

**DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES**

**Colorado Medical Board**

**Rule 400 - RULES AND REGULATIONS REGARDING THE LICENSURE OF AND PRACTICE BY PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS**

**3 CCR 713-7**

*[Editor's Notes follow the text of the rules at the end of this CCR Document.]*

**INTRODUCTION**

**BASIS:** The authority for promulgation of Rule 400 ("these Rules") by the Colorado Medical Board ("Board") is set forth in Sections 24-4-103, 12-24036-1064(1)(a), 12-24036-1076(65) and 12-24036-11307-4, C.R.S.

**PURPOSE:** The purpose of these rules and regulations is to implement the requirements of Sections 12-24036-113407.4 and 12-24036-1076(65), C.R.S. and provide clarification regarding the application of these Rules to various practice settings.

**SECTION 1. QUALIFICATIONS FOR LICENSURE APPLICATION**

**A. To apply for a license, an applicant shall submit:**

1. A completed Board-approved application and required fee; and
2. Proof of satisfactory passage of the national certifying examination by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants.

**SECTION 12. EXTENT AND MANNER IN WHICH A PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT MAY PERFORM DELEGATED TASKS CONSTITUTING THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE UNDER PERSONAL AND RESPONSIBLE DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION**

**A. The requirements for a Supervisory Plan or a Practice Agreement applies to all supervising physicians and physician assistants as of August 2, 2019.**

**BA. Responsibilities of the Physician Assistant**

1. Compliance with these Rules. A physician assistant and the physician assistant's supervising physician are responsible for implementing and complying with statutory requirements and the provisions of these Rules.
2. License. A physician assistant shall ensure that his or her license to practice as a physician assistant is active and current prior to performing any acts requiring a license.
3. Registration. A physician assistant shall ensure that a form in compliance with Section 7.3Section 4 of these Rules is on record with the Board.
4. Identification As A Physician Assistant. While performing acts defined as the practice of medicine, a physician assistant shall clearly identify himself or herself both visually (e.g. by nameplate or embroidery on a lab coat) and verbally as a physician assistant.

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5. Chart Note. A physician assistant shall make a chart note for every patient for whom the physician assistant performs any act defined as the practice of medicine in ~~Section 12-24036-1076~~(1), C.R.S. When a physician assistant consults with any physician about a patient, the physician assistant shall document in the chart note the name of the physician consulted and the date of the consultation.
6. Documentation. A physician assistant shall keep such documentation as necessary to assist the supervising physician in performing an adequate performance assessment as set forth below in Section ~~7.12(C)(67)~~ of these Rules.
7. Acute Care Hospital Setting
  - a. Physician assistants performing delegated medical functions in an acute care hospital setting must comply with the requirements of ~~Section 12-24036-1076(65)(b)(II)~~, C.R.S.
  - b. For purposes of this section, "reviewing the medical records" means review and signature by the primary ~~supervising physician-physician-supervisor~~ or a secondary ~~supervising physicianphysician-supervisor~~.

**CB. Requirements for and Types of ~~Supervising PhysiciansPhysician Supervisors~~ and Their Scope and Authority to Delegate**

1. ~~Supervising PhysiciansPhysician supervisors must be licensed to practice medicine in Colorado and~~ must be actively practicing medicine in Colorado by means of a regular and reliable physical presence in Colorado. For purposes of this Rule, to practice medicine based primarily on telecommunication devices or other telehealth technologies does not constitute "actively practicing medicine in Colorado."
2. A ~~supervising physicianphysician-supervisor~~ must perform personal and responsible direction and supervision, which may not be rendered through intermediaries. Section ~~240-107(6)(b)(II)12-36-106(5)(b)(II)~~, C.R.S., sets forth a statutory exception to this provision and specific requirements pertaining to delegated medical functions in some acute care hospitals.
3. ~~EightFour~~ Physician Assistant Limit. Except as otherwise provided in Section ~~7.12(E)~~ of these Rules, no physician shall be the primary ~~supervising physicianphysician-supervisor~~ for more than ~~eightfour~~ specific, individual physician assistants. The names of such physician assistants shall appear on the form in compliance with Section ~~7.34~~ of these Rules. The primary ~~supervising physician-physician-supervisor~~ may supervise additional physician assistants other than those who appear on the form in compliance with Section ~~7.34~~ of these Rules. In other words, a primary ~~supervising physicianphysician-supervisor~~ may also be a secondary ~~supervising physicianphysician-supervisor~~, as set forth below, for additional physician assistants so long as such supervision is in compliance with these Rules.
4. Primary ~~Supervising PhysicianPhysician Supervisor~~. Except as set forth in Section ~~7.12(B)(5)~~ of these Rules, a physician licensed to practice medicine by the Board and actively practicing medicine in Colorado as defined in Section ~~7.12(B)(1)~~ may delegate to a physician assistant licensed by the Board the authority to perform acts that constitute the practice of medicine only if a form in compliance with Section ~~7.34~~ of these Rules is

on record with the Board. The physician(s) whose name appears on the form in compliance with Section 7.34 of these Rules shall be deemed the "primary ~~supervising physician~~ ~~physician-supervisor(s)~~." The supervisory relationship shall be deemed to be effective for all time periods in which a form in compliance with Section 7.34 of these Rules is on file with the Board.

A physician assistant shall have at least one primary ~~supervising physician~~ ~~physician-supervisor~~ for each employer. If the employer is a multi-specialty organization, e.g., a multi-specialty practice, hospital, hospital system or health maintenance organization, the physician assistant shall have a primary ~~supervising physician~~ ~~physician-supervisor~~, duly registered with the Board, per specialty practice area. When performing delegated tasks, the physician assistant's clinical practice should be consistent with and in the scope of the delegating physician's education, training, experience, and active practice.

5. Secondary ~~Supervising Physician~~ ~~Physician-Supervisors~~. Other than the ~~supervising physician~~ ~~physician-supervisor~~ whose name appears on the form in compliance with Section 7.34 of these Rules, a physician licensed to practice medicine by the Board and actively practicing medicine in Colorado as defined in Section 7.12(B)(1), may delegate to a physician assistant licensed by the Board the authority to perform acts which constitute the practice of medicine only as permitted by Section 7.12(D) of these Rules. Such physician shall be termed a "secondary ~~supervising physician~~ ~~physician-supervisor~~." Secondary physician supervisors do not need to be registered with the Board.
6. Delegation of Medical Services. Delegated services must be consistent with the delegating physician's education, training, experience and active practice. Delegated services must be of the type that a reasonable and prudent physician would find within the scope of sound medical judgment to delegate. A physician may only delegate services that the physician is qualified and insured to perform and services that the physician has not been restricted from performing. Any services rendered by the physician assistant will be held to the same standard that is applied to the delegating physician.

**DC. Responsibilities of and Supervision by the Primary ~~Supervising Physician~~ ~~Physician Supervisor~~**

1. Compliance with these Rules. Both the supervising physician and the physician assistant are responsible for implementing and complying with the statutory requirements and the provisions of these Rules.
2. Responsibility for Actions of a Physician Assistant. A primary ~~supervising physician~~ ~~physician-supervisor~~ may supervise and delegate responsibilities to a physician assistant in a manner consistent with the requirements of these Rules. Except as provided in Sections 7.12(C)(2) and 7.12(D) of these Rules, the primary ~~supervising physician~~ ~~physician-supervisor~~ ~~may be~~ ~~is~~ responsible if a supervised physician assistant commits unprofessional conduct as defined in ~~Section 12-24036-12147(1)(j)~~ ~~§Section 12-24036-12147(1)(j)~~, C.R.S., or if such physician assistant otherwise violates these Rules. ~~The Board may take into consideration mitigating circumstances in determining whether sanctions involving the primary supervising physician are necessary to protect the public on a case by case basis. A primary supervising physician may be responsible if a supervised physician assistant commits negligence, except as exempted by section 12-240-114.5(5)(c), C.R.S.~~
3. The primary ~~supervising physician~~ ~~physician-supervisor~~ shall not be responsible for the conduct of a physician assistant where that physician assistant was acting under the

supervision of another primary ~~supervising physician~~physician-supervisor and there is a form in compliance with Section 7.34 of these Rules signed by that other primary ~~supervising physician~~physician-supervisor. The primary ~~supervising physician~~physician-supervisor shall also not be responsible for the conduct of a physician assistant where it is established by documentation or other reliable means that the physician assistant consulted with a secondary ~~supervising physician~~physician-supervisor and that the secondary ~~supervising physician~~physician-supervisor was clearly overseeing, or was otherwise responsible for the conduct of the physician assistant, for an episode of care.

4. License Status. Before authorizing a physician assistant to perform any medical service, the supervising physician should verify that the physician assistant has an active and current Colorado license issued by the Board.
5. Qualifications. Before authorizing a physician assistant to perform any medical service, the supervising physician is responsible for evaluating the physician assistant's education, training and experience to perform the service safely and competently.
6. ~~Minimum Requirements for Supervision. The requirements listed in this Section 2(C)(6) are the minimum requirements for supervision. Supervising physicians may impose additional requirements on the physician assistants they supervise.~~

a. ~~**New Physician Assistant Graduates:**~~

~~The term "new physician assistant graduates" means for the purpose of this Rule physician assistants who have practiced for less than 12 months after successfully completing an education program for physician assistants that conforms to the standards approved by the Board.~~

~~Supervision of new physician assistant graduates must meet all of the following requirements:~~

- (1) ~~At a minimum, on-site supervision of the new physician assistant graduate's first 160 working hours is required. At least twenty-five percent of the on-site supervision must be provided by the primary supervising physician. The remainder of the required on-site supervision may be provided by secondary supervising physicians, provided that the primary supervising physician identifies secondary physician supervisors and includes input from secondary physician supervisors in the initial Performance Assessment.~~
- (2) ~~The primary physician supervisor must complete an in-depth initial Performance Assessment of this category of physician assistant and develop an initial Supervisory Plan within 30 days of the completion of the physician assistant's first 160 working hours. The initial Performance Assessment must include direct observations of the physician assistant's care and treatment of patients, as well as other modes of assessment, and must evaluate domains of competency relevant to the physician assistant's type of practice as identified in Section 2(C)(7). The overall purpose of this initial Performance Assessment is to promote patient safety, implement the goals identified in Section 2(C)(7), and obtain meaningful input in order to develop an initial Supervisory Plan.~~
- (3) ~~The primary physician supervisor shall develop the initial Supervisory Plan as set forth in 2(C)(8) with appropriate input from the physician assistant.~~

- (4) Following the initial 160 hours of onsite supervision for this category of physician assistant, a supervising physician must be available full-time by telecommunication device consistent with 2(C)(9) of these Rules anytime the physician assistant is working;
- (5) After the completion of the initial Performance Assessment, a primary supervising physician shall meet in person with this category of physician assistant and conduct a Performance Assessment as set forth in Section 2(C)(7) of these Rules quarterly for the first 12 months of the physician assistant's employment. The initial Supervisory Plan may be replaced by an updated Supervisory Plan and a Supervisory Plan shall be in effect for the first 12 months of employment.

b. **Experienced Physician Assistants In a New Practice Specialty:**

The term "experienced physician assistants in a new practice specialty" means for the purposes of this Rule physician assistants who have practiced at least 12 months as physician assistants and are making a substantive change in scope of practice or practice area.

Supervision of experienced physician assistants in a new practice specialty must meet all of the following requirements:

- (1) At a minimum, on-site supervision of this category of physician assistant's first 80 working hours is required. At least twenty-five percent of the on-site supervision must be provided by the primary supervising physician. The remainder of the required on-site supervision may be provided by a secondary supervising physician, provided that the primary supervising physician identifies secondary supervisors and includes input from the secondary supervisors in the initial Performance Assessment.
- (2) Following the initial 80 hours of onsite supervision for this category of physician assistant, a supervising physician must be available full-time by telecommunication device consistent with 2(C)(9) of these Rules anytime the physician assistant is working;
- (3) The primary supervising physician shall meet in person with this category of physician assistant at 6 and at 12 months and conduct a Performance Assessment as set forth in Section 2(C)(7) of these Rules.

c. **All Other Experienced Physician Assistants:**

Supervision of all other experienced physician assistants must meet all of the following requirements:

- (1) A supervising physician must be available full-time by telecommunication device consistent with 2(C)(9) of these Rules anytime the physician assistant is working;
- (2) On-site supervision for an experienced physician assistant is not required; instead it is at the discretion of the supervising physician.
- (3) A primary supervising physician shall meet in person with this category of physician assistant a minimum of one time during each 12-month

period and conduct a Performance Assessment as set forth in Section 2(C)(7) of these Rules.

67. Performance EvaluationAssessment

- a. A primary supervising physician who supervises a physician assistant shall develop and carry out a periodic Performance EvaluationAssessment as required by these Rules and section 12-240-114.5(1)(a), C.R.S. The Performance EvaluationAssessment should include domains of competency relevant to the particular practice and utilize more than one modality of assessment to evaluate those domains of competency. The Performance EvaluationAssessment should take into account the education, training, experience, competency and knowledge of the individual physician assistant for whatever specialty the physician assistant is engaged.
- b. The statutory relationship between the physician and physician assistant is by its nature a team relationship. The purpose of the Performance EvaluationAssessments is to enhance the collaborative nature of the team relationship, promote public safety, clarify expectations, and facilitate the professional development of an individual physician assistant.
- c. The domains of competency may be dependent upon the type of practice the physician assistant is engaged in and may include but are not limited to:
  - (1)\* Medical knowledge;
  - (2)\* Ability to perform an appropriate history and physical examination;
  - (3)\* Ability to manage, integrate and understand objective data, such as laboratory studies, radiographic studies, and consultations;
  - (4)\* Clinical judgment, decision-making and assessment of patients;
  - (5)\* Accurate and appropriate patient management;
  - (6)\* Communication skills (patient communication and communication with other care providers);
  - (7)\* Documentation and record keeping;
  - (8)\* Collaborative practice and professionalism;
  - (9)\* Procedural and technical skills appropriate to the practice.
- d. The modalities of assessment to evaluate domains of competency may include but are not limited to:
  - (1)\* Co-management of patients;
  - (2)\* Direct observation;
  - (3)\* Chart review with identification of charts reviewed;
  - (4)\* Feedback from patients and other identified providers.

- e. A primary supervising physician must maintain accurate records and documentation of the Performance ~~Evaluations~~Assessments, including the initial Performance ~~Evaluation~~Assessment and periodic Performance ~~Evaluations~~Assessments for each physician assistant supervised, and the Supervisory Plans ~~for new physician assistant graduates~~.
- f. The Board may audit a supervising physician's performance assessment records. Upon request, the supervising physician shall produce records of the performance assessments as required by the Board.

78. Supervisory Plan.

The purpose of the initial Supervisory Plan is to lay the foundation for the ongoing growth and professional development of the physician assistant's clinical practice and abilities and to promote the collaborative relationship between the physician assistant and ~~supervising physician~~physician-supervisor. This initial Supervisory Plan should also be used to address any gaps and/or deficiencies identified in the physician assistant's clinical competencies during the initial performance period.

Elements that **should** be incorporated into the Supervisory Plan may include, but are not limited to:

- a.\* Nature of the Clinical Practice (areas of specialty, practice sites, populations served, ambulatory and inpatient expectations, etc.);
- b.\* Specific expectations and duties of the physician assistant;
- c.\* Expectations around physician(s) support, supervision, consultation and back up;
- d.\* Methods and modes of communication, co-management and collaboration;
- e.\* Specific clinical instances in which the physician assistant should ask for physician back up;
- f.\* Plan for on-going professional education, skill acquisition, gap analysis and career development;
- g.\* List of secondary supervisors anticipated to participate in the PA's practice;
- h.\* Schedule of performance assessments and anticipated modalities by which the practice will be assessed and domains that will be assessed.
- i.\* Other pertinent elements of collaborative, team-based practice applicable to the specific practice or individual physician and physician assistant.

89. Availability of the ~~Supervising Physician~~physician-supervisor

- a. The supervising physician must provide adequate means for communication with the physician assistant.

- b. If not physically on site with the physician assistant, the primary or secondary ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor must be readily available by telephone, radio, pager, or other telecommunication device.

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**ED. Responsibilities of the Secondary ~~Supervising Physician~~Physician Supervisor**

1. If a physician who is not the primary ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor consults with a physician assistant regarding a particular patient, the physician is a secondary ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor. The physician assistant must document the consultation date and name of all physicians consulted in the patient chart.
2. Responsibility for Actions of a Physician Assistant. Such ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor ~~may be~~is responsible for any action or omission involving the practice of medicine supervised by the secondary ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor involving the particular patient. The Board may take into consideration mitigating circumstances in determining whether sanctions involving the secondary ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor are necessary to protect the public on a case by case basis.

**FE. Waiver of Provisions of these Rules**

1. Criteria for Obtaining Waivers.
  - a. Upon a showing of good cause, the Board may permit waivers of ~~any~~ANY provision of these Rules, ~~except waiver of the primary supervision of more than eight physician assistants.~~
  - b. Factors to be considered in granting such waivers include, but are not limited to: whether the physician assistant is located in an underserved or rural area distant from the ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor; the quality of protocols setting out the responsibilities of a physician assistant in the particular practice; any disciplinary history on the part of the ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor or the physician assistant; and whether the physician assistants in question work less than a full schedule.
  - c. ~~It is anticipated that waivers may be granted to permit a physician supervisor to supervise more than four physician assistants provided the Full Time Employee Equivalent is not more than four FTE and the physician is not supervising more than four physician assistants at any one time.~~
  - ~~cd.~~ All such waivers shall be in the sole discretion of the Board. All waivers shall be strictly limited to the terms provided by the Board. No waivers shall be granted if in conflict with state law.
2. Procedure for Obtaining Waivers.
  - a. Applicants for waivers must submit a written application on forms approved by the Board detailing the basis for the waiver request.



- b. The written request should address the pertinent factors listed in Section ~~7.12~~(E)(1)(b) of these Rules and include a copy of any written protocols in place for the supervision of physician assistants.
- c. Upon receipt of the waiver request and documentation, the matter will be considered at the next available Board meeting.
- d. ~~If a waiver to the four physician assistant limit is granted, the primary supervising physician must submit a revised form in compliance with Section 4 of these Rules containing the names of all physician assistants to be supervised before the waiver shall become effective.~~

### 7.2SECTION 3. PRESCRIPTION AND DISPENSING OF DRUGS.

#### A. Prescribing Provisions:

1. A physician assistant may issue a prescription order for any drug or controlled substance provided that:
  - a. Each prescription and refill order is entered on the patient's chart.
  - b. Each written prescription for a controlled substance shall contain, in legible form, the name of the physician assistant and the name, address and telephone number of the supervising physician.
  - c. For all other written prescriptions issued by a physician assistant, the physician assistant's name and the address of the health facility where the physician assistant is practicing must be imprinted on the prescription.
    - (1). If the health facility is a multi-specialty organization, the name and address of the specialty clinic within the health facility where the physician assistant is practicing must be imprinted on the prescription.
  - d. Nothing in this Section ~~7.23~~ of these Rules shall prohibit a supervising physician ~~physician supervisor~~ from restricting the ability of a supervised physician assistant to prescribe drugs or controlled substances.
  - e. A physician assistant may not issue a prescription order for any controlled substance unless the physician assistant has received a registration from the United States Drug Enforcement Administration.
  - f. For the purpose of this Rule electronic prescriptions are considered written prescription orders.
2. Physician assistants shall not write or sign prescriptions or perform any services that the supervising physician for that particular patient is not qualified or authorized to prescribe or perform.

#### B. Obtaining Prescription Drugs or Devices to Prescribe, Dispense, Administer or Deliver

1. No drug that a physician assistant is authorized to prescribe, dispense, administer or deliver shall be obtained by said physician assistant from a source other than a supervising physician, pharmacist or pharmaceutical representative.

2. No device that a physician assistant is authorized to prescribe, dispense, administer or deliver shall be obtained by said physician assistant from a source other than a supervising physician, pharmacist or pharmaceutical representative.

#### 7.3SECTION 4. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

##### A. Supervisory Form.

1. Any person wishing to form a supervisory relationship in conformance with these Rules shall file with the Board a form as required by the Board.
2. The form shall be signed by the primary ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor and the physician assistant or assistants for whom the physician intends to be the primary ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor.
3. ~~Except as provided by Board waiver, no primary supervising physician~~physician supervisor shall be a primary ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor for more than ~~eight~~four specific, individual physician assistants.
4. ~~Except as provided by Board waiver, the names of no more than eight~~four individual physician assistants shall appear on the form in compliance with this Section of these Rules.
5. The supervisory relationship acknowledged in the form shall be deemed to continue for purposes of these Rules until specifically rescinded by either the physician assistant or the primary ~~supervising physician~~physician supervisor in writing.

Effective 12/30/83; Revised 05/30/85; Revised 12/30/85; Revised 8/30/92; Revised 11/30/94; Revised 12/1/95; Revised 12/14/95; Revised 3/30/96; Revised 3/30/97; Revised 9/30/97; Revised 3/30/98; Revised 9/30/98; Revised 06/30/00; Revised 12/30/01; Revised 9/30/04; Revised 2/9/06, Effective 3/31/06; Emergency Rule Revised and Effective 7/01/10; Revised 08/19/10, Effective 10/15/10; Revised 11/15/12, Effective 01/14/2013; Revised 5/22/14, Effective 7/15/14; Revised 8/20/15, Effective 10/15/15; Emergency Rule Revised And Effective 8/18/16; Permanent Rule Revised 8/18/16; Effective 10/15/16; Permanent Rule Revised 2/15/18, Effective \_\_\_\_\_

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#### Editor's Notes

##### History

Entire rule emer. rule eff. 07/01/2010.

Entire rule eff. 10/15/2010.

Purpose, Sections 2.A.7.a, 2.C.5.A, 2.C.5.B.1-2, 2.E.1, 4 eff. 01/14/2013.

Entire rule eff. 07/15/2014.

Sections 2.B.2.a, 2.C.5.a, 2.C.5.b(2), 2.E.1.c, 4 eff. 10/15/2015.

Introduction, Sections 2.A.2, 2.A.3, 2.B.4, 2.C.5.b(3), 3.A.1.b-g, 4 emer. rules eff. 08/18/2016.

Introduction, Sections 2.A.2, 2.A.3, 2.B.4, 2.C.5.b(3), 3.A.1.b-g, 4 eff. 10/15/2016.

Introduction, Sections 1.A.2, 2.A.4, 2.A.6, 2.B-2.D eff. 04/14/2018.