F of 10 CFR 35.

Commented [JSJ168]: Section H refers to 7.48 through 7.63, and Appendix 7M which parallels subpart H of 10 CFR 35.

2412	PART 7, APPE	NDIX 7	A: TRAINING FOR RADIATION SAFETY OFFICER (RSO) AND ASSOCIATE						
2413	RADIATION SAFETY OFFICER (ARSO)								
2414	The Except as provided in Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require thean individual fulfilling the								
2415 2416			Radiation Safety Officer (RSO) or an individual assigned duties and tasks as an Safety Officer (ARSO) as provided in 7.7 to be an individual who:						
2417 2418			specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by NRC or an ite and who meets the requirements in paragraphs 7A4 and 7A5 of this Appendix.						
2419			ed specialty boards are posted on the NRC website at						
2420			gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.htmlIs certified by a						
2 421			d whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or an						
2422			ate and who meets the requirements in 7A4 of this Appendix. The names of						
2423			ations that have been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State are						
2424 2425			NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit Web page. To have its certification gnized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for certification to:						
2426 2427	To have its cert to:	tification	process recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for certification						
2428	7A1.1								
2429		(1)	Hold a bachelor's or graduate degree from an accredited college or university in						
2430			physical science or engineering or biological science with a minimum of 20						
2431			college credits in physical science;						
2432		and							
2433		(2)	Have 5 or more years of professional experience in health physics (graduate						
2434			training may be substituted for no more than 2 years of the required						
2435			experience) including at least 3 years in applied health physics; provided:						
2436			(a) At least 3 years are in applied health physics;						
2437			and						
2438			(b) Graduate training may substitute for no more than 2 years of the required						
2439			5 years of experience;						
2440		and							
2441		(3)	Pass an examination administered by diplomates of the specialty board, which						
2442			evaluates knowledge and competence in radiation physics and instrumentation,						
2443			radiation protection, mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of						
2444			radioactivity, radiation biology, and radiation dosimetry;						
2445	or								
2446	7A1.2								
2447		(1)	Hold a master's or doctor's degree in physics, medical physics, other physical						
2448			science, engineering, or applied mathematics from an accredited college or						
2449			university;						
2450		and							
			63						

Commented [JJ169]: For final publication, insert a page break to ensure each new appendices begins at the top of the page.

Commented [JJ170]: Introductory text modified, consistent with 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.50.

The changes incorporate the requirements associated with the new Associate Radiation Safety Officer terminology.

NRC Compatibility B NRC <u>RATS 2018-1</u>

NOTE: The changes in this and in other subsequent appendices are similar and include the following:

- 1. Removal of the specific NRC web address (where the accepted board certifications are located) and use a more generic website reference.
- $2. \ Relocation \ of the recentness \ of training \ requirements \ to \ Section \\ 7.65.$
- 3. Relocation (and revision of) the requirements for an experienced individual to the new (proposed) Appendix 7P.

Commented [JJ171]: Wording and format updated for consistency and alignment of 10 CFR 35.50(a).

There is no change to the requirement. Only the formatting is changed to better align with CFR.

2451			(2)	Have 2	years of full-time practical training and/or supervised experience in
2452			(-/		Il physics: that is:
2453 2454				(a)	Under the supervision of a medical physicist who is certified in medical physics by a specialty board recognized by an Agreement State or NRC;
2455				or	
2456				(b)	In clinical nuclear medicine facilities providing diagnostic and /or
2457 2458					therapeutic services under the general supervision direction of physicians who meet the requirements for Authorized Users in
2459					7A7Appendix 7P, Appendix 7E or Appendix 7F;
2460			and		
2461			(3)		n examination administered by diplomates of the specialty board, that
2462 2463					es knowledge and competence in clinical diagnostic radiological or r medicine physics and in radiation safety.
2464	or				
2465	7A2	Has sa	itisfied th	ne follow	ing criteria:
2466		7A2.1	Has co	mpleted	a structured educational program consisting of both :
2467			(1)	200 ho	urs of classroom and laboratory training in the following areas:
2468				(a)	Radiation physics and instrumentation;
2469				(b)	Radiation protection;
2470				(c)	Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity;
2471				(d)	Radiation biology; and
2472				(e)	Radiation dosimetry;
2473			and		
2474			(2)		year of full-time radiation safety experience, under the supervision of the
2475 2476					ual identified as anthe RSO-or Alternate RSO, on an NRC or an nent State license or NRC license or permit issued by a NRC master
2477					al licensee that authorizes similar type(s) of use(s) of radioactive material.
2478					ng the following: An Associate Radiation Safety Officer may provide
2479 2480					rision for those areas for which the Associate Radiation Safety is authorized on a NRC or an Agreement State license or permit
2 481					by a NRC master material licensee. The full-time radiation safety
2482				experi	ence must involve the following:
2483				(a)	Shipping, receiving, and performing related radiation surveys;
2484				(b)	Using and performing checks for proper operation of dese
2485 2486					ealibratorsinstruments used to determine the activity of dosages, survey meters, and, if appropriate, instruments used to measure
2487					radionuclides;
2488				(c)	Securing and controlling radioactive material;
					64

Commented [JSJ172]: This provision is revised for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.50(b)(1)(ii).

With the introduction of the concept of an Associate RSO (as defined in Section 7.2) arising from the 2018 amendments to Part 35, the revised language in this requirement clarifies that for an individual who is in the process of becoming a RSO for a medical licensee, the experience gained while under the supervision of an Associate RSO is acceptable for those areas for which the Associate RSO is authorized on the license.

2489 2490			(d)	Using administrative controls to avoid mistakes in the administration of radioactive material;	
2491 2492			(e)	Using procedures to prevent or minimize radioactive contamination and using proper decontamination procedures;	
2493			(f)	Using emergency procedures to control radioactive material; and	
2494			(g)	Disposing of radioactive material;	
2495		and			
2496 2497 2498 2499 2500 2501 2502		7A2.2	ARSO who hat of radioactive ARSO. The will completed the	Il must obtain a written attestation, signed by a preceptor RSO or s experience with the radiation safety aspects of similar types of use material for which the individual is seeking approval as a RSO or an itten attestation must state that the individual has satisfactorily requirements in 7A2.1 and 7A4 of Appendix 7A and is able to fulfill the radiation safety related duties as a RSO or as an ARSO for license;	
2503	or				
2504	7A3	Meets	the following rec	uirements:	Commented [JJ173]: 35.50(c)
2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510		7A3.1	process has be Section 7B1, a of use of radioa	nysicist who has been certified by a specialty board whose certification even recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State under Appendix 7B, and has experience inwith the radiation safety aspects for of similar types active material for which the licensee is seekingseeks the approval of the adiation Safety OfficerRSO or an ARSO, and who-meets the requirements 5.	
2511		or			
2512 2513 2514 2515 2516 2517 2518 2519 2520 2521 2522		7A3.2	identified on the of similar types responsibilities nuclear pharn license, a peri NRC or an Ag master materi aspects of sin	d user, authorized medical physicist, or authorized nuclear pharmacist e licensee's license and has experience with the radiation safety aspects of use of radioactive materials for which the individual has RSO at an authorized user, authorized medical physicist, or authorized nacist identified on a Department, NRC or an Agreement State mit issued by a NRC master material license, a permit issued by a reement State licensee of broad scope, or a permit issued by a NRC al broad scope permitee, has experience with the radiation safety nilar types of use of radioactive material for which the licensee seeks of the individual as the RSO or ARSO, and meets the requirements in	
2523		or			
2524 2525 2526 2527 2528		7A3.3	material for w Radiation Safe	the with the radiation safety aspects of the types of use of radioactive which the individual is seeking simultaneous approval both as the ety Officer and the authorized user on the same new medical use by a NRC master material license. The individual must also meet the in 7A4.	Commented [JJ174]: 35.50(c)(3). NRC Compatibility B RATS 2018-1
2529 2530	and 7A4			testation(s), signed by a preceptor RSO, that the individual has	
2 531		sausia	otorny completed	o the requirements in 7A5 and in 7A1.1(1) and 7A1.1(2) or 7A1.2(1) and	
				0.5	

2532 2533 7A1.2(2) or 7A2.1 or 7A3.1 or 7A3.2, and has achieved a level of radiation safety knowledge sufficient to function independently as an RSO for a medical use licensee; 2534 and 2535 7A57A4 Has training in the radiation safety, regulatory issues, and emergency procedures for the 2536 types(s) of use for which a licensee seeks approval. This training requirement may be satisfied by 2537 completing training that is supervised by an RSO, Alternate RSO, an Associate RSO, authorized 2538 medical physicist, authorized nuclear pharmacist, or authorized user, as appropriate, who is authorized on an Agreement State or NRC license for the type(s) of use of radioactive material for **2**539 2540 which the licensee is seeking approval. 2541 and **2**542 Meets the following recentness of training requirements: 2543 7A6.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7A shall have been obtained within the 2544 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request; 2545 or 2546 7A6.2 The individual must have had related, documented continuing education and experience 2547 since the required training and experience was obtained. 2548 or Meets the following requirements for an experienced Radiation Safety Officer: 2549 7A7.1 An individual identified as a Radiation Safety Officer on a license issued by the NRC or 2550 2551 Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or Agreement State broad scope 2552

individuals are authorized.

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2557 2558 license before October 25, 2005, are not required to comply with the training

requirements of 7A1 through 7A6.7A7.2 Individuals not required to comply with the

of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses for the same uses for which these

training requirements of 7A1 through 7A6 may serve as preceptors for, and supervisors

Commented [JJ175]: This provision is updated for consistency with the 2018 amendment to 10 CFR 35.50(d).

Commented [JJ176]:

Here and in <u>multiple subsequent Appendices</u>, the requirements for recentness of training have been relocated to new provision 7.65 in order to consolidate the requirements in one location in the rule. (The requirements of 7.65 parallel the requirements of 10 CFR

Commented [JJ177]:

Here and in multiple subsequent Appendices, the requirements for an experienced authorized "individual" is replaced with the requirements contained in (new) Appendix 7P in order to consolidate the requirements in one location.

The requirements of Appendix 7P parallel the requirements of 10

PART 7, APPENDIX 7B: TRAINING FOR AN AUTHORIZED MEDICAL PHYSICIST (AMP)

The licensee shall require each authorized medical physicist to be an individual who:Except as provided in Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require the authorized medical physicist to be an individual who:

Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State and who meets the requirements in paragraph 7B2.3 and 7B3 of this Appendix. NRC recognized specialty boards are posted on the NRC website at http://www.nrc.gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.html.Is certified by a specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State and who meets the requirements in 7B3 of this Appendix. The names of board certifications that have been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State are posted on the NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit Web page. To have its certification process recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for certification to:

7B1.1 To have its certification process recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for certification to:

(1)7B1.1 Hold a master's or doctor's degree in physics, medical physics, other physical science, engineering, or applied mathematics from an accredited college or university;

and

(2)7B1.2 Have 2 years of full-time practical training and/or supervised experience in medical physics:

(a1) Under the supervision of a medical physicist who is certified in medical physics by a specialty board whose certification process has been recognized under 7B1 by the NRC or an Agreement State or NRC;

or

(b2) In clinical radiation facilities providing high energy, external beam therapy (photons and electrons with energies greater than or equal to 1 million electron volts) and brachytherapy services under the direction of physicians who meet the requirements for authorized users in 7B5Appendix 7P, Appendix 7K or Appendix 7M:

and

(3)7B1.3 Pass an examination administered by diplomates of the specialty board, that assesses knowledge and competence in clinical radiation therapy, radiation safety, calibration, quality assurance, and treatment planning for external beam therapy, brachytherapy, and stereotactic radiosurgery;

or

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7B2 Has satisfied the following criteria:

7B2.1 Holds a master's or doctor's degree in physics, medical physics, other physical science, engineering, or applied mathematics from an accredited college or university; and has completed 1 year of full-time training in medical physics and an additional year of full-time work experience under the supervision of an individual who meets the requirements for an authorized medical physicist for the type(s) of use for which the individual is seeking authorization. This training and work experience must be

Commented [JJ178]: For final publication, insert a page break to ensure each new appendices begins at the top of the page.

Commented [JJ179]: Appendix 7B is updated for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.51.

NRC <u>RATS 2018-1</u> NRC Compatibility B

2601 conducted in clinical radiation facilities that provide high-energy, external beam 2602 therapy (photons and electrons with energies greater than or equal to 1 million 2603 electron volts) and brachytherapy services and must include: 2604 and 7B2.2 Has completed 1 year of full-time training in medical physics and an additional year of 605 2606 full-time work experience under the supervision of an individual who meets the requirements for an authorized medical physicist for the type(s) of use for which the 2607 2608 individual is seeking authorization. The training and work experience of 7B2.2 must be: 2609 2610 Conducted in clinical radiation facilities that provide high-energy, external beam **2**611 therapy (photons or electrons with energies greater than or equal to 1 MeV) and 2612 brachytherapy services and must include: (a1)2613 Performing sealed source leak tests and inventories; 2614 (b2) Performing decay corrections; 2615 (e3)Performing full calibration and periodic spot checks of external beam treatment 2616 units, stereotactic radiosurgery units, and remote afterloading units as applicable; 2617 and **2**618 (d4)Conducting radiation surveys around external beam treatment units, stereotactic radiosurgery units, and remote afterloading units as applicable; 2619 2620 and 7B2.32 Has obtained written attestation that the individual has satisfactorily completed the **2**621 2622 requirements in: 7B2.1 and 7B3, and is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized medical physicist for each type of 2623 2624 therapeutic medical unit for which the individual is requesting authorized medical **2**625 physicist status. The written attestation must be signed by a preceptor authorized medical physicist who meets the requirements in Appendix 7B, Appendix 7P, or 626 2627 equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements for an authorized medical 2628 physicist for each type of therapeutic medical unit for which the individual is requesting authorized medical physicist status. **2**629 2630 7B3 and 7B1.1(1) and 7B1.1(2); 2631 or 2632 7B2 and 7B3; 2633 and 2634 Has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as an 2635 authorized medical physicist for each type of therapeutic medical unit for which 2636 the individual is requesting authorized medical physicist status. The written 2637 attestation must be signed by a preceptor authorized medical physicist who 2638 meets the requirements in this Appendix (7B), 7B5, or equivalent NRC or 2639 Agreement State requirements for an authorized medical physicist for each type of therapeutic medical unit for which the individual is requesting authorized **2**640 2641 medical physicist status;

Commented [JSJ180]: This provision is replaced by the prior updated provision in 7B2.1 in keeping with the format and flow of 10 CFR 35.51.

Commented [JJ181]: Updated for consistency with $\underline{10~CFR}$ $\underline{35.51(b)(2)}$.

2643 Has met the following requirements: 2644 7B3.1 Has training for the type(s) of use for which authorization is sought that includes: 2645 Hands-on device operation, Safety procedures, 26462647 Clinical use, 2648 and 649 The operation of a treatment planning system. 7B3.2 The training required by 7B3.1 may be satisfied by: 2650 2651 Satisfactorily completing a training program provided by the vendor; 2652 2653 Through training supervised by an authorized medical physicist authorized for the type(s) 2654 of use for which the individual is seeking authorization. **2**655 **7B3** Has training for the type(s) of use for which authorization is sought that includes hands-on 2656 device operation, safety procedures, clinical use, and the operation of a treatment planning system. This training requirement may be satisfied by satisfactorily completing **2**657 **2**658 either a training program provided by the vendor or by training supervised by an 659 authorized medical physicist authorized for the type(s) of use for which the individual is 2660 seeking authorization. 2661 Meets the following recentness of training requirements: 2662 7B4.1 Training and experience required by Appendix 7B shall have been obtained within the 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request; 2663 2664 2665 7B4.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience 2666 since the required training and experience was obtained. 2667 or 7**B**5 Meets the following requirements for an experienced authorized medical physicist: 2668 2669 7B5.1 An individual identified as an authorized medical physicist on a license issued by the 2670 NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or Agreement State broad **2**671 scope license before October 25, 2005, are not required to comply with the training requirements of 7B1 through 7B4. 2672 673 or 2674 2675 2676 An experienced medical physicist who has demonstrated to the Department experience in the type(s) of use for which the individual is requesting authorized medical physicist

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and

Commented [JSJ182]: This provision is replaced by revised 7B3 (below) to maintain the flow and format of 10 CFR 35.51(c).

The requirements remain the same. Only the numbering and some phrasing has changed.

2677 2678	status (and thus need not comply with the specific training and experience requirements of 7B1 through 7B4):
2679 2680	(1) Having been certified before October 25, 2005 by the American Board of Radiology in:
2681	(a) Therapeutic radiological physics;
2682	(b) Roentgen ray and gamma ray physics;
2683	(c) X-ray and radium physics;
2684	Of
2685	(d) Radiological physics;
2686	Of .
2687 2688	(2) Having been certified before October 25, 2005 by the American Board of Medical Physics in radiation oncology physics;
2689	and
2690 2691 2692 2693	(3) Has sufficient work experience that includes the tasks listed in 7.13.2 and/or other sections of these regulations related to medical physics, as applicable (having also satisfied 7B2.1 and being trained in therapeutic radiological physics).
2694 2695 2696 2697	7B5.3 Individuals not required to comply with the training requirements of 7B1 through 7B4 may serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized.

PART 7, APPENDIX 7C: TRAINING FOR AND AUTHORIZED NUCLEAR PHARMACIST (ANP) **2**698 **Commented** [JJ183]: For final publication, insert a page break to ensure each new appendices begins at the top of the page. 2699 The licensee shall require each authorized nuclear pharmacist to be a pharmacist who has a Appendix 7C is amended, consistent with the 2018 revisions to 10 2700 current active Colorado State Board of Pharmacy license and who: Except as provided in CFR 35.55 2701 Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require the authorized nuclear pharmacist to be a pharmacist NRC RATS 2018-1 **2**702 who: NRC Compatibility B 2703 7C1 Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the 2704 NRC or an Agreement State and who meets the requirements in paragraph 7C2.2 of this 2705 Appendix. NRC recognized specialty boards are posted on the NRC website at 2706 http://www.nrc.gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.html.ls certified by a 2707 specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or an **2**708 Agreement State. The names of board certifications that have been recognized by the NRC 2709 or an Agreement State are posted on the NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit Web page. 2710 To have its certification process recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates **1**711 for certification to: 2712 2713 7C1.1 To have its certification process recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for certification to: **2**714 (1)7C1.1 Have graduated from a pharmacy program accredited by the American Council 2715 on Pharmaceutical Education (ACPE) or have passed the Foreign Pharmacy 2716 Graduate Examination Committee (FPGEC) examination; 2717 (2)7C1.2 Hold a current, active license to practice pharmacy; 2718 2719 (3)7C1.3 Provide evidence of having acquired at least 4000 hours of training/experience in nuclear pharmacy practice. (aAcademic training may be substituted for no more $\frac{1}{2}$ 720 than 2000 hours of the required training and experience); 2721 and 2722 2723 (4)7C1.3 Pass an examination, in nuclear pharmacy administered by diplomates of the specialty board, whichthat assesses knowledge and competency in 2724 procurement, compounding, quality assurance, dispensing, distribution, health 2725 and safety, radiation safety, provision of information and consultation, monitoring **2**726 patient outcomes, and research and development .; 2727 or 7C2 **2**728 Has satisfied the following criteria: 729 7C2.1 Has completed 700 hours in a structured educational program that includesconsisting of 2730 200 hours of classroom and laboratory training in the following areas: 2731 (1) Commented [JJ184]: 35.55(b)(1)(i)(A) - (E)(a) = 35.55(b)(1)(i)(A)2732 (a) Radiation physics and instrumentation; (b) = 35.55(b)(1)(i)(B)(c) = 35.55(b)(1)(i)(C)2733 (b) Radiation protection; (d) = 35.55(b)(1)(i)(D)(e) = 35.55(b)(1)(i)(E)2734 (c) Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity; (d) Chemistry of radioactive material for medical use; and 2735 Radiation biology; 2736 (e)

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2737			and			
2738			(2)	Super	vised practical experience in nuclear pharmacy involving:	Commented [JJ185]: 35.55(b)(1)(ii)(A) – (E) = (a) through (e)
2739				(a)	Shipping, receiving, and performing related radiation surveys;	(a) unougn (e)
2740 2741 2742				(b)	Using and performing checks for proper operation of instruments to determine the activity of dosages, survey meters, and, if appropriate, instruments used to measure alpha- or beta-emitting radionuclides;	
2743 2744				(c)	Calculating, assaying, and safely preparing dosages for patients or human research subjects;	
2745 2746				(d)	Using administrative controls to avoid misadministrationsmedical events in the administration of radioactive material;	
2747				and		
2748 2749				(e)	Using procedures to prevent or minimize radioactive contamination and using proper decontamination procedures;	
2750		and				
2751 2752 2753 2754 2755		7C2.2	pharmad 7C1.1(2 to functi	cist, th), and on ind	pobtained written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized nuclear at the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7C1.1(1), 7C1.1(3) or 7C27C2.1, and has achieved a level of competency sufficient ependently-is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety related nuclear pharmacist.	Commented [JJ186]: Updated for consistency with 35.55(b)(2 NRC Compatibility B RATS 2018-1
2756	and					
2757	7C3	Meets	the follow	ing re	centness of training requirements:	
2758 2759		7C3.1			nd experience required by Appendix 7C shall have been obtained within the ding the date of license application or amendment request;	
2760		Or				
2761 2762		7C3.2			must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience ired training and experience was obtained.	
2763	Of					
2764	7C4	Meets	the follow	ing re	quirements for an experienced authorized nuclear pharmacist.	
2765 2766 2767 2768		7C4.1	NRC or scope lie	Agree cense	dentified as an authorized nuclear pharmacist on a license issued by the ment State, a permit issued under an NRC or Agreement State broad before October 25, 2005, are not required to comply with the training of 7C1 through 7C3.	
2769 2770 2771 2772		7C4.2	serve as	s prece	required to comply with the training requirements of 7C1 through 7C3 may optors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses see for which these individuals are authorized.	
					72	

PART 7, APPENDIX 7D: AUTHORIZED USER TRAINING FOR UPTAKE, DILUTION AND EXCRETION 2773 2774 STUDIES (7.30 USES) 2775 The licensee shall require an authorized user of an unsealed radioactive material for the uses authorized 2776 under 7.30 to be a physician who has a current active State of Colorado license and Except as provided 2777 in Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require an authorized user of unsealed radioactive material for **2**778 the uses authorized under 7.30 to be a physician who: 2779 2780 7D1 Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the **2**781 NRC or an Agreement State. and who meets the requirements in paragraph 7D3.2 of this 2782 Appendix. NRC recognized specialty boards are posted on the NRC website at 2783 http://www.nrc.gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.html. The names of board **2**784 certifications that have been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State are posted on 785 the NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit web page. To have its certification process 2786 recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for certification to: 2787 2788 7D1.1 To have its certification process recognized, a specialty board shall require that all candidates for certification to:(1)Complete 60 hours of training and experience in basic 2789 radionuclide handling techniques and radiation safety applicable to the medical use of 2790 unsealed radioactive materials for uptake, dilution, and excretion studies as described in 7D3.1(1) through 7D3.1(2)(f); 2791 **2**792 and **2**793 (2)7D1.2 Pass an examination, administered by diplomates of the specialty board, -that 2794 assesses knowledge and competence in radiation safety, radionuclide handling, and 2795 quality control.; 2796 or Is an authorized user under Appendix 7E, Appendix 7F, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC 2797 7D2 2798 requirements; or 7D3 2799 or **2**800 7D3 Has satisfied the following criteria: 2801 7D3.1 Has satisfactorily completed 60 hours of training and experience, including a minimum of 8 hours 2802 of classroom and laboratory training, in basic radionuclide handling techniques applicable to the 2803 medical use of unsealed radioactive materials for uptake, dilution, and excretion studies. The 2804 training and experience must include: 2805 Classroom and laboratory training in the following areas: Radiation physics and instrumentation; 2806 (a) 2807 (b) Radiation protection; 2808 (c) Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity; Chemistry of radioactive material for medical use; and 2809 (d) 2810 Radiation biology; (e) 2811 and 2812 Work experience under the supervision of an authorized user who meets the 2813 requirements of 7D5in Appendix 7P, 7D, 7E, 7F, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC

Commented [JJ187]:

For final publication, insert a page break to ensure each new appendices begins at the top of the page.

Appendix 7D is updated for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.190.

Appendix 7D has been realigned/formatted for consistency with the formatting of other sections of Part 7 and with the flow and format of 10 CFR 35.

Compatibility B NRC RATS 2018-1

Commented [JSJ188]: Section 7D3 has been realigned/formatted for consistency with other sections of Part 7 and the flow and format of 10 CFR 35.

 $7\mathrm{D}3$ is an unnumbered header to align with 10 CFR Part 35 structure.

Ordering, receiving, and unpacking radioactive materials safely and performing

activity of dosages and performing checks for proper operation of survey meters; Calculating, measuring, and safely preparing patient or human research subject

Performing quality control procedures on instruments used to determine the

requirements, involving:

dosages:

(b)

(c)

the related radiation surveys;

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2821		(d)	Using administrative controls to prevent a misadministrationmedical event
2822			involving the use of unsealed radioactive material;
2823		(e)	Using procedures to contain spilled radioactive material safely and using proper
2824			decontamination procedures; and
2825		(f)	Administering dosages to patients or human research subjects;
2826	And		
2827	7D3.2	Has provided	written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user who meets the
2828		requirements	of 7D5, Appendix 7D, Appendix 7E, or Appendix 7F, or equivalent Agreement State
2829		or NRC requir	ements, that the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in
2830		7D1.1(1) or 7[D3.1, and has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently
2831		as an authoriz	ed user for the medical uses authorized under 7.30. Has obtained written
2832		attestation th	at the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7D3.1 and
2833		is able to inde	ependently fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized user for
2834			ises authorized under 7.30. The attestation must be obtained from either:
2835			ceptor authorized user who meets the requirements in Appendix 7P,
2836			ndix 7D, Appendix 7E, or Appendix 7F, or equivalent NRC or Agreement State
2837			rements; or
2838			idency program director who affirms in writing that the attestation represents
2839			onsensus of the residency program faculty where at least one faculty member
2840			authorized user who meets the requirements in Appendix 7P, Appendix 7D,
2841			ndix 7E, Appendix 7F, or equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements,
2842			oncurs with the attestation provided by the residency program director. The
2843			ency training program must be approved by the Residency Review Committee
1844 2844			Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Royal College
2845			ysicians and Surgeons of Canada or the Council on Postdoctoral Training of
2846			merican Osteopathic Association and must include training and experience
T			
2847		speci	fied in 7D3.1.
2848	and		
1040	unu		
2849	7D4	Meets the fol	lowing recentness of training requirements:
10.50	7044		
2850	7D4.1	•	and experience required by Appendix 7D shall have been obtained within the
2851		7 years prece	eding the date of license application or amendment request; or
2852	7D4 2	The individua	al must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience
2853	104.2		uired training and experience was obtained.
2033		Silice the req	штей панніну ани ехрепенсе was obtained.
2854	or		
T			
2855	7D5	Meets the fol	lowing requirements for an experienced authorized user for 7.30 uses:
2056	7DE 4	A main altratation	lidentified as an authorized user for the madical use of radioactive material
2856	7 ₽3. 1		identified as an authorized user for the medical use of radioactive material
2857			issued by the NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or
2858			tate broad scope license that authorizes medical use before October 25, 2005,
2859			only those medical uses for which they were authorized on that date are not
2860		required to co	omply with the training requirements of 7D1 through 7D4.
2861	7D5.2	Individuals n	ot required to comply with the training requirements of 7D1 through 7D4 may
2862			ceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses
2863			uses for which these individuals are authorized.
2864			

Commented [JSJ189]: Here, and in other appendices governing training requirements for authorized users, the requirements for attestation statements are revised, consistent with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.

In general, the requirements for a physician to become an authorized user to be named on a license for a specific type of radioactive materials use are through one of three mechanisms:

- (1) they are currently a named authorized user on an existing Department, NRC or other agreement state license; OR
 (2) they are board certified by a board that has been recognized by the Department, NRC or an agreement state for the particular type of
- use; OR

 (3) they do not yet meet the requirements of (1) or (2) and therefore must demonstrate adequate training and experience through the alternate pathway mechanism and provide a signed preceptor statement.

The proposed language provides some regulatory relief by no longer requiring a preceptor statement for individuals who are board certified by a recognized board.

The revised language of this appendices allows for residency program directors to sign off/provide the attestations for individuals who are demonstrating training through the alternate pathway.

2865 PART 7, APPENDIX 7E: AUTHORIZED USER TRAINING FOR IMAGING AND LOCALIZATION 2866 STUDIES (7.32 USES) 2867 The licensee shall require an authorized user of an unsealed radioactive material for the uses 2868 authorized under 7.32 to be a physician who has a current active State of Colorado license 2869 and: Except as provided in Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require an authorized user of unsealed 2870 radioactive material for the uses authorized under 7.32 to be a physician who: Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the **2**871 7E1 2872 NRC or an Agreement State and who meets the requirements in paragraph 7E3.2 of this 2873 Appendix. NRC recognized specialty boards are posted on the NRC website at **2**874 http://www.nrc.gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.html. Is certified by a 2875 medical specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or 2876 an Agreement State. The names of board certifications that have been recognized by the 2877 NRC or an Agreement State are posted on the NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit web 2878 page. To have its certification process recognized, a specialty board shall require all 2879 candidates for certification to: 28807E1.1 To have its certification process recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates 2881 for certification to: 2882 (1) 2883 Complete 700 hours of training and experience in basic radionuclide handling techniques 2884 and radiation safety applicable to the medical use of unsealed radioactive materials for 2885 imaging and localization studies as described in 7E3.1(1) through 7E3.1(2)(g); 2886 and 2887(2) 28887E1.2 Pass an examination, administered by diplomates of the specialty board, which assesses 2889 knowledge and competence in radiation safety, radionuclide handling, and quality control; 2890 or 2891 7E2 Is an authorized user under Appendix 7F and meets the requirements in 7E3.1(2)(g), or 2892 equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements; 2893 or 7E3 Has satisfied the following criteria: 28942895 7E3.1 Has satisfactorily completed 700 hours, including a minimum of 80 hours of classroom 2896 and laboratory training in basic radionuclide handling techniques applicable to the 2897 medical use of unsealed radioactive materials for imaging and localization studies. The 2898training and experience must include at a minimum: 2899 (1) Classroom and laboratory training in the following areas: 2900 Radiation physics and instrumentation; (a) 2901 (b) Radiation protection; 2902 (c) Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity;

Commented [JJ190]: For final publication, insert a page break such that each appendix begins on a new page.

This appendix is updated for format and content, consistent with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.290.

2903		(a)	Chemistry of radioactive material for medical use; and
2904		(e)	Radiation biology;
2905		and	
2 906		(2) Work	experience under the supervision of an authorized user who meets the
2907			rements of 7E5, 7E, or 7F and 7E3.1(2)(g), or equivalent Agreement State
2908			RC requirements, involving:
2909			3
2910		(2) Work	k experience, under the supervision of an authorized user who meets
2911			equirements in Appendix 7P, 7E, or 7F and 7E3.1(2)(g), or equivalent
2912			or Agreement State requirements. An authorized nuclear pharmacist
2913			meets the requirements in Appendix 7C or Appendix 7P may provide
2914			supervised work experience for 7E3.1(2)(g). Work experience must
2915		invol	
2916		(a)	Ordering, receiving, and unpacking radioactive materials safely and
2917		()	performing the related radiation surveys;
2918		(b)	Performing quality control procedures on instruments used to determine
2919			the activity of dosages and performing checks for proper operation of
2920			survey meters;
2921		(c)	Calculating, measuring, and safely preparing patient or human research
2922 I			subject dosages;
2923		(d)	Using administrative controls to prevent a misadministrationmedical
2924		(4)	event involving the use of unsealed radioactive material;
2 925		(e)	Using procedures to safely contain spilled radioactive material safely
2926		(0)	and using proper decontamination procedures; and
2927		(f)	Administering dosages to patients or human research subjects; and
2928		(g)	Eluting generator systems appropriate for preparation of radioactive
2929		(9)	drugs for imaging and localization studies, measuring and testing the
2930			eluate for radiochemical purity, and processing the eluate with reagent
2931			kits to prepare labeled radioactive drugs;
2932	and		•
2933	7E3.2		I written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user who meets the
2934			of 7E5, Appendix 7E, or Appendix 7F and 7E3.1(2)(g), or equivalent
2935			tate or NRC requirements, that the individual has satisfactorily completed
1936 1037			ents in 7E1.1(1) or 7E3, and has achieved a level of competency sufficient to
2937			pendently as an authorized user for the medical uses authorized under 7.30
2938 2939			s obtained written attestation that the individual has satisfactorily he requirements in 7E3.1 and is able to independently fulfill the
1939 1940			fety-related duties as an authorized user for the medical uses
1940 1941			nder 7.30 and 7.32. The attestation must be obtained from either:
1941 1942		authorized u	made 1.00 and 1.02. The attestation must be obtained from ettilet.
1942 1943		(1) A pre	eceptor authorized user who meets the requirements in Appendix 7P,
1943 1944			or 7F and 7E3.1(2)(g), or equivalent NRC or Agreement State
2945			irements;
2946			· · · · · · ·
2947		or	
2948			
·			

(2) A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestation represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at least one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirements in Appendix 7P, 7E, or 7F and 7E3.1(2)(g), or equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements, and concurs with the attestation provided by the residency program director. The residency training program must be approved by the Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada or the Council on Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association and must include training and experience specified in 7E3.1.

Commented [JSJ191]: The requirements for attestation statements are revised, consistent with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35

The revised language of this provision allows for residency program directors to sign off/provide the attestations for individuals who are demonstrating training through the alternate pathway.

and

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 7E4 Meets the following recentness of training requirements:

Commented [JSJ192]: Requirements for recentness of training is now addressed in 7.65

7E4.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7E shall have been obtained within the 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request;

OI

7E4.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience since the required training and experience was obtained.

or

7E5 Meets the following requirements for an experienced authorized user for 7.32 uses:

Commented [JSJ193]: Training for experienced individuals is now addressed in Appendix 7P.

7E5.1 An individual identified as an authorized user for the medical use of radioactive material on a license issued by the NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or Agreement State broad scope license that authorizes medical use before October 25, 2005, who perform only those medical uses for which they were authorized on that date are not required to comply with the training requirements of 7E1 through 7E4.7E5.2 Individuals not required to comply with the training requirements of 7E1 through 7E4 may serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized.

PART 7, APPENDIX 7F: AUTHORIZED USER TRAINING FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE OF UNSEALED RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL REQUIRING FOR WHICH A WRITTEN DIRECTIVE IS REQUIRED (7.36.2 USES)

The licensee shall require an authorized user of an unsealed radioactive material for the uses authorized under 7.36.2 to be a physician who has a current active State of Colorado license and: Except as provided in Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require an authorized user of unsealed radioactive material for the uses authorized under 7.36 to be a physician who:

7F1 Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State and who meets the requirements in paragraph 7F2.1(2)(f) and 7F2.2 of this Appendix. NRC recognized specialty boards are posted on the NRC website at http://www.nrc.gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.html.

Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State and who meets the requirements in 7F2.1(2)(f). The names of board certifications that have been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State are posted on the NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit web page. To be recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for certification to:

7F1.1 To have its certification process recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for certification to:

Successfully complete residency training in a radiation therapy or nuclear medicine training program or a program in a related medical specialty. These residency training programs must include 700 hours of training and experience as described in 7F2.1(1) through 7F2.1(2)(e). Eligible training programs must be approved by the Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education, the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada, or the Committee on Post-GraduateCouncil on Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association;

and

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or

(2)7F1.2 Pass an examination, administered by diplomates of the specialty board, which tests knowledge and competence in radiation safety, radionuclide handling, quality assurance, and clinical use of unsealed radioactive material for which a written directive is required:

7F2 Has satisfied the following criteria:

7F2.1 Has satisfactorily completed 700 hours of training and experience, including a minimum of 200 hours of classroom and laboratory training, in basic radionuclide handling techniques applicable to the medical use of unsealed radioactive material requiring a written directive. The training and experience must include:

- (1) Classroom and laboratory training in the following areas:
 - (a) Radiation physics and instrumentation;
 - (b) Radiation protection;
 - (c) Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity;
 - (d) Chemistry of radioactive material for medical use; and

Commented [JJ194]: For final publication, insert a page break such that each appendix begins on a new page.

Changes to this appendix are based on the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.390.

NRC RATS 2018-1 All of 10 CFR 35.390 is NRC compatibility B

Commented [JSJ195]:

Consistent with Tederal rule, this provision is amended to eliminate the requirement for a preceptor statement for individuals who have a board certification identified on NRC's medical toolkit web page for the applicable use. The board certification combined with the recentness of training requirements (found in 7.65) are deemed acceptable to demonstrate adequate training and experience for regulatory purposes.

Commented [JSJ196]:

Revised to use the correct terminology for the residency approval organization of the American Osteopathic Association.

Commented [JSJ197]: Clarifying wording added for consistency with 10 CFR Part 35.390(b)(1).

Ref: NRC Letter 02/20/2020

3022		(e) Ra	adiation biology;	
3023	and			
3024 \$025 3026 \$027 3028 3029	(2)	requireme requireme 7F2.1, mu category o	erience, under the supervision of an authorized user who meets the nts of 7F4Appendix 7P, er-7F, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC nts. A supervising authorized user, who meets the requirements in st also have experience in administering dosages in the same dosage or categories (i.e., 7F2.1(2)(f)) as the individual requesting authorized s. The work experience must involve:	
3030 3031			rdering, receiving, and unpacking radioactive materials safely and erforming the related radiation surveys;	
3032 3033 3034		th	erforming quality control procedures on instruments used to determine e activity of dosages and performing checks for proper operation of urvey meters;	
3035 3036		` '	alculating, measuring, and safely preparing patient or human research ubject dosages;	
3037 3038			sing administrative controls to prevent a misadministrationmedical vent involving the use of unsealed radioactive material;	
3039 3040			sing procedures to contain spilled radioactive material safely and using oper decontamination procedures;	
3041		and		
3042 3043 3044 3045 3046 3047 3048 3049 3050 3051 3052 3053 3054		Administering dosages of radioactive drugs to patients or human research subjects involving a minimum of 3 cases in each of the following categories for which the individual is requesting authorized user status: Administering dosages of radioactive drugs to patients or human research subjects from the three categories in 7F2.1(2)(f). Radioactive drugs containing radionuclides in categories not included in 7F2.1(2)(f) are regulated under 7.62. This work experience must involve a minimum of three cases in each of the following categories for which the individual is requesting authorized user status: (i) Oral administration of less than or equal to 1.22 GBqgigabecquerels (33 mCimillicuries) of Nasodium iodide I-		Commented [JJ198]: Updated for consistency with 10 CFR 35.390(b)(1)(ii)(G). NRC Compatibility B
3055 3056 3057 3058 3059 3060 3061 3062 3063 3064 3065		(iii	131 for which a written directive is required [experience with at least 3 cases in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii) also satisfies the requirement in category 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii)];Oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of sodium iodide I-131; ²	Commented [JSJ199]: Note that footnote "2" is associated with this provision.

067 Parenteral administration of any other radionuclide for which a (iv) 3068 written directive is required; 3069 and 070 Has provided written attestation(s), that the individual has satisfactorily completed the 071 requirements in 7F1.1(1) and 7F2.1(2)(f) or 7F2.1, and has achieved a level of 072 competency sufficient to function independently as an authorized user for the medical 073 uses authorized under 7.36. The written attestation must be signed by a preceptor 074 authorized user who: Has obtained written attestation that the individual has 075 satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7F2.1 and is able to independently 076 fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized user for the medical uses 077 authorized under 7.36. The attestation must be obtained from either: 078 Meets the requirements in 7F4, Appendix 7F, or equivalent NRC or Agreement 079 State requirements; and A preceptor authorized user who meets the 080 requirements in 7P, 7F, or equivalent Agreement State requirements and 3081 has experience in administering dosages in the same dosage category or 082 categories as the individual requesting authorized user status; or 083 The preceptor authorized user, who meets the requirements in 7F2.1 must have 084 experience in administering dosages in the same dosage category or categories 085 (i.e., 7F2.1(2)(f)) as the individual requesting authorized user status. A residency 086 program director who affirms in writing that the attestation represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at least one faculty 087 088 member is an authorized user who meets the requirements in 7P, 7F, or 089 equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements, has experience in 090 administering dosages in the same dosage category or categories as the 091 individual requesting authorized user status, and concurs with the 092 attestation provided by the residency program director. The residency 093 training program must be approved by the Residency Review Committee of 094 the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Royal 095 College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada or the Council on 096 Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association and must 3097 include training and experience specified in 7F2.1. 3098 3099 ² Experience with at least three cases in Category 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii) also satisfies the requirement in Category 7F2.1(2)(f)(i). 100 101 and 102 Meets the following recentness of training requirements: 103 7F3.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7F shall have been obtained: within 104 the 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request; 105 or 7F3.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience 106 107 since the required training and experience was obtained. 108 or 3109 Meets the following requirements for an experienced authorized user for 7.36.2 uses:

and/or

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Commented [JSJ200]: This provision is revised, based on the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.390(b)(2)(i) and replaces the language in the current 7F2.2(2).

The previously referenced requirements of 7F4 are now addressed in Appendix 7P.

The revised provision clarifies that the preceptor must have experience administering materials in the same categories as the individual requesting authorization. This provision would apply to an individual who may be an authorized user named on a license for other types of use, but would like obtain authorization in 7F.

Commented [JSJ201]: This is a new provision based on the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.390(b)(2)(ii).

For recent graduates of medical training programs, the revised language of this provision allows for residency program directors to sign off/provide the attestations for individuals who are demonstrating training through the alternate pathway.

Commented [JSJ202]:

This provision has been replaced by 7.65, which parallels the requirements of 10 CFR 35.59.

Commented [JSJ203]: This provision has been replaced by Appendix 7P, consistent with the format of 10 CFR 35.390.

110	7F4.1	An individual identified as an authorized user for the medical use of radioactive materia
111		on a license issued by the NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or
112		Agreement State broad scope license that authorizes medical use before October 25,
113		2005, who perform only those medical uses for which they were authorized on that date
114		are not required to comply with the training requirements of 7F1 through 7F3.
115	7F4.2	Individuals not required to comply with the training requirements of 7F1 through 7F3 may
116		serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on license
117		for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized.

3119 PART 7, APPENDIX 7G: AUTHORIZED USER TRAINING FOR THE ORAL ADMINISTRATION OF 3120 SODIUM IODIDE I-131 REQUIRING A WRITTEN DIRECTIVE IN QUANTITIES LESS THAN OR 3121 EQUAL TO 1.22 Gbqgigabeckquerels I (33 mCimillicuries) (7.36.3 USES) 3122 The licensee shall require an authorized user for the oral administration of sodium iodide I-131 3123 requiring a written directive in quantities less than or equal to 1.22 GBq (33 mCi), to be a physician 124 who has a current active State of Colorado license and: Except as provided in Appendix 7P, the 125 licensee shall require an authorized user for the oral administration of sodium iodide requiring a 3126 written directive in quantities less than or equal to 1.22 Gigabecquerels (33 millicuries), to be a 127 physician who: 3128 3129 Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process includes all of the 3130 requirements in 7G3.1 and 7G3.1(2)7G3.2 of this Appendix and whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State. and who meets the requirements in 3131 3132 paragraph 7G3.1(3) of this Appendix. NRC recognized specialty boards are posted on the NRC 3133 website at http://www.nrc.gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.html.The names of 3134 board certifications that have been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State are 3135 posted on the NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit web page; 3136 or 3137 7G2 Is an authorized user under Appendix 7F for uses listed in 7F2.1(2)(f)(i) or 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii), Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements; 3138 3139 or 3140 7G3 Has satisfied the following criteria: 7G3.1 Has satisfactorilysuccessfully completed 80 hours of classroom and laboratory training, 3141 3142 applicable to the medical use of sodium iodide I-131 for procedures requiring a written 3143 directive.: The training must include: 144 The 80 hours of classroom and laboratory training must include: (a1)Radiation physics and instrumentation; 145 (b2) 146 Radiation protection; Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity; 147 (e3)3148 (d4)Chemistry of radioactive material for medical use; and 3149 (e5)Radiation biology; 3150 and 3151 7G3.2(2) Has work experience, under the supervision of an authorized user who meets the 3152 requirements of 7G5in Appendix 7P, or Appendix 7F, Appendix 7G, Appendix 7H or 3153 equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements. A supervising authorized user, who 3154 meets the requirements in 7F2.1, must also have experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(i) or 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii). as the individual requesting authorized user 155 3156 status. The work experience must involve: 3157 (a1)Ordering, receiving, and unpacking radioactive materials safely and performing 3158 the related radiation surveys;

Commented [JJ204]: For final publication, insert a page break such that each appendix begins on a new page.

Appendix 7G is updated for consistency with 10 CFR 35.392.

Commented [JSJ205]:

Consistent with federal rule, this provision is amended to eliminate the requirement for a preceptor statement for individuals who have a board certification identified on NRC's medical toolkit web page for the applicable use. The board certification combined with the recentness of training requirements (found in 7.65) are deemed acceptable to demonstrate adequate training and experience for regulatory purposes.

Performing quality control procedures on instruments used to determine the

3160			activity of dosages and performing checks for proper operation of survey meters;
3161 3162		(e 3)	Calculating, measuring, and safely preparing patient or human research subject dosages;
3163 3164		(d 4)	Using administrative controls to prevent a misadministrationmedical event involving the use of unsealed radioactive material;
3165 3166		(e 5)	Using procedures to contain spilled radioactive material safely and using proper decontamination procedures;
3167			and
3168 3169 3170		(f6)	Administering dosages to patients or human research subjects that includes at least 3 cases involving the oral administration of less than or equal to 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of sodium iodide I-131;
3171		and	
3172 3173 3174 3175 3176 3177 3178 3179 3180	70	sufficie unseak attesta attesta 7G3.1 : duties gigabe	Has provided written attestation(s), that the individual has completed the ments of 7G3.1(1) and 7G3.1(2), and has achieved a level of competency nt to function independently as an authorized user for the medical uses of ad radioactive materials using Na I-131 authorized under 7.36. The written tion must be signed by a preceptor authorized user who:Has obtained written tion that the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in and 7G3.2, and is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-related as an authorized user for oral administration of less than or equal to 1.22 ecquerels (33 millicuries) of sodium iodide I-131 for medical uses authorized 7.36. The attestation must be obtained from either:
3182 3183 3184 3185		(a1)	A preceptor authorized user who Mmeets the requirements in 7G5Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7G, or Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements and has experience administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(i) or 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii);
186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200	ex and		The preceptor authorized user, who meets the requirements in 7F2.1 must have dministering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(i) or 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii). A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestation represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at least one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirements in Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7G, Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements, has experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(i) or 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii), and concurs with the attestation provided by the residency program director. The residency training program must be approved by the Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada or the Council on Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association and must include training and experience specified in 7G3.1 and 7G3.2.
3202	7 G 4 M	eets the follow	wing-recentness of training requirements:
3203 3204	70		ining and experience required by Appendix 7G shall have been obtained within ears preceding the date of license application or amendment request;

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(**b2**)

Commented [JSJ206]:
The revised provision clarifies that the preceptor must have experience administering materials in the same categories as the individual requesting authorization. This provision would apply to an individual who may be an authorized user named on a license for other types of use, but would like obtain authorization for uses under 7G.

Commented [JSJ207]: This provision is new, based on the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.392(c)(3)(ii).

For recent graduates, the revised language of this provision allows for residency program directors to sign off/provide the attestations for individuals who are demonstrating training through the alternate pathway.

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3205		Of
3206 3207		7G4.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience since the required training and experience was obtained.
3208	or	
3209	7G5	Meets the following requirements for an experienced authorized user for 7.36.3 uses:
3210 3211 3212 3213 3214		7G5.1 An individual identified as an authorized user for the medical use of radioactive material on a license issued by the NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or Agreement State broad scope license that authorizes medical use before October 25, 2005, who perform only those medical uses for which they were authorized on that date are not required to comply with the training requirements of 7G1 through 7G4.
215 216 217 218		7G5.2 Individuals not required to comply with the training requirements of 7G1 through 7G4 may serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized.

PART 7, APPENDIX 7H: AUTHORIZED USER TRAINING FOR THE ORAL ADMINISTRATION OF 3219 3220 SODIUM IODIDE I-131 REQUIRING A WRITTEN DIRECTIVE IN QUANTITIES GREATER THAN 1.22 GBqGIGABECQUERELS (33 mCimillicuries) (7.36.4 USES) 3221 3222 3223 The licensee shall require an authorized user for the oral administration of sodium iodide I-131 requiring a written directive in quantities greater than 1.22 GBq (33 mCi), to be a physician who 3224 has a current active State of Colorado license and: Except as provided in Appendix 7P, the 225 licensee shall require an authorized user for the oral administration of sodium iodide I-131 3226 requiring a written directive in quantities greater than 1.22 Gigabecquerels (33 millicuries), to be a 3227 physician who: 3228 3229 Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process includes all of the 3230 requirements in 7H3.1, and 7H3.1(2)7H3.2 and whose certification has been recognized by the 3231 NRC or an Agreement State., and who meets the requirements in paragraph 7H3.2 of this 3232 Appendix. NRC recognized specialty boards are posted on the NRC website at 3233 http://www.nrc.gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.html. The names of board 3234 certifications that have been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State are posted on 3235 the NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit web page; 3236 or 7H2 Is an authorized user under Appendix 7F for uses listed in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii), or equivalent NRC or 3237 3238 Agreement State requirements; 3239 or 7H3 3240 Has satisfied the following criteria: 7H3.1 Has satisfactorilysuccessfully completed 80 hours of classroom and laboratory training, 3241 3242 applicable to the medical use of sodium iodide I-131 for procedures requiring a written 3243 directive. The training must include: The 80 hours of classroom and laboratory training must include: 244 3245 (a1) Radiation physics and instrumentation; 3246 (b2) Radiation protection; 247 (e3)Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity; (d4)Chemistry of radioactive material for medical use; and 3248 3249 (e5) Radiation biology; 3250 and 3251 7H3.2(2) Has work experience, under the supervision of an authorized user who meets the 3252 requirements of in 7H5Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7H or equivalent 3253 Agreement State or NRC requirements. A supervising authorized user, who meets the requirements in 7F2.17F2, must also have experience in administering dosages as 3254 3255 specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii). The work experience must involve: 3256 (a1) Ordering, receiving, and unpacking radioactive materials safely and performing 3257 the related radiation surveys; 3258 (b2) Performing quality control procedures on instruments used to determine the 3259 activity of dosages and performing checks for proper operation of survey meters;

Commented [JJ208]: For final publication, insert a page break such that each appendix begins on a new page.

Appendix 7H is updated for consistency with the format and 2018 updates to 10 CFR 35.394.

(e5) Using administrative controls to prevent a misadministrationmedical ever involving the use of unsealed-radioactive material; (e5) Using procedures to contain spilled radioactive material safely and using decontamination procedures; (e6) Administering dosages to patients or human research subjects, that inclusions least 3 cases involving the oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of sodium iodide I-131; (e7) and and TH3.3(3) Has-provided-written attestation(s), that the individual has completed the requirements of 7H3.1(1) and 7H3.1(2), and has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as an authorized user for the medical uses of unsealed radioactive materials using Na.1+31 in activities greater than 1.22 GBq-mCi) authorized under 7.36. The written attestation that the individual has satisfactority completed the requirements in 7H3.1 and 7H3.2 and 1sa Jac and satisfactority completed the requirements in 7H3.1 and 7H3.2 and 1sa Jac and is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized use oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of so iodide I-131 for medical uses authorized under 7.36. The attestation must be obtained from either: (1) A preceptor authorized user who Meetsmeets the requirements in 7H5Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, or Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreemer requirements; and has experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii); or and and (2) The preceptor authorized user, who meets the requirements in 7F2.1(2)(f)(iii); or and and (2) A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestat represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirement appears the consensus of the residency program faculty where at one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirement appears the consensus of the residency program faculty where at one faculty member	proper
decontamination procedures; 3266 and 3267 (I6) Administering dosages to patients or human research subjects, that included least 3 cases involving the oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of sodium iodide I-131; 3270 andand 3271 7H3.3(3) Has provided written attestation(s), that the individual has completed the requirements of 7H3.1(1) and 7H3.1(2), and has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as an authorized user for the medical uses of unsealed radioactive materials using Na I-131 in activities greater than 1.22 GBq mcG) authorized under 7.36. The written attestation must be signed by a precepte authorized user who:Has obtained written attestation that the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7H3.1 and 7H3.2, and is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized use oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of so iodide I-131 for medical uses authorized under 7.36. The attestation must be obtained from either: (1) A preceptor authorized user who Meetsmeets the requirements in 7H5.4ppendix 7P, Appendix 7F, or Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreemer requirements; and has experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii); or 3286 andand (2) The preceptor authorized user, who meets the requirements in 7F2.1 must experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii). (2) A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestat represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirement Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreemer faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirement Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreemer faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirement in F2.1(2)(f)(ii), and concurs with the attestation provided by the resi program di	·
(16) Administering dosages to patients or human research subjects, that included least 3 cases involving the oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of sodium iodide I-131; 3270 and 3271 3272 and 3273 sufficient to function independently as an authorized user for the medical uses of unsealed radioactive materials using Na I-131 in activities greater than 1.22 GBq mCi) authorized under 7.36. The written attestation must be signed by a preceptor authorized user whel-Has obtained written attestation that the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7H3.1 and 7H3.2, and is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized use oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of so iodide I-131 for medical uses authorized under 7.36. The attestation must be obtained from either: (1) A preceptor authorized user who Meetsmeets the requirements in 7H5Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, or Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreemer requirements; and has experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii); or 3286	les at
least 3 cases involving the oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of sodium iodide I-131; and and 7H3.3(3) Has provided written attestation(s), that the individual has completed the requirements of 7H3.1(1) and 7H3.1(2), and has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as an authorized user for the medical uses of unsealed radioactive materials using Na I-131 in activities greater than 1.22 GBq mCi) authorized under 7.36. The written attestation must be signed by a precepto authorized user who:Has obtained written attestation that the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7H3.1 and 7H3.2, and is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized use oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of so iodide I-131 for medical uses authorized under 7.36. The attestation must be obtained from either: (1) A preceptor authorized user who Meetsmeets the requirements in 7H5Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, or Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreemer requirements; and has experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii); or 3286 and (2) The preceptor authorized user, who meets the requirements in 7F2.1 must experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii). A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestat represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirement Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agree State requirements, has experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii), and concurs with the attestation provided by the resi program director. The residency training program must be approved Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation Council for Gradu Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons	les at
7H3.3(3) Has provided written attestation(s), that the individual has completed the requirements of 7H3.1(1) and 7H3.1(2), and has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as an authorized user for the medical uses of unsealed radioactive materials using Na I-131 in activities greater than 1.22 GBq mCi) authorized under 7.36. The written attestation must be signed by a precepto authorized user who:Has obtained written attestation that the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7H3.1 and 7H3.2, and is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized use oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of so iodide I-131 for medical uses authorized under 7.36. The attestation must be obtained from either: (1) A preceptor authorized user who Meetsmeets the requirements in 7H5Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, or Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreemer requirements; and has experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii); or 286 andand (2) The preceptor authorized user, who meets the requirements in 7F2.1 must experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii). A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestat represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirement Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreement appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7	
requirements of 7H3.1(1) and 7H3.1(2), and has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as an authorized user for the medical uses of unsealed radioactive materials using Na I-131 in activities greater than 1.22 GBq—Ci) authorized under 7.36. The written attestation must be signed by a precepto authorized user who:Has obtained written attestation that the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7H3.1 and 7H3.2, and is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized user oral administration of greater than 1.22 gigabecquerels (33 millicuries) of so iodide I-131 for medical uses authorized under 7.36. The attestation must be obtained from either: (1) A preceptor authorized user who Meetsmeets the requirements in 7H5Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, or Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agreement requirements; and has experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii); or 3286 andand (2) The preceptor authorized user, who meets the requirements in 7F2.1 must experience in administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(iii). A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestat represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirement Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agree State requirements, has experience in administering dosages as specified in F2.1(2)(f)(iii), and concurs with the attestation provided by the residency are requirements, has experience in administering dosages as program director. The residency training program must be approved Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation Council for Gradus Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons	
experience in administering desages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(ii). A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestat represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requiremer Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agre State requirements, has experience in administering desages as specified in F2.1(2)(f)(ii), and concurs with the attestation provided by the residency program director. The residency training program must be approved Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation Council for Gradu Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons	for dium
represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requiremer Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7H, or equivalent NRC or Agre State requirements, has experience in administering dosages as spe in F2.1(2)(f)(ii), and concurs with the attestation provided by the resi program director. The residency training program must be approved Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation Council for Gradu Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons	
Canada or the Council on Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association and must include training and experience specified in 7H3.1 and 7H3.2.	least its in ement cified dency by the ate
3301 and	
3302 7H4 Meets the following recentness of training requirements:	
The training and experience required by Appendix 7H shall have been obtained was 3304 7H4.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7H shall have been obtained was 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request;	

Commented [JSJ209]: This provision is new, based on the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.392(c)(3)(ii).

For recent graduates, the revised language of this provision allows for residency program directors to sign of f/provide the attestations for individuals who are demonstrating training through the alternate pathway.

3305		or
3306 3307		7H4.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience since the required training and experience was obtained.
3308	Or	
3309	7H5	Meets the following requirements for an experienced authorized user for 7.36.4 uses:
3310 3311 3312 3313 3314		7H5.1 An individual identified as an authorized user for the medical use of radioactive material on a license issued by the NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or Agreement State broad scope license that authorizes medical use before October 25, 2005, who perform only those medical uses for which they were authorized on that date are not required to comply with the training requirements of 7H1 through 7H4.
3315 3316 3317 3318		7H5.2 Individuals not required to comply with the training requirements of 7H1 through 7H4 may serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized.

3319		DIX 71: AUTHORIZED USER TRAINING FOR THE PARENTERAL ADMINISTRATION	Commented [JJ210]: For final publication, insert a page brea
3320 3321		RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL REQUIRING A WRITTEN DIRECTIVE (7.36.5 USES) Ill require an authorized user for parenteral administration of unsealed radioactive	such that each appendix begins on a new page.
3322		th a written directive is required to be a physician who has a current active State	This appendix is updated for consistency with the 2018 amendmen
3323	of Colorado lice		to <u>10 CFR 35.396</u> .
3324	•	s provided in Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require an authorized user for the	NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility B
3325	•	al administration requiring a written directive to be a physician who:	TAKE Companionity B
3326 3327		s an authorized user under Appendix 7F for uses listed in 7F2.1(2)(f)(iii)- or F2.1(2)(f)(iv) , or equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements;	
3328	or	r z. r(z)(r)(r), or oquirulone rice or rigidomone dialo roquiromone,	
3329		s an authorized user under Appendix 7K, Appendix 7M, or equivalent NRC or	
3330 3331	or	greement State requirements and who meets the requirements in 7l2;	
3332		s certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process has been	
3333		ecognized by the NRC or an Agreement State under Appendix 7K or Appendix 7M,	
3334	а	nd who meets the requirements in paragraph 712 of this section.	
3335	Of		
3336	712 Is an auth	norized user under Appendix 7K, Appendix 7M, or equivalent NRC or Agreement State	Commented FIS 12111 Provision replaced by 711 2 above
3337		ents and who meets the requirements in 714;	Commented [JSJ211]: Provision replaced by 7I1.2 above.
2220			
3338	Of		
3339		d by a medical specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the	Commented [JSJ212]: Provision replaced by 7I1.3 above.
3340 3341		n Agreement State under Appendix 7K or Appendix 7M, and who meets the ents in paragraph 714 of this section.	
3341	requirem	the in paragraph 114 of this section.	
3342	Of		
3343	7I4 Has satis	fied the following criteria:	
3344	7I2 The phys	sician:	
3345	714 .12.1	Has satisfactorilysuccessfully completed 80 hours of classroom and laboratory	
3346		aining, applicable to parenteral administrations listed in 7F2.1(2)(f)(iii)., for which a	
3347		ritten directive is required, of any beta emitter, or any photon-emitting radionuclide with	
3348 3349		photon energy less than 150 keV, and/or parenteral administration of any other adionuclide for which a written directive is required. The training must include:	
3350		The training must include:	
3351	(8	a)(1) Radiation physics and instrumentation;	
3352	(l	e)(2) Radiation protection;	
3353	(6	Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity;	
3354	(4	Chemistry of radioactive material for medical use;	
3355		and	
3356	(4	Radiation biology;	
3357	a	nd and	
	-		
		88	

3338		ork experience under the supervision of an authorized user who meets the	
3359		ments of Appendix 7P716, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7I, or equivalent Agreement	
3360	State or NRC requirements, in the parenteral administrations listed in 7F2.1(2)(f)(iii)., fo		
3361	which a written directive is required, of any beta emitter, or any photon-emitting		
3362		uclide with a photon energy less than 150 keV, and/or parenteral administration of	
3363	any other radionuclide for which a written directive is required. A supervising authorized		
3364		ho meets the requirements in 7F, must have experience in administering dosages	
3365	as spe	cified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(iii) and/or 7F2.1(2)(f)(iv). A supervising authorized user,	
3366	who m	eets the requirements in Appendix 7F, 7I, or equivalent Agreement State or	
3367	NRC re	equirements, must have experience in administering dosages in the same	
3368	catego	ory or categories as the individual requesting authorized user status. The	
3369		xperience must involve:	
3370	(a) (1)	Ordering, receiving, and unpacking radioactive materials safely and performing	
3371		the related radiation surveys;	
3372	(b) (2)	Performing quality control procedures on instruments used to determine the	
3373	· // /	activity of dosages and performing checks for proper operation of survey meters;	
3374	(c) (3)	Calculating, measuring, and safely preparing patient or human research subject	
3375 		dosages;	
3376	(d) (4)	Using administrative controls to prevent a misadministrationmedical event	
3377	(=)(-)	involving the use of unsealed radioactive material;	
3378	(e) (5)	Using procedures to contain spilled radioactive material safely and using proper	
3379		decontamination procedures;	
3380	and		
3381	(f) (6)	Administering dosages to patients or human research subjects that include:	
3382	(i)	At at least 3 cases involving the parenteral administrations as specified in	
3383	(.)	7F2.1(2)(f)(iii), for which a written directive is required, of any beta emitter, or	
3384		any photon-emitting radionuclide with a photon energy less than 150 keV;	
3385	and/or		
3386	(ii)	At least 3 cases involving the parenteral administration of any other radionuclide,	
3387	(11)	for which a written directive is required;	
4507		To Whom a Whiteh allocate to required,	
3388	and		
3389	(3) 7 2 3 Has pr	evidedobtained written attestation(s) that the individual has satisfactorily	
3390		eted the requirements in 712 or 713712.1 or 712.2, and has achieved a level of	
3 391		tency sufficient to function is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-	
3392		duties as an authorized user for the parenteral administration of unsealed	
3393		ctive materials requiring a written directive. The written attestation must be signed	
3394		ecceptor authorized user who:The attestation must be obtained from either:	
3395		(a) Meets the requirements in 7I6, Appendix F, or Appendix I, or equivalent	
		NRC or Agreement State requirements;	
1390		3	
3396			

398 Meets the requirements in Appendix 7F must have experience in 399 administering dosages as specified in 7F2.1(2)(f)(iii) and/or 400 7F2.1(2)(f)(iv). 401 (1) A preceptor authorized user who meets the requirements in Appendix 7P, 402 Appendix 7F, 7I, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements. A 403 preceptor authorized user who meets the requirements in Appendix 7F, 7I, 404 or equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements, must have experience 405 in administering dosages in the same category or categories as the 406 individuals requesting authorized user status; 407 408 A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestation Commented [JSJ213]: For recent graduates, the revised language of this provision allows 409 represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at least one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirements in for residency program directors to sign off/provide the attestations 410 for individuals who are demonstrating training through the alternate 3411 Appendix 7P, Appendix 7F, Appendix 7I, or equivalent Agreement State or pathway. 3412 NRC requirements, has experience in administering dosages in the same 413 dose category or categories as the individual requesting authorized user 3414 3415 status, and concurs with the attestation provided by the residency program director. The residency training program must be approved by the 416 Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation Council for Graduate 417 Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada or the Council on Postdoctoral Training of the American 418 419 Osteopathic Association and must include training and experience 420 specified in 7l2.1 and 7l2.2. 3421 and 422 715 Meets the following recentness of training requirements: Commented [JSJ214]: The recentness of training requirements have been relocated to a single location in 7.65. 715.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7I shall have been obtained within the 423 424 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request; 425 or The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience 426 427 since the required training and experience was obtained. 428 or **Commented [JSJ215]:** The requirements for an experienced authorized individual have been consolidated in Appendix 7P. 429 Meets the following requirements for an experienced authorized user for 7.36.5 uses: 430 An individual identified as an authorized user for the medical use of radioactive material 3431 on a license issued by the NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or 432 Agreement State broad scope license that authorizes medical use before October 25, 3433 2005, who perform only those medical uses for which they were authorized on that date 434 are not required to comply with the training requirements of 711 through 715. 435 716.2 Individuals not required to comply with the training requirements of 711 through 715 may 436 serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses 437 for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized. 3438 90

PART 7, APPENDIX 7J: AUTHORIZED USER-TRAINING FOR USE OF SEALED SOURCES AND 3439 3440 **MEDICAL DEVICES FOR DIAGNOSIS (7.40 USES)** 3441 The licensee shall require an authorized user of a diagnostic sealed source for use in a device 3442 authorized under 7.40 to be a physician, dentist or podiatrist who has a current active State of 3443 Colorado license and: Except as provided in Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require the authorized 444 user of a diagnostic sealed source or a device authorized under 7.40 to be a physician, dentist, or 3445 podiatrist who: 446 Is certified by a specialty board whose certification process includes all of the requirements in 7J2 7J1 447 and 7J3, and whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement 3448 State.; NRC recognized specialty boards are posted on the NRC website at http://www.nrc.gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.html.ls certified by a 3449 450 specialty board whose certification process includes all of the requirements in 7J3 and 3451 7J4 and whose certification process has been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement 3452 State. The names of board certifications that have been recognized by the NRC or an 3453 Agreement State are posted on the NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit web page; 3454 or 3455 **7J2** Has satisfied the following criteria: Is an authorized user for uses listed in 7.32 or equivalent 3456 NRC or Agreement State requirements; 457 or 3458 7J2.17J3 Has completed 8 hours of classroom and laboratory training in basic radionuclide 459 handling techniques specifically applicable to the use of the device. The training must include 460 The training must include: (a1)Radiation physics and instrumentation; 3461 3462 (b2) Radiation protection; 463 (e3)Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity; 3464 (d4)Radiation biology; 3465 and 3466 **7J34** Has completed training in the use of the device for the uses requested. 467 and 468 Meets the following recentness of training requirements: 7J4.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7J shall have been obtained within the 469 470 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request; 3471 472 7J4.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience 473 since the required training and experience was obtained. 474 or 475 Meets the following requirements for an experienced authorized user for 7.40 uses: 476 An individual identified as an authorized user for the medical use of radioactive material 3477 on a license issued by the NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or

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This appendix is updated for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.590.

3478 3479 3480		Agreement State broad scope license that authorizes medical use before October 25, 2005, who perform only those medical uses for which they were authorized on that date are not required to comply with the training requirements of 7J1 through 7J4.;
3481 3482 3483 3484	7J5.2	Individuals not required to comply with the training requirements of 7J1 through 7J4 may serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized.

3485 PART 7, APPENDIX 7K: AUTHORIZED USER TRAINING FOR THE USE OF MANUAL 486 **BRACHYTHERAPY SOURCES (7.42 USES)** 487 The licensee shall require an authorized user of a manual brachytherapy source for the uses 3488 authorized under 7.42 to be a physician who has a current active State of Colorado license 3489 and: Except as provided in Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require an authorized of a manual 3490 brachytherapy source for the uses authorized under 7.42 to be a physician who: 3491 3492 7K1 Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the 3493 NRC or an Agreement State., and who meets the requirements in paragraph 7K2.3 of this 494 Appendix. NRC recognized specialty boards are posted on the NRC website at 3495 http://www.nrc.gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.html.The names of board 496 certifications that have been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State are posted on 497 the NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit web page. To have its certification process 498 recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for certification to: 499 7K1.1 To have its certification process recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for 500 certification to: (1)7K1.1 3501 Successfully complete a minimum of 3 years of residency training in a radiation 3502 oncology program approved by the Residency Review Committee of the 3503 Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Royal College of 3504 Physicians and Surgeons of Canada or the Committee on Post-Graduate Council 505 on Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association; and 3506 and 3507 (2)7K1.2 Pass an examination, administered by diplomates of the specialty board, that 3508 tests knowledge and competence in radiation safety, radionuclide handling, 3509 treatment planning, quality assurance, and clinical use of manual brachytherapy; 3510 or 3511 7K2 Has satisfied the following criteria: 3512 Has satisfactorily completed a structured educational program in basic radionuclide 3513 handling techniques applicable to the medical-use of manual brachytherapy sources, that 3514 includes: 3515 (1) 200 hours of classroom and laboratory training in the following areas: 3516 (a) Radiation physics and instrumentation; 3517 (b) Radiation protection: (c) Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity; 3518 3519 (d) Radiation biology; 3520 and 3521 500 hours of work experience, under the supervision of an authorized user who 3522 meets the requirements in 7K4Appendix 7P, Appendix 7K, or equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements at a medical institutionfacility authorized to use 523 3524 radioactive materials under 7.42, involving: Ordering, receiving, and unpacking radioactive materials safely and 3525 (a) performing the related radiation surveys; 3526 3527 (b) Checking survey meters for proper operation; 3528 (c) Preparing, implanting, and removing brachytherapy sources;

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This appendix is updated for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.490.

NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility B

Commented [JSJ218]:

Revised to use the correct terminology for the residency approval organization of the American Osteopathic Association.

Commented [JSJ219]: The change in this provision is updated for consistency with the 2018 amendments to 10 CFR 35.490(b)(1)(ii).

The current term "medical institution" (as specifically defined in 7.2) unnecessarily limits where the work experience for an authorized user can be obtained. The language is modified to "medical facility" which will allow physician authorized users additional flexibility.

		94
571	7K3 Meets	the following recentness of training requirements:
570	and	
569		specified in 7K2.1 and 7K2.2.
568		Osteopathic Association and must include training and experience
567		Canada or the Council on Postdoctoral Training of the American
566 566		Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of
564 565		program director. The residency training program must be approved by the Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation Council for Graduate
563 564		requirements, and concurs with the attestation provided by the residency
562		Appendix 7P, Appendix 7K, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC
561		one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirements in
560		represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at least
559		(2) A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestation
558		or
557		Appendix 7K, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements.
556		(1) A preceptor authorized user who meets the requirements in Appendix 7P,
554 555		user of manual brachytherapy sources for the medical uses authorized under 7.42. The attestation must be obtained from either:
553		able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized
552		individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7K2.1 and 7K2.2 and is
551		medical uses authorized under 7.42. Has obtained written attestation that the
550		function independently as an authorized user of manual brachytherapy sources for the
548 549		that the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7K1.1(1), or paragraphs 7K2.1 and 7K2.2, and has achieved a level of competency sufficient to
547		requirements in 7K4, Appendix 7K, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements,
3546	7K2.3	
3545	and	
543 544		(b) May be obtained concurrently with the supervised work experience required by 7K2.1(2).
3542		and
540 541		Training of the American Osteopathic Association.; This experience may be obtained concurrently with the supervised work experience required by 7K2.1
3539		Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada or the Council on Postdoctoral
538	(4)	Radiation Oncology of the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the
537	(a)	Isas part of a formal training program approved by the Residency Review Committee for
536		equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements, provided that the experience:
3534 3535	7K2.2	Has completed 3 years of supervised clinical experience in radiation oncology, under an authorized user who meets the requirements in 7K4Appendix 7P , Appendix 7K, or
3533	and	ty = 1-mg sinoigens, prosecutes to contract action material,
3532		(f) Using emergency procedures to control radioactive material;
530 531		 (e) Using administrative controls to prevent a misadministration medical event involving the use of radioactive material;

Maintaining running inventories of material on hand;

3529

(d)

Commented [JSJ220]:
For recent graduates, the revised language of this provision allows for residency program directors to sign off/provide the attestations for individuals who are demonstrating training through the alternate pathway.

572		7K3.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7K shall have been obtained: within
573		the 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request;
574		or
575		7K3.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience
576		since the required training and experience was obtained.
577	or	
578	7K4	Meets the following requirements for an experienced authorized user for 7.42 uses:
579		7K4.1 An individual identified as an authorized user for the medical use of radioactive material
580		on a license issued by the NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or
581		Agreement State broad scope license that authorizes medical use before October 25.
582		2005, who perform only those medical uses for which they were authorized on that date
583		are not required to comply with the training requirements of 7K1 through 7K3.
584		7K4.2 Individuals not required to comply with the training requirements of 7K1 through 7K3 may
585		serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses
586		for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized.
587		

588 PART 7, APPENDIX 7L: AUTHORIZED USER TRAINING FOR OPHTHALMIC USE OF STRONTIUM-589 90 (7.42 USES) 590 The licensee shall require an authorized user of a Strontium-90 source for ophthalmic radiotherapy 591 authorized under 7.42 to be a physician who has a current active State of Colorado license and: Except 3592 as provided in Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require the authorized of strontium-90 for 3593 ophthalmic radiotherapy to be a physician who: Is an authorized user under Appendix 7K or equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements; 3594 7L1 3595 or 596 7L2 Has satisfied the following criteria: 597 Has satisfactorily completed 24 hours of classroom and laboratory training applicable to 598 the medical use of strontium-90 for ophthalmic radiotherapy. The training must include: 599 The training must include: Radiation physics and instrumentation; 600 (a1)Radiation protection; 601 (b2) 602 (e3) Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity; and 3603 (d4)Radiation biology; 3604 and (2)7L2.2 3605 Supervised clinical training in ophthalmic radiotherapy under the supervision of 3606 an authorized user at a medical institution, clinic, or private practice that includes the use 3607 of strontium-90 for the ophthalmic treatment of five individuals. This supervised clinical training must involve: 3608 Examination of each individual to be treated; 609 (a1)610 (b2) Calculation of the dose to be administered; (e3) Administration of the dose; and 3611 3612 (d4)Follow-up and review of each individual's case history; 3613 and 614 (3)7L3.3 Has provided obtained written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user who meets the requirements in 7L4Appendix 7P, Appendix 7K, Appendix 7L, or 3615 equivalent NRC or Agreement State requirements, that the individual has satisfactorily 3616 3617 completed the requirements of 7L27L2.1 and 7L2.2 and has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as an authorized user of strontium-90 for 3618 ophthalmic radiotherapy uses authorized under 7.42 is able to independently fulfill the 619 620 radiation safety-related duties as an authorized user of strontium-90 for ophthalmic 621 use. 622 and 3623 71.3 Meets the following recentness of training requirements:

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NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility B

	7L3.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7L shall have been obtained within the 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request;
	or
	7L3.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience since the required training and experience was obtained.
Or	
7L4	Meets the following requirements for an experienced authorized user for 7.42 opthalmic radiotherapy uses:
	7L4.1 An individual identified as an authorized user for the medical use of radioactive material on a license issued by the NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or Agreement State broad scope license that authorizes medical use before October 25, 2005, who perform only those medical uses for which they were authorized on that date are not required to comply with the training requirements of 7L1 through 7L3.
	7L4.2 Individuals not required to comply with the training requirements of 7L1 through 7L3 may serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized.
	-

3641 PART 7, APPENDIX 7M: AUTHORIZED USER TRAINING FOR USE OF SEALED SOURCES IN 3642 REMOTE AFTERLOADER UNITS, TELETHERAPY UNITS, AND GAMMA STEREOTACTIC RADIOSURGERY UNITS (7.48 USES) 3643 The licensee shall require an authorized user of a sealed source for use in a device authorized under 644 3645 7.48 to be a physician who has a current active State of Colorado license and: Except as provided in 646 Appendix 7P, the licensee shall require an authorized user of a sealed source for a use authorized 3647 under 7.48 to be a physician who: 3648 7M1 Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process has been recognized by the 3649 3650 NRC or an Agreement State and who meets the requirements in paragraph 7M2.3 and 7M3. of 651 this Appendix. NRC recognized specialty boards are posted on the NRC website at http://www.nrc.gov/materials/miau/med-use-toolkit/spec-board-cert.html. The names of board 3652 653 certifications that have been recognized by the NRC or an Agreement State are posted on 654 the NRC's Medical Uses Licensee Toolkit web page. To have its certification process 655 recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates for certification to: 656 7M1.1 To have its certification process recognized, a specialty board shall require all candidates 657 for certification to: (1)7M1.1 Successfully complete a minimum of 3 years of residency training in a radiation 3658 3659 therapy program approved by the Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation 3660 Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and 3661 Surgeons of Canada or the Committee on Post-GraduateCouncil on Postdoctoral 3662 Training of the American Osteopathic Association; and 3663 3664 (1)7M1.2 Pass an examination, administered by diplomates of the specialty board, which tests knowledge and competence in radiation safety, radionuclide handling, treatment 3665 3666 planning, quality assurance, and clinical use of stereotactic radiosurgery, remote afterloaders and external beam therapy; 3667 3668 or 7M2 Has satisfied the following criteria: 669 670 7M2.1 Has satisfactorily completed a structured educational program in basic radionuclide 3671 handling techniques applicable to the use of **a** sealed sources in a therapeutic medical 3672 unit that includes: 3673 (1) 200 hours of classroom and laboratory training in the following areas: 3674 Radiation physics and instrumentation; (a) 3675 (b) Radiation protection; 3676 (c) Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity; and 3677 (d) Radiation biology; 3678 and

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This appendix is updated for consistency with the 2018 changes to $10 \, \text{CFR} \ 35.690$.

NRC RATS 2018-1 NRC Compatibility B

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Revised to use the correct terminology for the residency approval organization of the American Osteopathic Association.

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- (2) 500 hours of supervised work experience, under the supervision of an authorized user who meets the requirements in 7M5Appendix 7P, Appendix 7M, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements at a medical institutionfacility that is authorized to use radioactive materials in 7.48, involving:
 - (a) Reviewing full calibration measurements and periodic spot checks;
 - (b) Preparing treatment plans and calculating treatment doses and times;
 - Using administrative controls to prevent a misadministrationmedical event involving the use of radioactive material;
 - Implementing emergency procedures to be followed in the event of the abnormal operation of the medical unit or console;
 - (e) Checking and using survey meters; and
 - (f) Selecting the proper dose and how it is to be administered;

and

7M2.2 Has completed 3 years of supervised clinical experience in radiation therapy, under an authorized user who meets the requirements in 7M5Appendix 7P, Appendix 7M, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements, as part of a formal training program approved by the Residency Review Committee for Radiation Oncology of the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada or the CommitteeCouncil on Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association. This experience may be obtained concurrently with the supervised work experience required by paragraph 7M2.1(2) of this section; and;

and

- 7M2.3 Has provided written attestation(s) that the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements of 7M1 or 7M2.1 and 7M2.2, and 7M3, and has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as an authorized user of each type of therapeutic medical unit for which the individual is requesting authorized user status. The written attestation must be signed by a preceptor authorized user who meets the requirements in 7M5, Appendix 7M, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements for an authorized user for each type of therapeutic medical unit for which the individual is requesting authorized user status; Has obtained written attestation that the individual has satisfactorily completed the requirements in 7M2.1 and 7M2.2 and 7M3; and is able to independently fulfill the radiation safety-related duties as an authorized user of each type of therapeutic medical unit for which the individual is requesting authorized user status. The attestation must be obtained from either:
 - (1) A preceptor authorized user who meets the requirements in Appendix 7P, Appendix 7M, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements for the type(s) of therapeutic medical unit for which the individual is requesting authorized user status;

or

A residency program director who affirms in writing that the attestation represents the consensus of the residency program faculty where at least one faculty member is an authorized user who meets the requirements in Appendix 7P, Appendix 7M, or equivalent Agreement State or NRC requirements, for the type(s) of therapeutic medical unit for which the

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"Committee" appear to be incorrect here and in NRC rule. "Council" appears to be consistent with other uses in part 35.

Clarification from NRC is pending

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For recent graduates, the revised language of this provision allows for residency program directors to sign off/provide the attestations for individuals who are demonstrating training through the alternate pathway.

3723 3724 3725 3726 3727 3728 3729		individual is requesting authorized user status, and concurs with the attestation provided by the residency program director. The residency training program must be approved by the Residency Review Committee of the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada or the Council on Postdoctoral Training of the American Osteopathic Association and must include training and experience specified in 7M2.1 and 7M2.2.
3730	and	
3731 3732 3733 3734 3735	7M3	Has received training in device operation, safety procedures, and clinical use for the type(s) of use for which authorization is sought. This training requirement may be satisfied by: satisfactory completion of a training program provided by the vendor for new users or by receiving training supervised by an authorized user or authorized medical physicist, as appropriate, who is authorized for the type(s) of use for which the individual is seeking authorization.
3736		7M3.1 Satisfactorily completing a vendor training program;
3737		er
3738 3739 3740		7M3.2 By receiving training supervised by an authorized user or authorized medical physicist, as appropriate, who is authorized for the type(s) of use for which the individual is seeking authorization;
3741	and	
3742	7M4	Meets the following recentness of training requirements:
3743 3744		7M4.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7M shall have been obtained within the 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request;
3745		er
3746 3747		7M4.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience since the required training and experience was obtained.
3748	Or	
3749	7M5	Meets the following requirements for an experienced authorized user for 7.48 uses.
3750 3751 3752 3753 3754		7M5.1 An individual identified as an authorized user for the medical use of radioactive material on a license issued by the NRC or Agreement State, a permit issued under an NRC or Agreement State broad scope license that authorizes medical use before October 25, 2005, who perform only those medical uses for which they were authorized on that date are not required to comply with the training requirements of 7M1 through 7M4.
3755 3756 3757 3758 3759		7M5.2 Individuals not required to comply with the training requirements of 7M1 through 7M4 may serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on licenses for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized.

3761 SAFETY TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE 3762 The licensee shall require the nuclear medicine technologist using radioactive materials under the 3763 supervision of an authorized user to be an individual who can, upon the request of the 764 Department, demonstrate: 3765 7N1 Has provided: Evidence of: 3766 Evidence of:(1) Current registration with The American Registry of Radiologic 3767 Technologists with competency in Nuclear Medicine (ARRT(N)); 3768 or 3769 7N1.2(2) Current certification by The Nuclear Medicine Technology Certification Board in Nuclear Medicine (CNMT); 3770 3772 7N1.3(3) Being board-eligible to take the CNMT or ARRT(N) examination; 3773 774 7N1.4(4) Current certification by a recognized specialty board recognized in writing by the 775 Department(see 7N5); 3776 and 7N1.2 Has provided written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user, that the individual has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as a 778 779 nuclear medicine technologist; Each preceptor authorized user supervising the experiential training required by 780 781 Appendix 7N shall meet the requirements of Appendix 7N, or equivalent 782 Agreement State or NRC requirements. 783 Has satisfied the following criteria: 784 785 Has provided written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user, that the 786 individual has satisfactorily completed 80 hours in a structured educational program in 787 basic radionuclide handling techniques applicable to the medical use of unsealed 788 radioactive materials, including: 789 Classroom and laboratory training in the following areas: 790 Radiation physics and instrumentation; 791 Radiation protection; 792 Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity; 793 Chemistry of radioactive material for medical use; and 3794 (e) Radiation biology; and 101

PART 7 APPENDIX 7N: NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOGIST (NMT) ADEQUATE RADIATION

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Commented [JJ226]: There are no equivalent requirements in NRC regulations. NRC does not recognize nuclear medicine technologists.

Also see provision 7.10 of the proposed rule.

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This proposed change eliminates the option of an alternate pathway for Nuclear Medicine Technologists, effectively requiring

3795		(2) Work-experience, involving:
3796 3797		(a) Ordering, receiving, and unpacking radioactive materials safely and performing the related radiation surveys;
3798 3799		(b) Quality Control checking of instruments used to determine the activity of dosages and performing checks for proper operation of survey meters;
3800 3801		(c) Calculating, measuring, and safely preparing patient or human research subject dosages;
3802 3803		(d) Using administrative controls to prevent a misadministration involving the use of unsealed radioactive material;
3804 3805		(e) Using procedures to contain spilled radioactive material safely and using proper decontamination procedures; and
3806		(f) Administering dosages to patients or human research subjects;
3807 3808 3809		7N2.2 Has provided written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user, that the individual has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as a nuclear medicine technologist;
3810	or	
3811	7N 3 2	Has demonstratedIs able to demonstrate adequate prior experience as:
3812 3813 3814 3815 3816		7N32.1 A full-time nuclear medicine technologist for a minimum of two years performing during the past five-year period prior to August 14, 2020 under the supervision of an authorized user and has provided written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user, that the individual has achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as a nuclear medicine technologist;
3817		or
3818 3819 3820		7N32.2 An experienced nuclear medicine technologist working at a facility holding a Department license before October 25, 2005. (and thus need not comply with the requirements of 7N2);
3821	7N4	Meets the following recentness of training requirements:
3822 3823		7N4.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7N shall have been obtained within the 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request;
3824		Of
3825 3826		7N4.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience since the required training and experience was obtained.
3827 3828 3829 3830	7N5	To be recognized by the Department, a specialty board shall require that each candidate for certification as a nuclear medicine technologist satisfactorily complete a certification process that includes all of the training requirements in 7N2.1.

3831	PART	7, APPENDIX 70: RADIATION THERAPY TECHNOLOGIST (RTT) ADEQUATE RADIATION
3832		SAFETY TRAINING AND EXPERIENCERESERVED
3833	The lie	censee shall require the radiation therapy technologist using radioactive materials under the
3834		vision of an authorized user to be an individual who:
3835	701	Has provided:
3836		7O1.1 Evidence of:
3 837		(1) Current registration with The American Registry of Radiologic Technologists with
3838		competency in Radiation Therapy;
3839		Of
3840		(2) Current certification by a recognized specialty board (see 705);
3841		Of
3842		(3) Being board-eligible to take the ARRT(T) examination;
3843		Of
3 844		(4) Having successfully completed a training program in radiation therapy which has
3845		resulted in a certificate, associate degree, or baccalaureate degree in a
3846		radiologic technology program that complies with the requirements of the Joint
3847		Review Committee on Education in Radiologic Technology (consult the
3848		Essentials and Guidelines of an Accredited Educational Program for the
3849 3850		Radiation Therapy Technologist, Joint Review Committee on Education in Radiologic Technology, 1988);
3851		and
3852		7O1.2 Written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user, that the individual has
3853		achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as a radiation therapy
3854		technologist;
3855		(1) Each preceptor authorized user supervising the experiential training required by
3856		Appendix 7O shall meet the requirements of Appendix 7O, or equivalent
3857		Agreement State or NRC requirements.
3858	Of	
3859	702	Has satisfied the following criteria:
3860		702.1 Has provided written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user, that the
3861		individual has satisfactorily completed 80 hours in a structured educational program in
3862		basic radionuclide handling techniques applicable to the medical use of unsealed
3863		radioactive materials, including:
3864		(1) Classroom and laboratory training in the following areas:
3865		(a) Radiation physics and instrumentation;
3866		(b) Radiation protection;
	-	

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The requirements of this appendix is proposed for deletion as it is generally not used by the radiation program during licensing or compliance activities. The radiation program is generally unaware of radiation therapy technologists who are performing activities involving radioactive material. Requirements for radiation therapy technologists are generally dictated by the specific facilities occupational and/or accreditation requirements.

There is no equivalent to these requirements in 10 CFR Part 35.

3867				(c)	Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity;
3868				(d) —	Radiation biology;
3869			and		
3870			(2)	- Work	experience, involving:
0071				(-)	
3871 3872				(a)	Ordering, receiving, and unpacking radioactive materials safely and performing the related radiation surveys;
3873				(b)	Assisting the authorized user in simulating the patient for treatment;
3874				(c)	Preparing the patient for treatment;
3875				(d)	Implementing treatment plans as prescribed by the authorized user;
3876				(e)	Providing written documentation of treatment setup and patient
3877				(0)	treatments;
3878				(f)	Quality control checks to determine that devices used to deliver the
3879				()	radiation doses are in compliance with institutional standards and
3880					performing checks for proper operation of survey meters;
3881				(g)	Preparing or assisting in the preparation of sources, and implantation
3882				(3)	and removal of sealed sources;
3883				(h)	Delivering doses to patients or human research subjects under the
3884				()	supervision of the authorized user;
3885				(i)	Maintaining running inventories of radioactive material on hand;
3886				(i)	Using administrative controls to prevent a misadministration involving the
3887				U)	use of radioactive material; and,
, ,					and of fadioactive material, and,
3888				(k)	Properly implementing emergency procedures;
3889		702.2	Has p	rovided v	written attestation(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user, that the
3890					achieved a level of competency sufficient to function independently as a
3891					py technologist;
3892	or				
3893	703	Has de	monstr	ated ade	equate prior experience as:
3 894		<u>7</u> Ω3_1	Δ full-	ime radi	ation therapy technologist for a minimum of two years performing during
3895		, 50.1			ear period under the supervision of an authorized user and has provided
3896					tion(s), signed by a preceptor authorized user, that the individual has
3897					el of competency sufficient to function independently as a radiation therapy
3898				ologist;	2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2
3899		Of			
3 900		703.2	An exi	perience	d radiation therapy technologist working at a facility holding a Department
3901		. 50.2			October 25, 2005 (and thus need not comply with the requirements of
3902			702);	2 201010	25.525. 25, 2000 (and that hood hot oblipty with the requirements of
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					404

3903	704	Meets the following recentness of training requirements:			
3904 3905		7O4.1 The training and experience required by Appendix 7O shall have been obtained within the 7 years preceding the date of license application or amendment request;			
3906		or			
3907 3908		7O4.2 The individual must have had related, documented, continuing education and experience since the required training and experience was obtained.			
3909 3910 3911 3912	705	To be recognized by the Department, a specialty board shall require that each candidate for certification as a radiation therapy technologist satisfactorily complete a certification process that includes all of the training requirements in 7O2.1.			

PART 7, APPENDIX 7P: TRAINING FOR EXPERIENCED RADIATION SAFETY OFFICER, TELETHERAPY OR MEDICAL PHYSICIST, AUTHORIZED MEDICAL PHYSICIST, AUTHORIZED USER, NUCLEAR PHARMACIST, AND AUTHORIZED NUCLEAR PHARMACIST.

7P1

- 7P1.1 An individual identified on a Department, NRC or an Agreement State license or a permit issued by a Department, NRC or an Agreement State broad scope licensee or master material license permit or by a master material license permittee of broad scope as a Radiation Safety Officer, a teletherapy or medical physicist, an authorized medical physicist, a nuclear pharmacist or an authorized nuclear pharmacist on or before August 14, 2020 need not comply with the training requirements of Appendix 7A, 7B, or 7C, respectively, except the Radiation Safety Officers and authorized medical physicists identified in 7P1.1 must meet the training requirements in 7A4 of Appendix 7A or 7B3 of Appendix 7B, as appropriate, for any material or uses for which they were not authorized prior to this date.
- 7P1.2 Any individual certified by the American Board of Health Physics in Comprehensive Health Physics; American Board of Radiology; American Board of Nuclear Medicine; American Board of Science in Nuclear Medicine; Board of Pharmaceutical Specialties in Nuclear Pharmacy; American Board of Medical Physics in radiation oncology physics; Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada in nuclear medicine; American Osteopathic Board of Radiology; or American Osteopathic Board of Nuclear Medicine on or before October 24, 2005, need not comply with the training requirements of Appendix 7A to be identified as a Radiation Safety Officer or as an Associate Radiation Safety Officer on an NRC or an Agreement State license or NRC master material license permit for those materials and uses that these individuals performed on or before October 24, 2005.
- 7P1.3 Any individual certified by the American Board of Radiology in therapeutic radiological physics, Roentgen ray and gamma ray physics, xray and radium physics, or radiological physics, or certified by the American Board of Medical Physics in radiation oncology physics, on or before October 24, 2005, need not comply with the training requirements for an authorized medical physicist described in Appendix 7B, for those materials and uses that these individuals performed on or before October 24, 2005.
- 7P1.4 A Radiation Safety Officer, a medical physicist, or a nuclear pharmacist, who used only accelerator-produced radioactive materials, discrete sources of radium-226, or both, for medical uses or in the practice of nuclear pharmacy at a Government agency or Federally recognized Indian Tribe before November 30, 2007, or at all other locations of use before August 8, 2009, or an earlier date as noticed by the NRC, need not comply with the training requirements of Appendix 7A, 7B, or 7C respectively, when performing the same uses. A nuclear pharmacist, who prepared only radioactive drugs containing accelerator-produced radioactive materials, or a medical physicist, who used only accelerator-produced radioactive materials, at the locations and during the time period identified in 7P1.4, qualifies as an authorized nuclear pharmacist or an authorized medical physicist, respectively, for those materials and uses performed before these dates, for the purposes of the regulations.

7P2

7P2.1 Physicians, dentists, or podiatrists identified as authorized users for the medical use of radioactive material on a license issued by the NRC or an Agreement State,

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This is a new appendix that parallels the requirements found in 10 CFR 35.57, which was amended in 2018.

Some requirements of this appendix are already contained in and are repeated multiple times in the existing Appendices of Part 7. Within this proposed rule, the requirements for an experienced authorized "individual" (such as RSO, medical physicist, authorized user, etc.) would be captured in one location rather than being repeated in multiple locations in the rule, parallel with the approach used in 10 CFR 35. This appendix will consolidate the requirements in one location and replace multiple (repeated) provisions found in other appendices.

As a result of the 2018 changes to the CFR, the following provisions are new: 7P1.2, 7P1.3, and 7P2.2(1) through (4). These provisions were added to federal rule in 2018 based on a stakeholder petition to NRC to address (correct) a grandfathering related issue that existed in the (federal) rule prior to 2018.

August 14, 2020 is the anticipated effective date of the Part 7 rule under the current rulemaking schedule.

NRC RATS 2018-1

All provisions are NRC Compatibility B, with the exception of 7P1.4, which is compatibility D.

a permit issued by a NRC master material licensee, a permit issued by a NRC or an Agreement State broad scope licensee, or a permit issued by a NRC master material license broad scope permittee on or before August 14, 2020, who perform only those medical uses for which they were authorized on or before that date need not comply with the training requirements of Sections D through H.

- 7P2.2 Physicians, dentists, or podiatrists not identified as authorized users for the medical use of radioactive material on a license issued by the NRC or an Agreement State, a permit issued by a NRC master material licensee, a permit issued by a NRC or an Agreement State broad scope licensee, or a permit issued by a NRC master material license of broad scope on or before October 24, 2005, need not comply with the training requirements of Sections D through H for those materials and uses that these individuals performed on or before October 24, 2005, as follows:
 - (1) For uses authorized under 7.30 or 7.32, or oral administration of sodium iodide I–131 requiring a written directive for imaging and localization purposes, a physician who was certified on or before October 24, 2005, in nuclear medicine by the American Board of Nuclear Medicine; diagnostic radiology by the American Board of Radiology; diagnostic radiology or radiology by the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology; nuclear medicine by the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada; or American Osteopathic Board of Nuclear Medicine in nuclear medicine;
 - (2) For uses authorized under 7.36, a physician who was certified on or before October 24, 2005, by the American Board of Nuclear Medicine; the American Board of Radiology in radiology, therapeutic radiology, or radiation oncology; nuclear medicine by the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada; or the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology after 1984;
 - (3) For uses authorized under 7.42 or 7.48, a physician who was certified on or before October 24, 2005, in radiology, therapeutic radiology or radiation oncology by the American Board of Radiology; radiation oncology by the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology; radiology, with specialization in radiotherapy, as a British "Fellow of the Faculty of Radiology" or "Fellow of the Royal College of Radiology"; or therapeutic radiology by the Canadian Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons; and
 - (4) For uses authorized under 7.40, a physician who was certified on or before October 24, 2005, in radiology, diagnostic radiology, therapeutic radiology, or radiation oncology by the American Board of Radiology; nuclear medicine by the American Board of Nuclear Medicine; diagnostic radiology or radiology by the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology; or nuclear medicine by the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada.
- 7P2.3 Physicians, dentists, or podiatrists who used only accelerator-produced radioactive materials, discrete sources of radium-226, or both, for medical uses performed at a Government agency or Federally recognized Indian Tribe before November 30, 2007, or at all other locations of use before August 8, 2009, or an earlier date as noticed by the NRC, need not comply with the training requirements of Sections D through H when performing the same medical uses. A physician, dentist, or podiatrist, who used only accelerator-produced radioactive materials, discrete sources of radium-226, or both, for medical uses at the locations and time period identified in 7P2, qualifies as an authorized user for those materials and uses performed before these dates, for the purposes of the regulations.

7P3 Individuals who need not comply with training requirements as described in Appendix 7P may serve as preceptors for, and supervisors of, applicants seeking authorization on Department licenses for the same uses for which these individuals are authorized.